"All the News That's Fit to Print."

The New York Times.

THE WEATHER
Increasing cloudiness to-day; Friday, rain, colder by night; rising southeasterly winds.
For full weather report see page 18.

VOL. LXIII...NO. 20,459. NEW YORK, THURSDAY, JANUARY 29, 1914.—EIGHTEEN PAGES. ONE CENT In Greater New York Elsewhere Jersey City and Newark, TWO CENTS.

ONE-PARTY HUNT OF GRAFT UNLIKELY

Progressive Influence So Strong, Assembly Leaders Now Plan to Widen Inquiry's Scope.

BOTH HOUSES REPRESENTED

Republicans Disagree as to Extent of Investigation—Osborne Sends Road Graft to Grand Jury.

Special to The New York Times.

ALBANY, Jan. 28.—Dissension in the Republican majority of the Assembly is responsible for the delay in agreeing on a programme for the investigation of graft in the State departments, as well as for the failure of the Republican leaders to take up for debate and final settlement the proposal advanced by the Progressives to further liberalize the Assembly rules.

Because of this dissension the Republican leaders discarded their plans for a conference to-night to adopt a programme for the graft investigation. The conference is off until next week.

The present plan of the leaders contemplates an investigation authorized by joint resolution of Senate and Assembly and with all three parties represented on the Investigating Committee. The original plan provided for a committee of the Assembly alone, and composed exclusively of Republicans. The concession was made in response to an ultimatum served on the Republican leaders by Michael Schaap, the Progressive leader, that he would shatter the Republican majority unless places were provided for Progressives of his selection on the proposed committee.

The Republican leaders are contending for an investigation directed solely toward remedial legislation to eliminate present defects in the law governing the administrative departments which make graft, extravagance, and inefficiency possible. They believe that exposure and prosecution of individual wrongdoing should be left to the District Attorneys throughout the State. This element is opposed to enlisting the services of any person designated by District Attorney Whitman of New York as inquisitor-in-chief, preferring some up-State Republican of note.

The more progressive Republicans oppose this idea and desire to have John K. Clark, Mr. Whitman's aide, or some other person approved by Mr. Whitman in charge of the investigation. They feel that the purpose should be as much to put grafters in jail as to frame remedial laws.

On the first night of the session the Republican majority contrived to put through a set of rules presented by Harold J. Hinman, the majority leader, and to send to the Rules Committee the rules proposed by Alfred E. Smith, leader of the Democrats, and Michael Schaap, the Bull Moose leader. The Rules Committee has been wrestling with the Smith and Schaap amendments ever since, but so far has not been able to reach an agreement on any but minor amendments. All the radical amendments offered by Mr. Schaap, with a view to putting an end to the autocratic sway of the Committee on Rules during the closing weeks of a session, are still matters of wide difference in the Committee on Rules, which has been in session daily during the present week. Mr. Hinman, in a speech on the floor to-day, ruefully admitted that the committee was in no position to report nothing but progress.

Speaker Sweet and Mr. Hinman have found that it would be impossible to hold the Republican members in line for the programme they would like to put through. They have canvassed their flock and ascertained that of the seventy-nine Republicans they will lose half if they make any attempt to ride roughshod over the Democrats and the Progressives. Mr. Schaap said to-night that he felt assured of the aid of from thirty to forty Republicans in the effort he is pledged to make to put his radical amendments through. The Republicans with their lines intact would have a working majority of only four votes, and should Mr. Schaap's hopes be realised he would come pretty near to controlling the Assembly when the vote was taken on the proposed amendments.

"A STEAL," SAYS OSBORNE.

Investigator Sends Road Graft Evidence to Montgomery Grand Jury.

Special to The New York Times.

ALBANY, Jan. 28.—Declaring that the payment of $37,000 for the resurfacing of the Canajoharie-Sharon Springs road in Montgomery County in 1912 was "a clear case of larceny," James W. Osborne, Gov. Glynn's special graft investigator, said this evening that he would send the evidence to the Grand Jury of Montgomery County.

The road was 4.14 miles long and the contracting concern was the Mohonk Construction Company of Amsterdam, of which Peter V. Baird was the head. The original cost of the road was $30,000. In 1912 a contract was made with the Mohonk Company for its resurfacing at a contract price of about $24,000. A. S. Mirick of the State Highway Department testified to-day that he would do the work required for about $12,000. Supplemental agreements increased the cost to more than $37,000.

This work was done under one of the 318 contracts executed by the then Deputy Superintendent of Highways, Charles E. Foley, and approved by the Highway Commission, composed of State Superintendent C. Gordon Reel, State Engineer Bensel, and Duncan W. Peck, State Superintendent Department of Public Works. Mr. Osborne recently referred the evidence regarding these contracts to District Attorney Alexander of Albany County for presentation to the Grand Jury.

Peter V. Baird, the President of the Mohonk Construction Company, was described as a friend of Joseph J. Murphy, retired Democratic leader of Troy. Mr. Osborne expressed the opinion that the highway contracts in Montgomery County were controlled by "a political coterie consisting of former Senator William A. Gardener, Baird, County Chairman Wemple of that county, and Joe Murphy of Troy."

"Not only was the price paid a direct steal of State money," declared Mr. Osborne, "but the testimony tends to show that the work was absolutely worthless. One of the witnesses, Alvin C. Bullock, Secretary of the Board of Trade of Canajoharie, testified that it had blown away in places. His testimony also convinces me that the public-spirited citizens of that vicinity appealed repeatedly to the Highway Department and to Gov. Sulzer, and all they received were polite letters. There was no relief. And, let me add, every one of the 318 contracts that has been called to my attention has been more or less crooked.

"I hope the District Attorney of Montgomery County will take steps to indict everybody connected with the steal. This is a case where the con-

Continued on Page 3.

STOVER HAS COME BACK.

Ex-Park Commissioner Says He Had a Fine Vacation.

Charles B. Stover has come back to New York. The Park Commissioner, who dropped suddenly out of sight some three weeks before last election and whose long continued and unexplained absence gave his friends here the greatest anxiety, walked into the University Settlement in Eldridge Street just before the dinner hour last evening quite as casually as if he had just ridden down from his old office in Central Park.

He walked upstairs to the office of the settlement, which has so long been his home, and the first to greet him was Dr. Gilman, the head worker. He seemed very glad to get back and mentioned his intention to go uptown to dinner and keep an engagement for the evening.

Dr. Gilman and the other workers of the settlement would not listen to such an arrangement, for they were determined to mark the prodigal's return by an evening of reunion down in Eldridge Street, so that is what he had, and after telling every one what a fine vacation he had enjoyed he went to bed early.

He said he had been in every State south of Washington, and in practically every important city in the South. He had made an exhaustive study of parks and of other municipal conditions.

Mr. Stover admitted having seen pretty nearly everybody who, during his long absence, sent or brought word to New York that they had seen him.

WILSON TO AID THE FALLEN.

Will Not Sign Anti-Segregation Bill Till They Are Provided For.

Special to The New York Times.

WASHINGTON, Jan. 28.—The statement was made at the White House this afternon that President Wilson would not sign the Kenyon bill passed by Congress on Monday to abolish "The Division," Washington's segregated district, until opportunity had been given for obtaining employment for such women in the section as cared to lead moral lives.

This statement was made after a visit to the White House of a delegation of women, led by Mrs. Kate Waller Barrett, representing the Florence Crittenden Home of Washington and the Florence Crittenden Circle of Chevy Chase, a suburb of the capital.

National headquarters of the National Social Welfare League were opened here to-day for the purpose of carrying out plans to find employment or good homes for the women driven out of the segregated section. Applications from eight girls who desired employment were received to-day. Fifteen others had previously asked that they receive work. Stanley W. Finch, special agent of the Department of Justice, who is in charge of the enforcement of the Federal white slave law, addressed a meeting at the Y. M. C. A. this afternoon in behalf of an effort to raise a fund of $5,000 with which to care for former inmates of "The Division."

Alexandria, Va., seven miles from Washington, is fearful that the women who will be driven from Washington by the new law will settle there, and the City Council will probably adopt a regulation on the subject.

ST. LOUIS, Jan. 28.—All the women of the segregated vice districts of this city who will be willing to take honest employment after the closing of the resorts by the police on March 1, will be hired for various tasks at a minimum wage of $8 a week.

This statement was made in an address here to-day by Dr. Wilbur F. Craft of Washington, Superintendent of the International Reform Bureau. The speaker said that work would be found for the women by a society recently organized for that purpose by Stanley Finch, in charge of the Federal campaign against white slavery.

GAVE HIS LIFE FOR GIRL.

Pushed Her from Trolley Track, but Was Dragged by the Car.

Ten jolly young men and women were returning from a party given by a Mrs. Mandel at 1,586 Vyse Avenue, the Bronx, about midnight last night. Joking and laughing, they started to cross the trolley tracks at 173d Street and Southern Boulevard. Miss Jess Orlein, 19 years old, of 50 East 100th Street, stepped on the tracks first, almost directly in front of a northbound Southern Boulevard car operated by Motorman James Booth of 4,540 Park Avenue.

When the rest of the party saw her danger the girls screamed, and Louis Levine, a salesman, 22 years old, dived in front of the car and pushed Miss Orlein to one side. The car struck her as she was falling and helped to throw her off the tracks. Levine, however, fell and was dragged by the safety fender for forty feet before Booth could halt the car.

Dr. Donovan rushed both the injured persons to Fordham Hospital. Levine died at 12:40 o'clock this morning as he was being placed on the operating table. Death was caused by a fracture at the base of the skull. His address was given as the southwest corner of 107th Street and Park Avenue. Miss Orlein is in a serious condition at the hospital suffering from concussion of the brain, a broken nose, and contusions. There were no arrests. Coroner William Flynn is investigating.

BERNARD SHAW'S LATEST.

A Musical Skit on the Marconi Trouble—Nonsense, but Funny.

By Marconi Transatlantic Wireless Telegraph to The New York Times.

LONDON, Jan. 28.—George Bernard Shaw is responsible for a one-act musical skit, "The Music Cure," produced as a curtain raiser at the Little Theatre to-day.

The author describes the piece as "utter nonsense," and the critics agree with the label, but say it is funny nonsense.

The piece, which is for three characters, is partly a skit on the Marconi share revelations, and introduces an Under Secretary of State, who knew the army was to be put on a vegetarian diet, so he bought Marconi shares. The Under Secretary faces a committee of inquiry "with all the coolness of an iceberg and the cheerfulness of an idiot," and then breaks down. His mother secures a famous pianist to soothe the invalid.

The pianist wears a wonderful acid green wig and plays selections from a classical repertoire, but the Under Secretary refuses to listen to anything but ragtime. Finally he induces the pianist to marry him, to the tune of "You Made Me Love You."

KAISER SENDS FIRST WIRELESS TO WILSON

Opens New German Service with Message That Is Transmitted Without Relaying.

COMES TO TUCKERTON, N. J.

Emperor Hopes "Wireless Communication Will Become a New Link Between Our Countries."

Kaiser's Greeting to Wilson.
By Wireless from Eilese, Germany, to Tuckerton, N. J.

President Wilson, Washington:

I send you my best greetings, hoping that the wireless communication will become a new link between our countries. WILHELM.

Special to The New York Times.

WASHINGTON, Jan. 28. — Direct communication by wireless between Germany and the United States, without any relaying, has been established, and the first message ever transmitted by this direct means was sent by Emperor William to President Wilson.

The Emperor's message was received at the White House last night, having been sent over land telegraph lines from Tuckerton, N. J., where it was taken at the wireless station established there. E. E. Mayer, chief engineer of the Tuckerton station, who forwarded the Emperor's message to Washington, requested that the answer be sent by cable, as the Tuckerton station was not completed for transmission purposes.

Following is the message as it was received at the White House:

Tuckerton, N. J., Jan. 27.
The President, Washington, D. C.

The following wireless message just received directly from the new transatlantic radio station in Eilvese, Germany, by means of the Goldschmidt system:

President Wilson, Washington: I send you my best greetings, hoping that the wireless communication will become a new link between our countries. WILHELM.

Yesterday was the birthday of the German Emperor, and it was supposed at first that his wireless message was sent in response to the congratulations cabled to him by President Wilson. A reading of the message, however, convinced officials that the Emperor's purpose in sending the wireless dispatch was to emphasize the establishment of direct radio communication between the German Empire and the United States.

Messages have been transmitted by wireless for longer distances, but the message sent by Emperor William to President Wilson was the longest sent by an organization intending to do a commercial business.

The Emperor's message was sent to the State Department to-day in order that a suitable response might be prepared there. This response will be sent by cable in accordance with the suggestion of Chief Engineer Mayer.

MESSAGE COMES 4,062½ MILES.

German Company Has Kept Previous Experiments Secret.

Special Cable to THE NEW YORK TIMES.

BERLIN, Jan. 28.—The new high frequency wireless station of the Goldschmidt Company is located at Ellvese, near Hanover, and the American station at Tuckerton, N. J. The papers here print the fact that a message was sent by the Kaiser to President Wilson, but not the text of the message, and suggest that it was an acknowledgment of the President's congratulations on the Emperor's 55th birthday. The distance covered by the message is announced as 4,062½ miles.

The fact that the Atlantic Communication Company, which was formed to exploit the Goldschmidt system of wireless telegraphy, expected to send messages direct to the United States from the company's big station near Hanover, Germany, was made public in London last July.

Dr. Goldschmidt announced that he had invented a "singing wheel" machine which would permit the making of a new record in high-speed wireless communication at low cost, and would also permit the sending of secret messages, since the machine could be instantly adjusted to any desirable wave length.

Dr. Goldschmidt's American representative, Emile Mayer, adopted a policy of secrecy as to taking any one into his confidence about the accomplishments of the wireless station at Tuckerton. He refused to confirm or deny the reports of the exchange of messages with Germany. While the station was being built every effort was made to keep its whereabouts secret and to keep the name of the company erecting it from becoming known.

The stock of the Goldschmidt Company has never been placed on public sale. The original company, which built the big station on a marsh about twenty miles from Hanover, close to Neustadt am Ruebenberg, was capitalized at $2,000,000 with all the stock privately held. It was this company which built the station at Tuckerton.

The speed promised by the company for its transatlantic business was 100 words per minute. All this would be done, it was asserted, without the use of spark, spark gap or arc, while the cost would be reduced to 8 cents a word.

A committee appointed by the British Government to investigate wireless systems visited the station near Neustadt and reported that the system worked very well over short distances, but that they could not tell what it would do in long-distance work. The British committee found the tower near Neustadt to be the highest wireless tower in the world. The station was built in a marsh, bordering on a big lake, because of the faith of the Germans in the power of water to aid the transmission of messages.

The power to transmit secret messages, claimed for the Goldschmidt system, is based on the fact that receiving and sending apparatus can be instantly adjusted to wave lengths of from 5,000 to 15,000 yards. An operator engaged in sending messages can send a code signal on a 15,000-yard wave length that he intends to send a secret message through at once on a 5,000-yard wave length. This message, if reasonably brief, could be completed before any other station, even if equipped with Goldschmidt instruments, could locate by tapping the wave length being used.

Sir Joshua Reynolds As a Picture Forger

Letters hitherto unpublished show how he and others secured masterpieces in Italy by substitution of copies for the originals. An amazing story

IN NEXT SUNDAY'S TIMES.

CASSIDY OF QUEENS LOCKED UP IN JAIL

Justice Jaycox Said to Have Learned of a Plot to Tamper with the Jury.

Joseph Cassidy, former Democratic leader of Queens County, and Louis T. Walter, Jr., slept in the Raymond Street Jail, Brooklyn, last night. Cassidy and Walter are on trial before Justice Jaycox in the Supreme Court on the charge that they sold a Supreme Court nomination to William Willett in 1911. The action of Justice Jaycox in revoking their bail bonds of $5,000 each and remanding them to the custody of the Sheriff was due, it was said, to certain rumors that had been brought to the attention of the Justice concerning a plot to tamper with the jury.

The move of Justice Jaycox took the prisoners by surprise, and Robert H. Elder, counsel for Cassidy, and Robert M. Moore, who represents Walter, made a vigorous but ineffectual protest.

When court convened yesterday District Attorney Cropsey opened the case, and Frank R. Merrill, President of the First National Bank of Far Rockaway, was the first witness. On Sept. 22 Mr. Merrill honored Willett's note for $5,000, and he admitted that Willett, who was convicted of purchasing the nomination which Cassidy and Walter are now on trial for selling to him, had told him it was to be used in the primaries. The note was for thirty days, and when it came due Mr. Merrill advanced to a brother of Willett stock of the Atchison, Topeka & Santa Fé Railroad of sufficient value to meet the note, which had been cashed by the Long Island City branch of the Corn Exchange Bank.

"I did not give the stock to meet the note, exactly," Mr. Merrill said, "for my understanding was that it was to meet a check that had been given to pay the note."

Alfred K. Hallett, who in September, 1911, was acting teller of the Corn Exchange Bank in Long Island City, identified a deposit slip in Cassidy's favor for $5,100, of which $5,000 was in bills and $100 in a check. On Sept. 26, 1911, the morning of the primary election, that deposit, he said, was made in the Corn Exchange Bank to the credit of Cassidy, who was at that time the undisputed Democratic leader of Queens.

County Judge Burt J. Humphreys of Queens County, was the next witness. He had been an aspirant for the nomination for the Supreme Court that Willett has been convicted of buying and which Cassidy and Walter are accused of selling.

"Did you go to Cassidy in reference to the matter of the nomination?" asked Mr. Cropsey. "Did you recognize Cassidy as the picker of Democratic candidates in Queens County at that time?"

"I did."

"You believed that he could nominate anybody he saw fit to pick for the offices?"

"Yes, I did."

"How about the delegates to the convention, didn't you think about them?"

"Cassidy was the man. I never thought about the delegates at all."

Borough President Maurice E. Connolly of Queens was next called by Mr. Cropsey. Cassidy's face as the youthful looking man who accomplished his political downfall took the stand was a study.

"Did you see Cassidy a few days before you were elected President of the Borough in 1911, following the removal of the former Borough President, Gresser?" Mr. Cropsey asked. Mr. Elder and Mr. Moore were on their feet vigorously objecting, but Justice Jaycox overruled their objection. Mr. Moore referred to Cassidy as the present Democratic leader of Queens.

"And he will continue as such for some years to come," added Mr. Elder.

"No, no, no," Cassidy remarked aloud when his attorneys gave him back his leadership.

"I guess the jury will have something to say about that leadership," Mr. Cropsey suggested.

Borough President Connolly said:

"On Oct. 1, 1911, as I started out of my office and was just passing out of the door I met Cassidy. He greeted me and I greeted him. He smiled and I smiled back. He wanted to talk with me, he said, and I went back into the office with him.

"'That's a nice, slick trick you have played on me,' Cassidy said, his reference being to my candidacy for the Borough Presidency, I replied simply, 'I thank you,' and waited for him to continue. Then Cassidy said, 'You never told me you were going to be Borough President,' and I replied that I did not because I was not such a fool as to do a thing like that.

"Cassidy also said that I might need him, and I answered that when the time came when I had reason to think I needed him that would be the proper time to talk about that. He then said I might need Brady, his reference being to one of the five Aldermen from Queens, the five who were to elect the Borough President to fill the vacancy caused by the removal of Gresser. He then asked me if I thought he and I could get together, and I assured him that I did not. He also wanted to know what I was going to do for the organization, and I told him nothing, as I did not consider the position one that concerned the organization."

The trial will be resumed at 10 o'clock this morning.

COXEY TO RAISE NEW ARMY.

Will March on Washington with 500,000 Unemployed, He Says.

Special to The New York Times.

CLEVELAND, Ohio, Jan. 28.—Gen. Jacob Sechler Coxey of Massillon declared to-day that he would be in Washington May 1 with 500,000 unemployed men, a new "Coxey's Army," to impress the Government officials.

"May 1 will be the twentieth anniversary of the Coxey army march to Washington," said the General. "On that day I shall be in Washington with 500,000 men, and more, if I can assemble them. This is the first step necessary in the uplift of the common man. We must impress Government officials that they must legislate for the great mass of the people. This army will back up my idea, that the Government should establish a bank in each town of 1,000 people or more, which banks shall loan money direct to the people."

AUTO KILLS WOMAN, THEN SPEEDS AWAY

Over Broken Glass, Its Tires Exploding, and Woman Occupant Urging Flight.

Miss Josephine Thompson, a music teacher, had just left her boarding house at 130 Amity Street, Brooklyn, at 8 o'clock last evening and was chatting on the sidewalk with her neighbor, Mrs. Catherine Edwards, when, recalling that she must within a few minutes meet a pupil at her studio in Atlantic Avenue, she explained that an appointment called her, nodded a good night and stepped off the curb to cross the street. She walked directly into the path of a large, gray touring car that was shooting swiftly and silently along Amity Street, so silently that neither women had heard a sound and so swiftly that the driver had not the slightest chance to swerve.

Miss Thompson was struck with shocking force and thrown a distance of ten feet. Mrs. Edwards saw this and saw the car go on its way. In the same moment, before she had stirred from where she stood when Miss Thompson left her, she heard a woman's voice crying out to the driver from the tonneau of the big machine:

"For Heaven's sake, go on!"

Mrs. Edwards saw the gray machine spring forward at an increased speed toward Henry Street. As the car reached the corner she heard first one explosion and then another, and she saw it turn sharply to the south and disappear. She ran into the street where her friend lay dead, and at the sight she cried out in grief and fainted.

The explosions at the corner, followed by the woman's cries, brought people from the houses along Amity Street. Several men came from Miss Thompson's boarding house and, seeing what had happened, gave chase down Henry Street for several blocks, but the car had had too good a start. The explosions soon were explained in terms of some broken bottles found at Amity and Henry Streets—scattered at the crossing.

Within ten minutes every precinct in the city had been notified to look for a big, gray touring car, number unknown, with punctured tires, and with at least one man and one woman as its occupants. Each precinct was warned to watch particularly for such a car with shreds of a woman's clothing caught in the front, for in striking and tossing Miss Thompson to one side the machine had torn away half her coat, her fur piece, and part of her skirt.

There was no need to send for an ambulance as the internes came with stretchers from the Long Island College Hospital only half a block away. They found the woman dead. She had been killed instantly, in all probability. Her skull had been broken.

Miss Thompson was 25 years old, and the friends at the boarding house knew of only one relative, a sister, Mrs. Crane, of 259 Garfield Place. Mr. Crane is out of town and Mrs. Crane is so ill that it was thought best last evening to keep from her the news of Miss Thompson's death.

PRIEST DIES ON A CAR.

Father Leclerc of Woonsocket Has Fatal Heart Attack.

A middle-aged man attired as a Roman Catholic priest was riding up Broadway in a trolley car at 9 o'clock last evening, when at Forty-fourth Street he arose suddenly to his feet, clutched at his throat, and then fell dead. The body was carried to the street and left lying there covered with newspapers until an interne came from Flower Hospital to give heart disease as the probable cause of death. Then it was taken to the West Forty-seventh Street Station.

The priest was identified by cards in his pockets as the Abbé Napoleon Leclerc, cure of Ste. Anne, in Woonsocket, R. I. With four other priests from Massachusetts towns he had come to New York in the late afternoon and registered at the Hotel Navarre. His companions were Father Beland of Central Falls, Father Labossiere of Lowell, Father Triganne of Southbridge and Father Grenier of Worcester.

All five had left the hotel after dinner. It was about 11 o'clock when the other four returned to the hotel and learned the story of Father Leclerc's death. The police found $450 in the priest's clothing. Father Leclerc's companions said that he had suffered from heart trouble.

Father Leclerc and his companion priests had engaged passage on the Morro Castle of the Ward Line, sailing at noon to-day, for Havana. They were starting on a pleasure trip and intended to return in two or three weeks.

DIES UNDER HEALER'S CARE.

Ill for Two Months, G. W. Robinson Trusted Only to Christian Science.

George W. Robinson, the sailing master of many a cup-winning yacht, died yesterday morning at his home on City Island after a two months' illness. He had had no treatment except that given by two women healers of the Christian Science Church of New Rochelle. When his family tried to obtain a death certificate from Dr. Frederick W. Lawrence of City Island this state of affairs became known, and the Coroner and the District Attorney's office are now making an investigation.

Mrs. Elsie McKay, a nurse and "student healer" was in constant attendance on Robinson, and the two Christian Scientists who came to treat him were first Mrs. Elizabeth H. McQueen and then Mrs. Victoria C. Howe, both of New Rochelle. It is believed that he was suffering from blood poisoning.

Robinson was well known in the yachting world. He had sailed S. H. Duell's "Roddy" in many races, and, his honeymoon was spent in charge of the Yacht Gauntlet in the 1906 race for the Lipton Cup from Brooklyn to Bermuda. Though he did not win, Sir Thomas Lipton gave Mrs. Robinson a silver cup with an inscription. She is left now with four children.

VANDERBILT PARTY FACED DEATH AT SEA

The Frutera, Attempting Rescue from the Yacht Warrior, Lost All Her Lifeboats.

SISTER SHIP SUMMONED

Almirante, at Great Risk, Saves Owner and Guests — Fate of the Crew in Doubt.

Special to The New York Times.

NEW ORLEANS, Jan. 28.—Frederick W. Vanderbilt and other members of his party aboard his great steam yacht Warrior yesterday stood for hours and watched what seemed every possible attempt at rescue fail, their craft meanwhile giving indications of breaking up off the rocky Colombian coast.

They saw eight lifeboats lost in succession as they were swung out from the first vessel that answered the Warrior's wireless call for help. This first vessel was the United Fruit Company's steamer Frutera, and had not a sister ship, the Almirante, been within reach of the wireless hail all hands might have been lost.

The Frutera, under command of Capt. Henschien, arrived several hours after the Warrior's first "S. O. S." call was sent out. There was a terrible sea running, and the wind was blowing a gale. The ship stood by as close as was deemed safe, although even then the peril was great, as it was not known when the Frutera might run upon the treacherous submerged rocks.

The first boat launched was smashed almost before it reached the water, several of the sailors being stunned as they were hurled against the steel sides of the steamer. While some of the men still were struggling in the water another lifeboat was lowered. It capsized in a moment.

Doggedly Capt. Henschien kept his men at work. Boat after boat turned upside down in rapid succession, and the sea was filled with life-buoys thrown to prevent the sailors from drowning. All were ultimately picked up, but in some cases it required much time to resuscitate them. Several of those hurt in the wrecking of the first boat will be incapacitated for duty for weeks.

All this time the Vanderbilt party, lashed to the rails, looked on. Frederick W. Vanderbilt, Mrs. Vanderbilt, the Duke and Duchess of Manchester, and Lord Arthur George Keith-Falconer, son and heir of the Earl of Kintore, saw their danger increasing. The impossibility of throwing a line was apparent.

Then the operator on the Warrior rushed from his cage and announced that the Frutera herself was sending distress signals. The belief was general on the yacht that the fruit ship had run upon a rock and was herself in danger of going down.

But the Captain of the Frutera knew his business, and his wireless was flashing out: "Almirante! Almirante! All our boats gone. Party on Vanderbilt yacht lost unless you come quick."

The Almirante, about forty miles distant, headed about and came up. In the interval the seas had quieted somewhat, but the exhausted crew of the Frutera was in no condition to renew the attempt, though men were kept in readiness with one of the recovered lifeboats in case the Warrior should show signs of breaking up.

Before the Almirante came alongside, Capt. H. Devan had the Frutera's full story. The course he followed was exactly the same as that of Capt. Henschein, except that the moderating winds and falling waves aided him.

Two boats were lowered together and joined in heroic rivalry to see which should reach the Warrior first. The beaten men of the Frutera cheered as the lifeboats came close to the stricken Vanderbilt craft, and her passengers were taken off, the crew refusing to leave.

Full details of the rescue are still lacking, but one fragmentary message says something about "a woman in the water."

The fate of the Warrior's crew, which stayed with the yacht, is not known, and great apprehension is felt.

The Captains of the rescue ships pleaded vainly with the Warrior's master, but he simply sent a terse reply that he would stay with his ship. Except to assist his passengers off, he did not appear when the lifeboats came alongside.

The Almirante, with the rescued party on board, is en route to Colon, where she is due to-morrow morning.

The yacht is believed to be slowly going to pieces. Assistance has been sent the crew from Santa Marta, Colombia, forty miles from the scene of the accident.

The Vanderbilt party will remain aboard the Almirante until she reaches New York, where she is due on Feb. 5.

Cape Aguatia, upon which the Warrior grounded, is a great submerged rock close to the Colombian mainland. There is only one lighthouse for 300 miles, and that is at Morro Grande, six miles away.

The Warrior is believed to have skirted the shore so closely in order to give her passengers an opportunity to see the magnificent Sierra Nevada de Santa Marta, which towers 16,000 feet in the air at no short a distance that the mountains seem to slope directly into the sea.

The United Fruit Company received the following wireless message at its office at 17 Battery Place yesterday from Capt. W. H. Bevan of the steamship Almirante.

"F. W. Vanderbilt and party, none the worse for mishap, say Warrior caught on coral reef. Believe she can be saved. Party decided to continue New York on Almirante."

The Warrior Insured for $250,000.

By Marconi Transatlantic Wireless Telegraph to The New York Times.

LONDON, Jan. 28.—F. W. Vanderbilt's steam yacht Warrior is insured in the London market for £50,000, ($250,000.) The rate of nine guineas ($45) per cent., paid on her for reinsurance, shows the measure of the market's anxiety for her safety.

Almirante Due at Colon To-day.

Special Cable to THE NEW YORK TIMES.

COLON, Jan. 28.—The United Fruit steamer Almirante, with Frederick W. Vanderbilt and his party, rescued from the yacht Warrior, will dock here to-morrow morning.

CRAVEN'S SALARY $20,000.

Public Service Commission Increases Pay of Its Engineers.

The Public Service Commission has increased the salaries of its engineering force. It gives Alfred Craven, its chief engineer, a larger salary than is paid to any municipal engineer on this side of the Atlantic, or to any State or city official. He has been receiving $15,000, the same salary as a Commissioner, and is now to get $20,000. Robert Ridgway, engineer in charge of subway construction, will receive in future $12,000 instead of $10,000, and the division engineers, who have been getting from $4,500 up, will now all be paid $7,000.

CARDEN TO RETURN HOME.

Will Go on Leave to Report on Mexican Conditions.

By Marconi Transatlantic Wireless Telegraph to The New York Times.

LONDON, Thursday, Jan. 29.—The Times announces that Sir Lionel Carden will soon return to England on leave in order to report to his Government upon the outlook in Mexico.

Pending his return to his post T. B. Hohler, who was Chargé d'Affaires in Mexico during the greater part of 1911, will again act in the same capacity. Mr. Hohler will sail for Mexico in a few days.

A NEW ISLAND APPEARS.

Near the Bonin Group—Is Five Miles in Circumference.

TOKIO, Jan. 28.—A new volcanic island has appeared three miles east by south of Iwojima Island, one of the Bonin group.

The island is five miles in circumference and 1,000 feet in height.

HARVARD'S ELMS DOOMED.

Guy Lowell Advises Their Destruction—Fungus Has Attacked Them.

CAMBRIDGE, Mass., Jan. 28.—The Harvard Yard will lose all its ancient elms if the corporation follows the recommendation made by Guy Lowell of New York, in a special report to-day.

Mr. Lowell has been investigating the damage done to the elms by a fungous growth. He has recommended that every tree in the yard be cut down, including new elms planted within a few years to replace those infested with the fungus.

LEFT ALMA MATER $300,000.

Besides, Day Already Had Given Phillips-Andover $260,000.

ANDOVER, Mass., Jan. 28.—Announcement was made to-day of a bequest of $300,000 to Phillips-Andover Academy under the will of Melville Cox Day, an alumnus, who died at Florence, Italy, Dec. 29, last. The bequest may be used for general school purposes, and is practically unrestricted.

Mr. Day's gifts to the school during his life totaled $260,000. He was graduated in 1858, and after a course at Yale, practiced law at St. Louis and New York. He retired twenty years ago, and had lived in Italy since then.

'PARDONED WITH PAY. W. W.'

Penciled Words Bring Joy to Soldier for Whom Tumulty Interceded.

WASHINGTON, Jan. 28.—"Pardoned with pay. W. W." With those words written in pencil on a memorandum President Wilson to-day gave freedom to Private Clarence L. George, Army Signal Corps, who has served four months of a year's sentence at Fort Leavenworth, Kan., for writing letters about his superiors to Secretary Tumulty. The letters never reached the Secretary, but went back to George's commanding officers, who court-martialed him for breach of discipline.

Secretary Tumulty appealed to the President to pardon the man on the ground that the failure of the letters to reach him was in a way responsible for his imprisonment.

5,500 BANKS JOIN SYSTEM.

City Bank's Application In—Stock Limit in Reserve Institutions.

WASHINGTON, Jan. 28.—The formal application of the National City Bank of New York, the largest banking institution in the country, for membership in the new Federal reserve system was received to-day by the Treasury Department. This bank opposed features of the law when it was before Congress.

There are now 5,500 national banks, including most of the large institutions, which have applied for membership.

It became known to-day that the Reserve Bank Organization Committee had decided that no bank should be allowed to take stock in the reserve bank in its district amounting to more than 6 per cent. of its capital and surplus. The law clearly states that a national bank cannot take less than 6 per cent., but it is not so plain that there is any limitation on the amount above 6 per cent.

MORE PROFIT SHARING.

Alpaca Firm to Pay 8 Per Cent. on Yearly Wages to Employes.

Special to The New York Times.

HOLYOKE, Mass., Jan. 28.—Profit-sharing on a dividend basis among its 3,000 employes is to be adopted by the Farr Alpaca Company, which also voted to-day to increase its capital from $2,400,000 to $7,200,000.

Heretofore the company has paid 24 per cent. dividends. For the present the rate on the new capital will be 8 per cent. Dividends will be paid at the close of the year to every employe of a year's service. On each $100 earned in the year an employe will receive the dividend paid on a share of stock. The company's operatives earn as much as $1,000 a year, which means a dividend of $80. The office boy earning $5 a week will receive $20.

Men who leave in the year forfeit their dividends, which will be turned into a fund for disabled and aged employes. The company says that nothing in the profit-sharing plan is to be deemed as a barrier to normal increases in wages.

TRAIN HOLD-UP IN OHIO.

Six Bandits Rob Passengers—One Jumps into Policeman's Arms.

ZANESVILLE, Ohio, Jan. 28.—One man is in jail and five others are being sought by railroad detectives as a result of a robbery of passengers on a Baltimore & Ohio passenger train just outside of this city early this morning.

The six men boarded the train at Cambridge shortly before 2 o'clock. After robbing several passengers, five of the men escaped.

Harry Warner, giving Salesville, Guernsey County, as his home, fell into the arms of a policeman as he jumped from the train. According to the railroad officials, property identified as belonging to two of the passengers who had been robbed was found upon him.

Warner denies that he had any accomplices, but George Anderson, Thomas Slayton, Charles Lloyd, and Charles Sipes, all of Cambridge, were arrested to-day, and are held at the city prison on suspicion. They are all well-known in Cambridge, and declare they had no part in the robbery.

THE ALL TOGETHER POUCH
Holds pipe and tobacco. At Schulte's Stores. —Adv.

HUERTA WELCOMES LIFTING OF EMBARGO

Meant as Unfriendly Act, He Thinks, but Will Rally New Forces to Him.

ACTION EXPECTED SOON

Washington Discusses Failure to Consult Japan on Our Policy Toward Mexico.

Special Cable to THE NEW YORK TIMES.

MEXICO CITY, Jan. 28.—President Huerta regards the reported plan of the United States Government to lift the embargo on the sale of arms to Mexican rebels as distinctly unfriendly to him, but he will not resent such action, either through diplomatic channels or in any other way, since it is thought that the rebels are already getting across the border all the arms and ammunition that they are able to pay for.

It is understood that Huerta even looks upon the lifting of the embargo favorably, believing that it is calculated to rally certain factions of the Mexican people around him, while the Washington authorities are forced to come out openly on the side of the rebels.

The Government officials state that they have proof that the rebels have been able to get all the ammunition they desired from the United States, so that lifting the embargo would amount to nothing more than legalizing it.

Prominent Mexican officials asserted to-day that President Wilson had long bee nknown to be favorable to the rebels, but was merely afraid to come out openly and support them, because Congress might resent such action.

Many Mexicans are inclined to regard the intimation that the embargo will be lifted as one of many American "bluffs."

Diplomats are inclined to doubt whether it will be done, as they say Washington promised to inform their Governments regarding any decisive action that was to be taken.

Japanese Officer's Friendly Toast.

MEXICO CITY, Jan. 28.—Commander Moriyama of the Japanese cruiser Idzumo, replying to a toast at a luncheon given to-day by Gen. Blanquet, Minister of War, referred to the similarities in the characteristics of the two peoples in the most friendly manner.

The announcement by the War Department to-day that Gen. Rincon has been granted leave of absence to go to Salvador has revived the report that he was concerned in the recent alleged plot against the Government, and it is thought that his going to Salvador may be in the nature of exile. His friends, however, call attention to the fact that if the Government wished to exile him it would not send him to a near-by country from which he might easily start a new revolt.

SOON TO LIFT EMBARGO.

Senators Think Wilson Will Not Long Delay the Action.

Special to The New York Times.

WASHINGTON, Jan. 28.—Senators who have all along favored lifting the embargo on arms in favor of the Mexican rebels still favor such a course, and expect President Wilson to adopt it soon. But there is a feeling that the time has passed when such a policy will have any moral effect in Mexico. The rebels have resented the withholding of arms almost as much as the Huertistas have resented the hostility of the Washington Government. The concession to the rebels, coming at this late date, it is feared, will be regarded as one wrung from a reluctant administration, simply because of the rebel victories and not because of any friendliness.

These Senators, however, feel that the lifting of the embargo offers the only hope that the rebels will be able to strike into the heart of the Federal territory and bring the war to an end. Even with this assistance, doubt is expressed in the best informed quarters of Pancho Villa's ability to conduct a successful campaign so far from his base.

It is 1,200 miles from the Texas frontier to Mexico City, and Torreon, Monterey and Saltillo, a chain of Federal cities, must be captured in turn by separate campaigns before the rebels can march south with safety. Even these cities are far beyond the accepted sphere of Constitutionalist

ference Monday night at the White House and the subsequent publication of the essential details of that conference became so interesting that the treaties were not disposed of. The committee will meet again to-morrow and prompt reports are expected. Some amendments to the treaties are under consideration, but they will be rejected.

Members of the committee appeared much disturbed at published stories, purporting to contain interviews with them regarding events of the conference Monday night. The committee finally instructed Chairman Bacon to issue a general statement to the effect that the members had made no disclosures and that the stories rested "presumably upon guesswork."

The Japanese Situation.

Light was thrown to-day on the Japanese controversy as it tended to confuse developments in Mexico. From a well-informed authority it was learned that the United States ignored Japan when the foreign powers, soon after John Lind's arrival at Mexico City, were asked to exercise patience until the United States could push its Mexican policy to a conclusion. It was pointed out to-day that Japan's interests in Mexico were far larger than those of many of the countries.

Regardless of the State Department's motive in the matter, the Japanese Government, through Baron Makino, has gone further than any European power in declaring its intention to protect its own interests "at all hazards." There was much adverse comment among Senators to-day over reports of the five-day festival, instituted in Mexico in honor of the naval officers on the Japanese battleship Idzumo, now off the Mexican coast, and there was additional resentment at the reported steady inflow into Mexico of Japanese arms and ammunition for the use of Gen. Huerta's men.

Secretary Bryan said this afternoon that the United States was not seeking to learn from what countries arms were being shipped into Mexico. In the case of Japan the Government already knows, for the contract of sale was made more than a year ago between Madero's overthrown Government and the Imperial Ministry at Tokio.

Count 9,000 Japanese in Mexico.

A man cognizant of Mexican affairs said to-day that there were 9,000 Japanese in Mexico, most of them veterans of the army, and that this number was twice as great as the total strength of the Germany colony. Soon after the treaty of Portsmouth, said this informant, 3,000 discharged Japanese soldiers came to Mexico to work on one railroad alone.

One large Mexican concession enjoyed by Japanese is an exclusive fishing jurisdiction with harbor rights along a 800-mile stretch on the western coast from Salina Cruz to north of Acapulco. The importance of this concession is indicated by the fact that Salina Cruz is the western terminus of the Tehuantepec Railroad.

It was to prevent a somewhat similar concession, including Magdalena Bay in Lower California, where the American navy was formerly permitted to engage in target practice, that Senator Lodge, a year ago, pressed to adoption his resolution declaring the acquisition of harbor sites of strategic character by foreign nationals in the western hemisphere a violation of the Monroe doctrine.

Since the days of Don Porfirio Diaz's rule the idea of an alliance with Japan has been fostered among certain classes of the Mexican people. At the present time handbills, pamphlets, and broadsides, which are a popular substitute for newspapers south of the Rio Grande, are in wide distribution from Guadalajara, San Luis Potosi, and other cities throughout the country, asserting that an alliance between Mexico and Japan is in existence, and that Japan will strike the United States in the rear if the American army begins active intervention.

These facts are not cited to show that such an alliance really exists. It is improbable that it does. But it shows the deep-seated sympathy of the Mexican populace for Japan, which has found expression in public speeches, asserting a blood relationship between the Mexicans and the Japanese. This assertion has gained widespread credence from the striking similarity of appearance of Mexicans, especially the smaller men of Southern and Central Mexico, and Japanese. With both dressed in khaki, it is said to be difficult to distinguish one from the other.

Peace Treaty with Denmark.

At the Sunday night conference President Wilson informed the Foreign Relations Committee of the progress made in negotiation of peace treaties such as this Government suggested to the nations of the world in April. Thirty of the thirty-nine Governments to which the proposition has been made has indicated tentative acceptance of the proposal. Colombia, Ecuador, Japan, Persia, Siam, Turkey, Uruguay, Greece, and Venezuela have not agreed to consider the plan.

Treaties have been signed with Salvador, Guatemala, Panama, Honduras, Dominican Republic, Nicaragua, Switzerland, and The Netherlands. These countries have indicated acceptance of the idea, but have not yet signed the treaty: Great Britain, France, Italy, Germany, Brazil, Sweden, Norway, Russia, Peru, Austria-Hungary, Bolivia, Argentina, China, Haiti, Spain, Portugal, Belgium, Denmark, Chile, Cuba, Costa Rica, and Paraguay.

Terms of a treaty with Denmark were agreed upon to-day by Secretary Bryan and Constantin Brun, the Danish Minister, and the document will be signed in a few days. This convention makes no reservation whatever in the subjects to be submitted to arbitration.

It is reported that favorable progress is being made toward the conclusion of a peace convention with Great Britain.

JAILED AS PLOTTERS.

Zavala and Robles Accused of Starting Anti-Huerta Conspiracy.

Special Cable to THE NEW YORK TIMES.

VERA CRUZ, Mexico, Jan. 28.—Major Pedro Zavala and Col. Vito Alesio Robles, former Chief of Police Inspectors in Mexico City, were taken over to San Juan de Ulloa early this morning, charged with being ringleaders in a new revolutionary movement.

Gen. Ramon Carona, who arrived here to-night with his staff, denies that he has any connection with the voyage which the gunboat Zaragoza is supposed to be about to take. The gunboat is still anchored in the bay.

ONLY ONE "BROMO QUININE." That is LAXATIVE BROMO QUININE. Look for the signature of E. W. Grove on every box. 25c. Adv.

VILLA WOULDN'T BE PRESIDENT

Says He Is Only a Fighting Man and Will Obey Carranza's Orders.

JUAREZ, Mex., Jan. 28.—Gen. Francisco Villa, commander of the rebel forces, to-day disavowed all ambition to become President of Mexico in the event that the revolution was successful. He said that although his victories had attracted attention to himself, he did not wish to overshadow Gen. Carranza, whom he recognized as the leader of the revolution.

"Should Gen. Carranza become President, he would receive my support and I would obey his commands," said Gen. Villa. "As proof of my loyalty and as evidence that I have no ambition to become President, I would leave the country if he ordered me to do so."

VILLA TO EXECUTE BANDITS.

Starts Cavalry Out to Catch Castillo, Alleged Captor of Americans.

Special to The New York Times.

EL PASO, Texas, Jan. 28.—When Gen. Villa arrived at Juarez to-day it was largely to investigate the reported capture of a Mexico Northwestern passenger train near Gu[illegible] with twenty-five Americans and [illegible] on board. He sent [illegible] cavalry regiment to scout in the [illegible] the west in search of Castillo and his bandit gang.

Before leaving Chihuahua, Villa issued a decree that no Federal bank currency could be received or circulated after Feb. 1. If this class of currency is brought to his bank in Chihuahua he says he will exchange it for his fiat money. After that date any one caught passing Federal bank money will be arrested and imprisoned.

JAPAN COULD TAKE PHILIPPINES EASILY

Urging Four Battleships, Admiral Vreeland Talks of Situation in Pacific.

HAWAII COULD BE HELD

While the Canal Could Not Be Captured—48 Dreadnoughts Wanted by 1920.

Special to The New York Times.

WASHINGTON, Jan. 28.—Rear Admiral Charles E. Vreeland, who ranks next to Admiral George Dewey, as a member of the General Board of the Navy and is also a member of the Army and Navy Joint Board, told the House Naval Committee behind closed doors to-day that in the event of war with Japan that nation would have no difficulty in taking the Philippines. He thought, however, that Hawaii and Alaska would be held, and that there was no danger of the Panama Canal being captured.

Admiral Vreeland told the committee the views of the Naval General Board, urging the adoption of the building programme, recommended by that board. The policy of the board, he said, was to provide the nation with a fleet equal or superior to that of any probable enemy, as a guarantee of peace. The United States should have, the board held, forty-eight battleships by 1920, if possible, to accomplish this result. The board advised this in the belief that the nation was not willing to abandon its oldtime policies, embracing the Monroe Doctrine, the open door in the East Asiatic exclusion, and military control of the Panama Canal and its contiguous waters.

Admiral Vreeland was testifying in place of Admiral Dewey, who is slightly ill and so could not accept the committee's invitation to appear. It has not been usual for the House Committee to give a representative of the board a hearing on the naval increase programme and this gave added importance to his appearance.

Much Confidential Testimony.

Admiral Vreeland was before the committee about two hours and was plied with questions by members. Much of his testimony was not recorded because it was regarded as confidential. At various points in the Admiral's testimony the committee stenographer was asked not to record what was said.

Admiral Vreeland told the committee that the General Board felt that the building programme this year should include four battleships, 16 destroyers, one destroyer tender, 8 submarines, 1 submarine tender, 2 oilers, 2 gunboats, 1 transport, 1 supply ship, and a hospital ship.

Admiral Vreeland's testimony not only made a deep impression in the committee room but also led to a rather sensational incident between several members of the committee. Representative Buchanan of Illinois one of the labor members of the Democratic side, who is opposed to a big navy programme, interrupted the Admiral at one point to inquire whether he was not a member of the Naval League, which has been urging the construction of more ships. Admiral Vreeland replied he was not a member of the league, but subscribed to some of its publications.

Representative Kelly of Michigan exclaimed that Mr. Buchanan's interrogation was little less than an insult to Admiral Vreeland and the naval service. Mr. Buchanan said that he did not wish to cast reflections on the Admiral, and asked that the colloquy be stricken from the record. Later he left the committee room.

Members of the committee were reticent about discussing the testimony of Admiral Vreeland, but were unable to prevent his reference to the naval situation in the Pacific from becoming public. Then they tried to minimize the importance of what he said.

Hawaii Defenses Against Japan.

Admiral Vreeland made it plain that the plans for building strong land and sea defenses in Hawaii and providing a permanent garrison of 16,000 men, as advocated by Gen. Leonard Wood in his recent testimony on the Fortifications bill, and for preparing strategic plans for the Pacific, were all based upon the theory that in the event of trouble with Japan that nation would at once seize the Philippines and try to land forces in Hawaii and Alaska.

Members of the committee got the impression from Admiral Vreeland's testimony that preparation for any trouble with Japan must be based upon the idea that Japan would strike without notice if she went to war with the United States.

Members of the committee questioned the Admiral at length as to Japan's naval programme. He stated that Japan had no fixed programme of building battleships at regular intervals, but rather built battleships of a powerful type whenever she could afford the expense. She might authorize one battleship to-day, on the basis of money in sight, and if more money were available one or more units might be authorized five months hence. The impression obtained by some members of the committee was that Japan was spending as much as she could in strengthening herself.

At this time, the Admiral thought, the American navy was superior to that of Japan, but not strong enough to prevent the speedy taking of the Philippines. At present the American navy ranked third and the Japanese navy fifth among the naval powers of the world. The Admiral described in detail the building progress of the American, Japanese, and other navies on the basis of information possessed by the office of Naval Intelligence and the General Board of the Navy.

Thinks Canal is Safe.

Referring again to conditions relating to the Pacific situation, he said the Panama Canal could not be taken. The navy was fairly well off in destroyers and submarines, and could even now send submarines and destroyers to either end of the canal. With the ability of the United States to throw its mosquito fleet on either terminus of the canal, the Admiral thought, no nation would undertake to blockade it. He told of the fortification of Hawaii, and thought American ships were today in position to hold the islands.

Representative Hensley of Missouri, father of the "Naval holiday" resolution, which was recently passed, asked Admiral Vreeland whether he believed a nation, like an individual, that went around with a big gun on its hip was not in greater danger of war than one not armed. Admiral Vreeland said he believed the contrary was true; that as between preparedness and unpreparedness, the nation unprepared was more apt to become embroiled in war.

The testimony of Admiral Vreeland was widely discussed afterward at the Capitol. The small navy men minimized it, and some argued that it was "the usual annual war scare" at the time of the consideration of the Naval bill. Advocates of a strong navy were much impressed with what the Admiral said, however, and will increase their efforts to obtain larger appropriations for construction.

Representative Britten of Illinois, a member of the committee, said to-night he intended to press his bill to authorize three battleships as part of this year's naval programme.

Secretary Daniels will give his views before the Naval Committee to-morrow.

STILL TREATING WITH BRYAN.

Makino Says Negotiations Are on Foot to End Discrimination.

TOKIO, Jan. 28.—Baron Makino, the Foreign Secretary, in reply to questions in the House of Representatives to-day, said that negotiations were in progress with Secretary Bryan with the object of eliminating the discriminatory treatment of Japanese contained in the measures which have been adopted or are pending in the United States. He instances the bill prohibiting the importation into the United States of goods made by laborers under 14 years of age. This, Japan thinks, conflicts with the provisions of the treaty between the two countries.

The question of the nationality of Japanese born in the United States, he said, was now being considered, and a measure to meet the points at issue would probably be introduced in the Diet.

Thirty Representatives have signed a notice for the interpellation of the Government on the American questions in the Diet.

HOPE TO CONCILIATE JAPAN.

Missionaries Send Dr. Gulick Here to Discuss Questions at Issue.

The Federal Council of the Churches of Christ in America is arranging for a nation-wide hearing for the Rev. Dr. Sydney L. Gulick, representing Christian missionaries in Japan, relative to American relationships with the East as considered from the Christian point of view, with special reference to the differences arising from the California alien land legislation. Arrangements are being made whereby Dr. Gulick will visit leading cities of this country, appearing before chambers of commerce, merchants' associations, city clubs, and universities.

He has definite plans to propose regarding the entire immigration question, by which he hopes to meet both the just demands of California and the United States, as well as what he considers the equally just demands of Japan.

Dr. Gulick has been a missionary in Japan for twenty-six years; has served on the Faculty of Doshisha University, and has been a lecturer at the Imperial University at Kyoto. He is also the author of something like a dozen volumes, published in English and Japanese, the latest of which is just appearing, entitled "The American-Japanese Problem, a Study of the Racial Relations of the East and the West."

The Federal Council, in compliance with a memorial from missionaries in Japan, has appointed a commission to consider the question.

CAFE DE PARIS IN TROUBLE.

Receivers Named for Restaurant, Which Blames 1 o'Clock Law.

An involuntary petition in bankruptcy was filed yesterday against the Café de Paris, which runs through the block from Broadway to Seventh Avenue between Forty-second and Forty-first Streets. This is the second time this restaurant has been in difficulties. Opened originally as the Café de l'Opera, it was forced into bankruptcy, largely, it was said, because its proprietors insisted that all its dinner guests should wear evening clothes.

It was managed for a time by Louis Martin as Louis Martin's, but he withdrew last February, and in September last the name of the corporation was changed to the Café de Paris, Incorporated. It received no rating in Bradstreet's. Its failure now, according to Frederick D. Ryan, its counsel, was caused principally by the enforcement of the 1 o'clock closing ordinance, as it was found to be impossible to run so large an establishment if the time allowed for supper was so short. Then, it was said, the competition of the restaurants and hotels in that part of the city had been very great and hotel proprietors had been having a hard time with the popular taste turning toward cabaret shows and dancing.

Judge Mayer arranged yesterday that the creditors should meet on Saturday morning at the café at 11 o'clock to go over the situation with B. W. B. Brown and Walter A. Hirsch, whom he appointed receivers under a bond of $5,000. Mr. Ryan estimated yesterday the liabilities at $250,000 and the assets of equal amount, considering the restaurant as a going concern. The petition was filed by George S. Ludlow, attorney for the Henry Phipps estate, with a claim of $500 for rent; H. L. Herbert & Co., Incorporated, with a claim for $433, and the Ward Baking Company, with a claim for $187.

POLICE BILLS UP TO-DAY.

Mitchel's Bids for Goethals to be Introduced in Legislature.

Mayor Mitchel will send the Goethals police bills to Albany by special messenger to-day and they will be introduced in the Legislature by noon. There are five bills in all, each one dealing with a particular reform which the Mayor hopes to put into effect in the Police Department right away. The most important bill is destined to meet the condition imposed by Col. Goethals before accepting the Mayor's offer of the Police Commissionership, that the Commissioner's action in dismissing policemen shall not be reviewed by the courts. Senator Henry W. Pollock of the Eighteenth Senatorial District, it was said, would father the bills in the Senate, while Assemblyman Almeth W. Hoff of the Eighteenth Assembly District, Kings, will introduce them in the Assembly.

The Mayor said he expected to have the co-operation of Gov. Glynn in getting the bills through the Legislature.

"Have you had any conferences with the Governor regarding the bills?" the Mayor was asked.

"Indeed I have," he replied. "I think it is safe to say that I will have his co-operation."

It was said yesterday that the bills, beside providing for the doing away with a judicial review of the Commissioner's actions, preserving the property rights of policemen in the pension fund and extending the power of the Mayor to order rehearings in all cases, would reduce the time of service for Sergeants and Lieutenants before they can be promoted. As the law stands at present a Sergeant must serve two years before he can be raised to a higher grade and a Lieutenant three years.

NOT TO NAME UNTERMYER.

White House Denies Lawyer is a Candidate for Paris Embassy.

Special to The New York Times.

WASHINGTON, Jan. 28.—Rumors that President Wilson had considered offering the post of Ambassador to France to Samuel Untermyer of New York were denied to-night at the White House, where it was said that Mr. Untermyer was not a candidate.

As a matter of fact, President Wilson has nobody in mind for the place just now, and there is a prospect that Myron T. Herrick, the incumbent, will continue to serve for a considerable period.

5th Avenue Restaurant
FIFTH AV. BUILDING. Entrance on 24th St.
SITE OF FIFTH AVENUE HOTEL.
11 to 2 P.M. THE Large Orchestra
"DOLLAR DINNER"
BANQUETS A SPECIALTY.

BUTTON DESIGNED AND WORN BY LACKAWANNA EMPLOYEES
Says Phoebe Snow:
"These emblems show
Your pride in letting
People know
That day or night
Their safety's quite
First rule on Road
of Anthracite."
Lackawanna Railroad
Safety means efficiency. Personal efficiency minimizes accidents. That's why Lackawanna employees are striving to put "Safety First" above every other consideration. The button which they have adopted is intended to fasten the grip of safety on every mile of Lackawanna track.
The Road of Anthracite

RESEARCH ECLIPSING MEDICAL SCHOOLS

They Need Endowment Quite as Much as Great Institutes, Says Dean Welch.

TEACHERS SHOULD BE FREE

Funds Should Release Physician from Practice, He Tells Post-Graduate Dinner Guests.

Two hundred and fifty physicians and a few laymen at the dinner of the Faculty and Directors of the New York Post-Graduate Medical School at Delmonico's last night heard appeals for the endowment of medical colleges in order that instructors, instead of being compelled to earn their living by outside practice, should be able to devote all their time to the teaching of their profession and to the research work which went hand in hand with teaching.

Dr. J. F. McKernon, President of the school and toastmaster at the dinner, said that medical students were going abroad because no adequate provision for the teaching staff was made at medical schools in this country. Dr. William H. Welch, Dean of the Johns Hopkins Medical School, said that the system under which the teaching of medicine was done by practicing physicians and surgeons, who could only give part of their time to the instruction of students, had led to divorcing medical education from medical research and would check the advance of the art of medicine in this country.

"There will always be the opportunity," said Dr. Welch, "for the practicing physician to give part of his time to the medical schools in order that students shall have the benefit of his experience. But, in my opinion, the headship of such institutions should always belong to a man not busily engaged in practice. There should be men who engage in the teaching and training of students as their life work, and this is not compatible with an active, absorbing outside practice. The head of a medical school should have a staff of paid and well-trained assistants and associates. I believe that the organization of medical teaching on this basis will be the next great step in advance in medicine in this country. At present it cannot be said that we have any well-organized clinical systems such as the Germans, for instance, have.

"I do not say that, under the present system we are not training our students as well as students are trained anywhere. But we are not advancing in our art and science at the rate that we should. We are not recognizing the fact that research work should be a function of our hospitals and our schools. The roots of research are in medical education. The discoveries in medicine which have been made in such numbers have been made possible only by the betterment of medical education.

"Large endowments in the interest of medicine have been made recently. The great strides which have been made in medicine have had their effect on the public. The physician to-day is in a position to do far more than formerly in the relief of disease and, more important still, in the prevention of disease. But these endowments have been for the most part in behalf of large and independent medical institutions engaged solely in research work.

"I would be the last to say a word against institutions like the Rockefeller Institute and the Carnegie Institute at Washington, which have fully justified their existence by their contributions to knowledge. But there is not a similar acknowledgment of the need of endowing medical education, and it is a narrow course to endow research work and not to endow medical education in which research work is rooted."

The most notable gift made directly for the purpose of enabling teachers of medicine to devote all their time to instruction of students and research work was the gift of $1,400,000 last October from the General Education Board, founded by John D. Rockefeller, to the Johns Hopkins Medical School.

Dr. Welch spoke of the strong claim of the Post-Graduate School on an endowment.

President McKernon added:

"The first claim for endowment the school has is that it sends Doctors who have received the best training possible into every community, large and small, and who, besides curing disease and saving life, have taken the lead in sanitary measures which have been of greatest benefit in every city in the country."

Others at the speakers' table were Surgeon General Rupert Blue, William Guggenheim, Dr. Frederic S. Dennis, Bainbridge Colby, Dr. H. Chapin, Dr. George G. Ward, Jr., Dr. Frederick S. Walcott, Robert E. Tod, Dr. F. E. Sondern, Dr. Edward Quintard, Henry F. Parmelee, Dr. G. N. Miller, Judge Julius M. Mayer, Dr. Ludwig Kast, Dr. A. F. Chace, Capt. D. H. Biddle, the Rev. W. W. Bellinger, Dr. Bolton Bangs, and Dr. James C. Ayer.

RENT POWER HOUSE SITE.

Service Board Chooses Plot at Fulton and Furman Streets, Brooklyn.

To provide for the construction of the two East River tunnels of the new subway system, the Whitehall-Montague Street tunnel of the B. R. T., and the Old Slip-Clark Street tunnel of the Interborough, the Public Service Commission leased yesterday from the New York Dock Company a parcel of land at the southwest corner of Furman and Fulton Streets, Brooklyn, for the erection of a power house. The commission now believes that it has found a site, which will be in no way objectionable.

It is a quarter of a mile from the residential district and contains 30,000 square feet, fronting on Fulton Street about 142 feet, and on Furman Street about 350 feet. It is known as the old Jewell Mill property, and is occupied only by an old frame house of the value of $2,500. This the city has the privilege of destroying to make way for the power house. The rent for the property negotiated by Sig. Cederstrom, real estate expert of the commission, is $7,200, and the lease will run for three and a half years.

MRS. WILSON TO EXHIBIT.

Three Paintings by the President's Wife to be Shown Here.

One of the features of the Woman's Industrial Exposition, to be held at the Grand Central Palace Feb. 5 to 14, will be the exhibition of three paintings by Mrs. Woodrow Wilson from the Arlington Galleries.

This announcement was made at a meeting of the Executive Committee yesterday at the Hotel Biltmore. Mrs. Nelson Herrick Henry, Directress of the exposition, presided at the meeting, which was attended by Mrs. Arthur M. Dodge, Miss Winifred Holt, Mrs. Arthur Elliott Fish, Mrs. Richard Irving, Mrs. Nicholas F. Brady, Mrs. Charles E. Wilcox, Mrs. William Einstein, Miss Madeline Stevens, Miss A. Glover, Mrs. Harry Craft, Mrs. Fred Nathan, Mrs. Frank Northrop, and Miss Elizabeth Quinsell.

Seek Funds for Bigelow Memorial.

The John Bigelow Memorial Committee, of which Joseph H. Choate is Chairman, has sent out 3,000 appeals to friends and former associates of Mr. Bigelow for funds for a Bigelow Memorial Building at Union College and the establishment of a Bigelow Professorship of Political Science. The response to informal suggestions that contributions would be welcomed has not been encouraging, and it has been decided to follow up the letters with personal calls and a second series of letters telling more specifically what the funds are expected to accomplish.

DENY MRS. CROSS DIED OF POISON

Wealthy Widow's Death Due to Natural Causes, Bridgeport Authorities Decide.

SEEK FRANK M. GARLAND

Half of $800,000 Estate Not Yet Found and He Is Removed as Executor.

Special to The New York Times.

BRIDGEPORT, Conn., Jan. 28.—After a thorough investigation by Coroner J. J. Phelan and Prosecuting Attorney A. L. Delaney into the death of Mrs. Hannah A. Cross, who died in this city Nov. 25 last, they have found no facts or evidence to cause them to believe that Mrs. Cross came to her death by other than natural causes.

It had been rumored that Mrs. Cross had succumbed to an overdose of codein sulphate and this with circumstances connected with the administration of her large estate had started the inquiry by the authorities. The body was taken to Greenwood Cemetery and they have not asked that it be exhumed. Dr. W. H. Fleck, who attended her testified that Mrs. Cross died from bronchitis with diabetes and pulmonary edema. He said she could not have died from an overdose of codein sulphate as she was conscious to the last.

Mrs. Cross was the widow of Ferdinand Cross, a jewelry dealer in New York, who died in 1898. She was 78 years old. Up to the last of June she resided at Montclair, N. J., but the latter part of that month she came to this city and lived with her niece, Mary Thompson Luquer. On July 1 she made a will leaving to her niece $15,000 in cash, all her diamonds and jewelry and wearing apparel. The residue was left to her two sons, William T. and Ferdinand L. and Judge John A. L. Campbell, of New York, was named as executors. In the middle of November last she made a codicil in which the name of Frank M. Garland was substituted as executor. She died a few days later.

The two sons, through their counsel, took an appeal from the probating of the will on the ground of undue influence and incompetency. Mr. Garland has disappeared, and the authorities are looking for him. He has been removed as executor and Attorney Thomas M. Cullinan is acting temporarily.

The valuation of the estate in this jurisdiction was $800,000.

Half of it has not been found as yet.

TO KILL HER CREDITORS.

La Belle, a Bankrupt, Hysterical in Her Threats.

Miss Belle Sosenko, who was in business as La Belle at 423 Fifth Avenue, was arraigned yesterday before Commissioner Shields on the charge of having committed perjury in concealing certain assets after her bankruptcy on Dec. 15 last.

She became hysterical and shouted that she would kill any of her creditors who presented themselves, as they were conspiring against her and wanted a 100 per cent. settlement. The Commissioner held her in $2,500 bail, and this was furnished by a surety company.

SIEGEL TO PAY 30 PER CENT.

Depositors in Private Bank Will Get Cash and Notes for Balance.

The depositors of the banking firm of Henry Siegel & Co., now in receiver's hands, held a meeting yesterday afternoon at 43 West Thirteenth Street, and received authoritative information for the first time concerning the terms which Henry Siegel and his partner, Frank E. Vogel, stand ready to make for a settlement. This information was carried to the depositors through their original committee of ten, headed by J. P. Munch. The committee was authorized by John P. Murray, of Coudert Brothers, counsel for the depositors, to make known the tentative offer of Siegel and Vogel. Coudert Brothers in a letter to the depositors said:

A payment to each depositor will be made in cash of 30 per cent. of his claim, to include interest to Jan. 1, 1914, with notes for the balance of his claim, the payment of such notes to be guaranteed by Henry Siegel and F. E. Vogel, to bear interest at 5 per cent. and to be secured by deposits of approximately $4,000,000 worth of common stock in the Siegel Stores Corporation. The payment of the 30 per cent. in cash will be net to the depositors; that is to say, all expenses will be taken care of so that no part of the 30 per cent. will be used to pay lawyers' or receivers' fees or disbursements.

According to Coudert Brothers, the proposal will be put to the depositors within a few days, whether the other interests are induced to make concessions or not. The meeting was adjourned until Feb. 5.

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Removal of Office Furniture, and Lofts
We have installed a perfect system for handling goods from buildings to Vans, using TROLLEYS, HAMPERS, and CASES made expressly for LOFT and OFFICE MOVING.
SEND FOR ESTIMATE.

The Well Dressed New Yorker
Edited by Beaunash
PRICES on the wane—friends on the gain. The only thing we "carry over" from one season to another is the grateful good-will of men who are beholden to us for thumping values like those below. This sale proffers our *entire stock* of Stein-Bloch Suits and Overcoats.
Half-Yearly Sale
Stein-Bloch Clothes
$20..... $14.75
$28, $25..... $18.75
$35, $32, $30..... $24.75
$40, $38, $35..... $28.75
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STEIN-BLOCH SMART CLOTHES
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Not for millionaires only
Some of the biggest concerns in the country have adopted card ledgers.
Ask them why and they will tell you that card ledgers are more flexible than book ledgers; more easily handled; that they save work; that all the dead accounts can be eliminated; that the time it takes to find an account is cut right in two.
There are other advantages. The accuracy of every account is easily proven. Then, again, by a system of "signals," you can keep track of doubtful or slow accounts.
But the card ledger is not only for concerns who number their customers by the thousand. It is for you, and you, and you, who have only 500 or 1000 or 1500 accounts.
Cost? A bagatelle—$2, $3, $5 and up. For that amount—*without changing your system of accounting*—you can install a card ledger.
May we have an early opportunity of showing you—at your office or ours—how a card ledger works?
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CALL CANAL BOARD TO SMOKE OUT GRAFT

Grand Jury Invitations Issue in Stewart Hold-Up Inquiry.

TO HEAR LAZANSKY TO-DAY

Glynn, Once a Member, Will Be Excused—Search for Murphy Stock and Bonds.

In delving into the scandal involved in the sandbagging of contractors on the State Barge Canal for hundreds of thousands of dollars by Tammany bagmen, the special Supreme Court Grand Jury has issued invitations to all except one of the members of the Canal Boards of 1912 and 1913 to come before it and answer questions which will be asked by District Attorney Whitman. The inquiry relates specifically to the alleged "hold-up" of James C. Stewart, the contractor, by James E. Gaffney, the warm friend and close associate of Tammany Leader Charles F. Murphy, and to similar cases.

The invitation to the Canal Board members, because of the prominence of the men concerned, is regarded as of great significance. What strikes the eye first in a perusal of the membership of the Canal Boards in the last few years, is the name of Martin H. Glynn, now Governor of the State. Gov. Glynn, in the capacity of Lieutenant Governor, was member of the board from Jan. 1, 1913, to the time of his inauguration as Governor in September, 1913. It was in this period that the attempt was made to hold up James C. Stewart. The Canal Board failed to award contracts to him on which he was the lowest bidder.

Gov. Glynn will not testify before the Grand Jury, and there was never any intimation that he would. He was excused as a matter of courtesy. It was said yesterday that Gov. Glynn in no event would testify unless his testimony was found to be absolutely necessary.

The Canal Board of 1912 was made up of the following: Lieut. Gov. Thomas F. Conway, Secretary of State Edward Lazansky, State Treasurer John J. Kennedy, Superintendent of Public Works Duncan W. Peck, State Engineer John A. Bensel, Attorney General Thomas Carmody, and Controller William Sohmer.

The Canal Board of 1913 was made up of Lieut. Gov. Glynn, Secretary of State Mitchell May, Kennedy, Peck, Bensel, Carmody, and Sohmer. When the Lieutenant Governor became Governor in September, 1913, Senator Robert F. Wagner became the Lieutenant Governor and succeeded Mr. Glynn as member of the Canal Board.

Will Hear Lazansky To-day.

The first of the members and ex-members of the board to respond to the invitation sent by the Grand Jury was Edward Lazansky. Lazansky notified Whitman that he would be ready to appear at 2:30 o'clock this afternoon. His testimony, of course, will be limited to events of 1911 and 1912. Those were important years in the matter of big contracts, and Whitman was pleased that he was able to get Lazansky's help. Whitman let it be known that no suspicion was attached to any members or ex-members of the Canal Board, but that their testimony was desired at this time because of other testimony already before the Grand Jury.

Over the telephone Attorney General Carmody told Whitman yesterday that the Canal Board would hold its formal meeting to-day and therefore could not come in a body to New York. Whitman assured the Attorney General that a later day would answer as well.

Friction may arise in the board at to-day's meeting as the result of the invitation. There are members of the board who have been under a steady attack by witnesses who have appeared in the John Doe and Grand Jury graft investigations. While no charges have been made in New York County it is understood that some of the members will have a great deal to explain to the Grand Jurors here. It would not be surprising if the general invitation were refused on the ground that Whitman had no authority to investigate the actions of the Canal Board. Under such conditions, it is expected, subpoenas will be issued.

Lazansky was a member of the Canal Board when Stewart's joint bid on Barge Canal contracts 71A and 72A were under consideration late in 1912. He was present on Dec. 18, 1912, when, by a vote of 5 to 2, the board agreed to defer action on Stewart's bids at the request of William Sulzer, the Governor-elect. Sulzer sent a telegram to the board when he learned from George H. McGuire of Syracuse that Stewart's bids were to be rejected. Lazansky voted to accede to Sulzer's request. The two who voted in opposition was Sohmer and Peck. Lazansky, it is expected, will be asked about the meeting of Dec. 18 and how it was that the news of the Sulzer telegram reached the ears of Charles F. Murphy so quickly.

It was on Jan. 14, 1913, that Stewart's joint bid was rejected. Lazansky was not a member of the board at that time. Whitman, in the course of the investigation, would like to ask a number of questions about this incident. On that day Contract 71A was awarded to P. McGovern & Co. at a bid far in excess of the engineers' estimates, and Stewart's bid on 72A was rejected.

Attorney Gencral Carmody was the only man who voted against this course of action. Subsequently the contract known as 72A was awarded to Stewart at a bid only $200 below his earlier estimate. Whitman would like to know why the Canal Board awarded a contract at a bid which practically it once rejected. Glynn was not a member of the Canal Board when the Stewart bids were first received, and when the Sulzer telegram was sent to the board. He was a member when the final awards of Contracts 71A and 72A were made. The course taken by the Canal Board, according to the District Attorney's calculations, put an additional burden of $28,000 on the State.

To Inquire About "Agreements."

The whole matter of supplemental agreements in barge canal contracts undoubtedly will be reviewed in the questioning of the Canal Board members. Nearly $2,000,000 in all has been given thus far by supplemental agreements to a score of contractors. P. McGovern & Co., who got Contract 71A appear on the list. P. McGovern & Co., a firm which it is said has strong Tammany backing, will collect about $70,000 in "extras." Henry P. Burgard, the new Democratic boss of Buffalo got $173,000 in extras on his contract. H. S. Kerbaugh of Pittsburgh got $671,000 extra.

In the case of Flood & Van Wirt, who received an extra allowance of $40,000, it has been brought out that a "campaign contribution" of $1,500 was paid four days after the original contract was awarded. This contribution was solicited, according to the testimony, by a deputy in Supt. Peck's office.

Whitman has had all the records of the Canal Board meetings in his office for a long time. The records do not contain the conversation which occurred at the meetings, but are filled with statistics.

In addition to hearing Lazansky, the Grand Jury, it is expected, will examine James C. Stewart to-day. Stewart has returned from a hunting trip and Whitman hopes that his recollection has been refreshed. His testimony will be particularly interesting when compared with the testimony of Lazansky. The contractor will be expected to tell what happened outside of the Canal Board when "Mr. Gaffney" approached him for a "subscription" equivalent to 5 per cent. of the bid on Contracts 71A and 72A, and Lazansky will be asked to explain what happened inside the Canal Board when the Stewart matter came up. The Stewart case is the strongest case that Whitman has worked up against "Mr. Gaffney." The District Attorney is of the opinion that Stewart will be able to remember to-day that it was James E. Gaffney, Murphy's friend, who tried to hold him up.

Many Brokers Will Be Called.

In the course of the week interesting developments are expected as the result of subpoenas which were sent to stock brokers yesterday. The subpoenas, it is understood, called for transcripts of stock and bond transactions by Tammany Leader Murphy, Gaffney, and others. When Whitman learned that Murphy had failed to make large bank deposits following the court's rulings in 1911 that transcripts of all bank accounts might be subpoenaed by the District Attorney, he surmised that Murphy had safety deposit boxes where he kept his valuables. Whitman now hopes to find Murphy money invested in stocks and bonds. The returns are expected to come in to-day and to-morrow.

Leader Murphy was of the opinion yesterday that Whitman soon would call him as a witness. He refused to talk about the graft investigation.

"How about the Stewart hold-up?" he was asked.

"Nothing to say," he replied.

"Is it true that Stewart came to you, as Senator O'Gorman said, after he was held up in his office?" Murphy was asked.

"I positively refuse to discuss it," he replied.

"Have you seen Senator O'Gorman?"

"No."

"Has Mr. Whitman subpoenaed you?"

"No, I have had no communication with him. I will only say that I will not discuss any phase of this graft investigation until I am put on the stand under oath."

The John Doe hearing set for to-morrow has been postponed until Monday. It is expected that Senator O'Gorman will take the witness stand at that time. Ex-Gov. Sulzer also may testify.

O'DWYER HEADS REVOLT.

He Summons Democratic Leaders to Discuss Reorganizing Party.

Chief Judge E. F. O'Dwyer, President of the National Democratic Club, announced last night that the graft revelations had made it necessary to reorganize both the county committees and the State Committee. He has invited the Democratic leaders who were placed a month ago on a committee to consider amendments to the new primary law to meet to-night at the Democratic Club.

Among those bidden are Senator O'Gorman, George Gordon Battle, William B. Ellison, and William R. Hearst. Ostensibly they will meet to discuss whether the Boards of Election should be non-partisan or bi-partisan, as now provided, but it is known that they will also discuss the Democratic leadership.

It appeared from a suggestion made last night by Judge O'Dwyer that he and his friends were looking toward Gov. Glynn.

"A change has taken place during the last month," he said, "which makes necessary a radical change of the Democratic Party in each county as well as in the cities. The Democratic State Committee should be reorganized and a new State Chairman should be selected. Gov. Glynn is the recognized State leader, and he should be consulted from now on in all matters."

Among the changes in the direct primary law to be discussed at to-night's meeting are amendments providing that the primary elections of all parties should be at the same polling places, and that samples of the ballots should be distributed several days before any scheduled primary election.

ONE-PARTY HUNT OF GRAFT UNLIKELY

Continued from Page 1.

tractor was the boss of the house—because Peter V. Baird contributed $2,500 to a local organization and $1,000 to the central organization.

"You will never have a highway in this State built properly until you make it a penal offense for a contractor to buy, bribe or pay for political influence. And you must make it a misdemeanor for a contractor to contribute to any party, and it should be made a misdemeanor for anybody to accept such a contribution. The first and second deputies of the Highway Department ought to be taken from the civil service lists. They should be independent of political influence."

Joseph C. Curran, an investigator now in the employ of the Highway Department who assisted John A. Hennessy in his highway graft inquiries, testified that he had taken thirty-two samples of the material used in various sections and that no one conformed with the specifications. Crushed stone which would pass through a two-and-a-half-inch screen was specified, but Curran's exhibits all were much larger, one being nearly eight inches long. The contract called for imported stone, but the witness said Baird had used the stone from his own quarry less than a mile from the road.

Daniel L. Mott of Utica testified that in 1913 he was the lowest bidder on a road contract for $57,000. Bond was furnished by the American Fidelity Company, but the contract was held up for some reason he could not understand. The bids were opened on Aug. 19, but the contract was not awarded until Sept. 6. Mr. Mott said he received this telegram on Aug. 25:

If you will wire me at Hotel Hampton, Albany, will execute and file contract awarded to you.

CHARLES F. MURPHY, Jr.

Charles F. Murphy, Jr., is a nephew of the leader of Tammany Hall.

"In justice to Mr. Murphy," said Roy K. Fuller, Secretary to the Highway Department, "I want to say that he never communicated with our office in connection with any contract."

Mr. Osborne said maybe Mr. Murphy meant he could execute the contractor's bond. He is a bonding agent. Mr. Osborne promised to inquire further into the matter.

It was brought out that there were sixty contracts, one of which was Mott's, held up in the office of the State Controller pending an investigation by experts of the Department of Efficiency and Economy.

Mr. Mott brought in the name of William J. Conners of Buffalo, ex-Chairman of the Democratic State Committee. Conners had invited him to attend a meeting of contractors in New York in 1908, the witness said, and told him the Democrats, if elected, planned to make road work "more liberal and easier for the contractors."

Mr. Mott said he had made only small local campaign contributions, although Everett P. Fowler, now under indictment as a Democratic "bagman," had solicited contributions for the State Democratic organization. Much of Mr. Mott's testimony was a repetition of that given by him before District Attorney Whitman in New York.

Richard Hopkins of Troy, a contractor, said he was asked for a campaign contribution in 1911 by John Consalus, a lieutenant of J. J. Murphy of Troy.

NO ASTOR TRIP ABROAD YET.

Vincent Astor Says He Has Not Settled His Yachting Plans.

Vincent Astor said yesterday that while it was true that his yacht Noma was being overhauled at Port Richmond, S. I., in preparation for Spring cruises, neither the extent of these cruises nor the locality to be visited had yet been decided. As to the report that he was contemplating a pre-nuptial trip in the Mediterranean with his fiancée, Miss Helen Dinsmore Huntington, her mother, Mrs. Robert P. Huntington, and his mother, Mrs. Ava Willing Astor, Mr. Astor said that he had not decided upon the personnel of any parties which might accompany him. All his plans for the use of his yacht were still indefinite. They might result in a trip to foreign waters, but no such journey was contemplated at present.

FOR PRESIDENTIAL PRIMARY.

Assembly Bill Provides for Nominations by 3 Per Cent. of Party Vote.

Special to The New York Times.

ALBANY, N. Y., Jan. 28.—Assemblyman Fish of Putnam introduced to-day a bill providing for a Presidential primary at the Spring primary in Presidential years. Candidates for the Presidential nomination are to be designated by petitions signed by not less than 3 per cent. of the party vote, but not to exceed 3,000 persons.

Candidates for delegates to national conventions are to file declarations promising their support to the candidate for President receiving the highest number of votes cast through the State.

You stop writing—whittle, scrape, lose temper—you know what ordinary pencils mean! Get the KOH-I-NOOR—it outlasts six ordinary pencils. Saves time and trouble. 17 variations; also Copying.—Adv.

ASK FOR PROXIES IN FIGHT OVER DOWLING

Dissatisfied Stockholders of City Investing Co. Want Change of Policy.

MAKE NO PERSONAL ATTACK

But Element Say They Are Not Satisfied with the Management—Dowling Unperturbed.

A committee of stockholders of the City Investing Company, headed by B. Aymar Sands of the law firm of Bowers & Sands, has started a movement intended to bring about a change in the management of that corporation. In a letter sent yesterday to the other stockholders, the committee asked for proxies for the annual meeting to be held on Feb. 18 in favor of the election of a Board of Directors whose members are to be selected by the committee.

No specific criticisms of Robert E. Dowling, the President, or any of the other officers or Directors are made in the letter, the only assertion being that the signers, the owners of a large number of shares of stock, both preferred and common, "are not satisfied with the management of the company, and believe that the interests of the stockholders will be benefited by a change of policy."

The letter is signed by the following, besides Mr. Sands: William Rhinelander Stewart, Bradish Johnson, Henry S. Thompson, J. Harsen Purdy, Frederic K. Middlebrook, E. G. Richards, Lispenard Stewart, Norman Schultz, Theodore A. Havemeyer, Schuyler Parsons, Charles O. Miller, Dr. E. L. McGinnis, Karrick Riggs, Louis Stern, and Alfred L. White. The members of the Proxy Committee are Norman Henderson, William L. Meffert, and Carl Schurz Petrasch.

One of the protesting stockholders said yesterday that no charges were in contemplation against the management except that of poor judgment.

"The trouble is," he said, "that we are getting no dividends on our common stock and have had none for about six years. The company originally was capitalized for $3,000,000. Most of this was paid in actual cash and the rest was practically the same thing, as the property for which the stock was issued was not put in at an exaggerated valuation, but was appraised in each case by a committee of Directors who had no interest whatever in the parcels acquired. No criticism is possible in regard to the basis on which the stock was issued. Subsequently the common stock was increased to $4,000,000, and an issue of preferred stock of the same amount was made for cash.

"The result is that there is a $5,000,000 investment which, aside from the dividends on the preferred stock, is paying nothing to the stockholders, and some of us have become tired of this situation. The City Investing Building, at 165 Broadway, is well rented and is bringing in good returns, but practically all the other property owned by the company is run at a loss, so that the net result is very unsatisfactory. The common stock, which at one time sold as high as 140, is now quoted at 23, and the preferred stock has dropped from 110 to 80, although it pays 7 per cent. dividends. The company was organized in 1905 and paid dividends on the common stock for about two years, but has paid none since."

Among the buildings owned by the City Investing Company, in addition to the City Investing Building, are the Washington Life Building, the Hotel Earlington, and the office building at 68 William Street. None of these, according to the signers of the protest, is profitable.

Mr. Dowling, when told last night of the call for opposition proxies, said that the protesting stockholders were entirely within their rights and that if they obtained a majority of the shares they would be entitled to elect such Directors as they see fit.

"I am the largest stockholder," he added, "and if these gentlemen can devise any plan for making larger profits for the company I shall be very much pleased, as I shall be the chief beneficiary. None of them has asked anything of the officers or Directors, and, therefore, I have no means of knowing what is the basis of their dissatisfaction.

"Aside from the mortgages on the company's property, it has no indebtedness of any kind. No mortgage has been made in the last three years, but the mortgage on the City Investing Building has been reduced from $6,250,000 to $6,000,000. Those on the Washington Life and other large buildings do not mature for from twelve to twenty-two years.

"These same gentlemen started an opposition movement last year, but circulated their proxies privately, and when the time for the meeting came they did not show up. I am glad that they are now making their canvass for proxies publicly, and would be the last to criticise them for exercising their prerogative. Several of them were formerly Directors in the company, but resigned, some of them several years ago and some more recently. Mr. Sands was a Director until last year, at which time he declined to have his name used at the annual election. I have heard nothing from him since that time."

TWO BLUECOATS ACCUSED.

Woman Charges That They 'Extorted Ring and $50 from Her.

Policeman Henry A. Egan, 25 years old, of 7 West Sixty-third Street, who was attached to the Lenox Avenue station until his suspension by Police Commissioner McKay late on Tuesday night, and James Clark, 28 years old, of 115 West Eighty-fourth Street, were held by Magistrate Nolan in the Jefferson Market Court yesterday under bail of $2,500 each for examination today on the charge of extortion.

The plaintiff, Mrs. Mildred Elmore, of 331 West Twenty-seventh Street, charged that at midnight on Jan. 25 Policeman Egan and another man rang the bell of her residence, accused her, when she came to the door, of keeping a disorderly resort and then beat her until she gave them $50 in money and a diamond ring worth $300, which she promised that she would redeem later for $100.

Mrs. Elmore told her story at police headquarters and on Tuesday evening when she received a telephone call directing her to redeem the ring with $100, she notified headquarters again. When she boarded an Eighth Avenue surface car at Twenty-seventh Street, as she had been directed by the man who telephoned to her to redeem the ring, Policemen Davis and Merz of Inspector Myers's staff in the First Inspection District took seats in the car. At Twenty-eighth Street a man walked into the car and told Mrs. Elmore to get off at Seventy-seventh Street, where the policeman would be waiting for her with the ring.

At this street Mrs. Elmore and the man who had accosted her met Policeman Egan and a second man. Mrs. Elmore was about to hand over to Egan an envelope containing paper intended to represent money in exchange for the ring, when Policeman Egan and his alleged confederates became suspicious and started away. Policemen Davis and Merz rushed forward and arrested Egan and one of the other men. The third man started to run. Policeman Merz fired at him, but the shot missed, and the fugitive escaped.

At 9 o'clock last night Thomas C. Seery, another patrolman of the Lenox Avenue Station, was arrested in the West Sixty-eighth Street Station on a charge of extortion. According to the police, Inspector Dwyer had a conversation with Egan, as a result of which Seery received instructions when he reported at the Lenox Avenue Station to report to Inspector Dwyer. Detectives Davis and Merz placed him under arrest.

Mrs. Elmore was called to the station, and, according to Lieut. Sackett, she identified the prisoner as the man who had accompanied Egan to her house at the time she says she gave to them the $50 and the diamond ring.

MILITANT MOTOR BRIGADE.

Young Women Owning Cars Hired to Aid Work of Destruction.

By Marconi Transatlantic Wireless Telegraph to The New York Times.

LONDON, Jan. 28.—The latest move of the militant suffragettes is said to be the organization of a force of women motor-scouts for the purpose of assisting in the campaign of destruction. It is stated that the suffragettes have entered into contracts with young women who own cars for their services. A person who claims to have first-hand knowledge of the new move said to-day:

"A regular intelligence service on semi-military lines is being developed and is being recruited from young athletic women who have had practice in driving cars at night and who have been picked for their steel nerves and iron constitutions. I understand that their business is to find out the location of what I might describe as 'likely' country mansions.

"Take the case of a friend of mine, who has a definite contract for three months. She is being well paid for the hire of her car, for her services as a night chauffeur, and for running expenses at so much per mile, and the organization is insuring the machine and her against damage from hostile crowds, &c."

Apparently the motor campaign is not to be night work alone, for this afternoon a motor car driven by a woman and containing several suffragettes tried to reach Premier Asquith's residence in Downing Street. The police stopped the car and took the women to Bow Street, where the Magistrate bound them over to be of good behavior for six months.

FRANCE FEARS ALLY'S MOVE.

Russian Arms Factory Said to Have Been Bought by the Krupps.

By Marconi Transatlantic Wireless Telegraph to The New York Times.

LONDON, Jan. 28.—A telegram from St. Petersburg to The Echo de Paris states that the Poutiloff Arms Factory, which executes orders for the Russian Government, has been bought by the Krupps.

The announcement has been contradicted both from St. Petersburg and Berlin, but the contradiction has failed to reassure French opinion.

Telegrams from St. Petersburg to The Temps assert that negotiations are in progress between the Poutiloff Works and the Krupps, and in Paris it is believed that, though the sale of the works is not in question, the success of the negotiations would give to the Krupps and the Deutsche Bank a controlling interest in them.

The news is regarded as very serious in Paris, for since the Russian Government adopted the French artillery models the Poutiloff works have possessed the secrets of those models.

Apart from this, it is felt in Paris that in the distribution of Russian armament orders France has not been so well treated as the political and financial relations of the two countries would entitle her to expect.

Inquiries in London have not resulted in any confirmation of the original statement, the accuracy of which is doubted in view of the contract recently concluded between the Russian Government and the Vickers Company.

BRESHKOVSKAYA'S FATE.

Eighteen Months' Solitary Confinement for Attempt to Escape.

By Marconi Transatlantic Wireless Telegraph to The New York Times.

ST. PETERSBURG, Jan. 28.—The Russky Slovo says it learns that Mme. Ekaterina Breshkovskaya has been punished for her recent attempt to escape with eighteen months' imprisonment.

It is stated that no intercourse with her fellow-prisoners is permitted to her.

DRINK RUINING RUSSIA.

Count Witte Appeals to Council of Empire to Check the Evil.

ST. PETERSBURG, Jan. 28.—The Council of the Empire was startled today by a dramatic appeal from Count Serge Witte, the former Premier, to stop the consumption of spirits, which he declared was leading Russia to ruin.

The Council of the Empire recently was occupied with the discussion of a bill aimed at the suppression of inebriety.

Count Witte contends that his successors at the Ministry of Finance have misapplied the spirit monopoly which he created. His aim, he said, was to suppress drunkenness. Instead of doing this they have built an enormous cash reserve for the country's defense and have only spent a small amount on national education. Count Witte declares that the means for defending the country must not be collected through the cultivation of a national weakness.

PRAISE FOR STONY WOLD.

George McAneny Says It Led the Way for City Work.

Stony Wold Sanatorium Corporation held its thirteenth annual meeting yesterday afternoon in the Hotel Manhattan to elect Directors and receive reports of committees. George McAneny, President of the Board of Aldermen, addressed the meeting on the subject of philanthropic work for the prevention of disease, particularly tuberculosis, and told of what the city had done and would do in the future. He gave much credit to the Stony Wold Sanatorium in the Adirondacks, and said that the men and women supporting it had led the way for the city government.

The reports of the various committees of the corporation showed that during the last year 230 women and children with incipient tuberculosis were treated at Stony Wold and 148 of them were discharged as cured. Of all those who have been discharged from the institution between 60 and 65 per cent. are working and apparently in good health.

The Directors elected to serve for five years were John Seely Ward, Mrs. Benjamin Stern, Mrs. George S. Franklin, Mrs. Emma Flower Taylor, and Mrs. Hermann M. Biggs.

RUSH FOR CIGARETTE CURE.

Recorder McGovern Turns Boys Away When Medicine Gives Out.

Recorder John J. McGovern of Hoboken added fifty recruits last night to the group of young men and boys who are taking his nitrate of silver cure for the cigarette habit. The fifty appeared at the Hoboken City Hall, where it had been announced that Recorder McGovern would be on hand with two large bottles of nitrate of silver and enough surgeons to paint the throats of all applicants.

It turned out, however, that the bottles of Recorder McGovern's habit-killing concoction ran dry before a third of those in line had been treated. About a hundred boys whose mothers had brought them to try the cure were sent home with a promise that more of the medicine would be on hand for use next Wednesday night. Three boys had traveled fifty miles to have their throats painted.

The Recorder announced that of the fifty persons treated a week ago one young man, a sign painter working in Hoboken, had reported to him a total absence of his former taste for cigarettes. He said that letters had come to his office from Texas, Florida, Indiana, and Brooklyn asking about his cure.

COULD EASILY SELL MORGAN PAINTINGS

But Roland Knoedler Learns That This Part of the Collection Will Not Be Offered.

THEIR VALUE ENORMOUS

Not Enough Old Masters to Supply the Great Demand for Them in This Country.

Roland Knoedler, the art dealer, speaking for his firm here and its Paris house, said yesterday that he would be only too delighted to bid for the entire Morgan collection of paintings and was confident that he could sell every painting in the collection even before it could pass into his hands if the paintings were placed on the market. But, he added, his information was that whether any part of the collection reached other private hands or not the paintings would not be sold.

Mr. Knoedler spoke of his attitude as a dealer toward the possible effect of the Morgan collection on the art market because he had noticed in a Paris cable printed in THE TIMES on Tuesday a statement credited to Knoedler's in Paris that was not in accordance with his views.

"No one in our Paris house," said Mr. Knoedler, "was authorized to say that the house would be closed if Mr. Morgan's works of art should be placed upon the market, because such an action would drive down the present price. I would like that view corrected, for I could think of nothing finer than to be able to get hold of such a collection of paintings.

"The fact is that there is no such thing, and cannot be such a thing, as an overloading of the market for good paintings of the recognized old masters. For every such painting that the dealers are able to supply, there are scores of orders that have to be rejected. American men of means are liberal buyers of old masterpieces, and it is the supply and not the demand that is upon a famine basis.

"If a single Velasquez should come into the market now, for instance, it would command a price above $500,000 and there would be scores of bidders who would be disappointed because they could not get it. The same situation exists as to the works of Raphael and the leaders of the English school, of which Gainsborough is the head. The landscapes of Turner are in the same class, with the same ravenous desire for them at any price and none whatever to offer. More and more art lovers are beginning to look upon Turner as the one commanding master of landscapes.

"Mr. Morgan's collection is rich in the works of all of the painters whose works are most in demand. Therefore the sales, as should be very clear, would follow as a certainty.

"However, neither myself nor any other art dealer has any real hope of getting the Morgan paintings into the market. I have been informed on good authority that the paintings will not be offered for sale among any parts of the collection as a whole that may be offered. I have even gone to Mr. Morgan to find out his plans in this connection, and have been positively informed that the paintings will not be put on sale.

"I believe that if the paintings should be sold, hardly an important one among them would bring much under $500,000. This same intense demand I spoke of, with the comparative absence of a supply, has increased the price of paintings within the last ten years approximately 500 per cent. In 1900 it was a rare thing for us to obtain $100,000 for a painting. Now, the offer of $500,000 for a recognized masterpiece is not by any means a rarity."

HELD FOR ROBBING RIVAL.

Detectives Believe Furriers Looted a Competitor's Store to Ruin Him.

Detectives Cavone and Trebucci of the Macdougal Street station were prowling about that vicinity about 9 o'clock last night, dressed as truck drivers, when they noticed a man acting rather suspiciously. They followed him through Worcester, Prince and Mercer Streets to Bleecker Street, and where, from the doorway of No. 24, they saw two other men come out, each with a bundle.

"What are you doing here?" said the detectives.

"Moving," was the laconic reply.

"Yes, we can see that," said Cavone, "but who are you?"

"I am Isidore Grubman, a furrier, and my office is in this building. This is Joseph Geller, also a furrier, who lives at 919 Tiffany Street, the Bronx. Anything else we can do for you?"

"Yes," said Cavone, dryly, "take a little walk down to the Mulberry Street Station with us. The place you have just left is the loft of Morris Breitman, and Isidore Grubman has a loft across the street."

At the station house it was found that the bundles contained furs worth several thousand dollars and that Geller was arrested in 1908 for picking pockets, but was paroled by Justice Zeller. He said he had furs in stock worth $12,000 and employed fifteen men, while Grubman said he owned about $15,000 and employed twenty men. They admitted that they had broken into Breitman's place, but said they had been told to do so by a member of the "Dopey Benny" gang or be shot.

The detectives believe that the two men are rivals of Breitman's and took this method to ruin him. They had forced the padlock of his place and substituted one of their own, leaving a third man on the watch outside. He escaped, although Detective Kelly pursued him.

HONOR TO SCHMITTBERGER.

Forty Years a Policeman, Honor Legion Entertains Him at Dinner.

Chief Inspector Max F. Schmittberger, of whom his enemies predicted nineteen years ago that he had "no future" on account of his revelations before the Lexow Committee, was honored last night by the most distinguished men in the department, the Honor Legion, composed of 657 of all ranks. They entertained the Chief Inspector at dinner at Terrace Garden to celebrate his forty years' service. Should he stay on another two years he will have equaled the record of his predecessor, Chief Inspector Moses W. Cortright, and in a single year will tie the latter's six-year record as head of the uniformed force.

Schmittberger made a speech—something unusual for him. He spoke of the appreciation of "good citizens" for the work of the police, but he also said they were often the subjects of the "caprice of those who play the game for glory or gain, for place or power," and, like balls on a pool table, "knocked here and there or pocketed."

"I also have been whacked, followed, and framed," he added, "and that I was not 'busted' or 'broke' was no fault of those who did it. But still we are here, strong in pursuit of the evil doers and the protection of the weak as ever."

Other speakers were Capt. Dominick Henry, Lieut. John H. Ayres, Sergt. John W. Fraser, President of the legion; Sergt. Alexander Knittle, and Lieut. W. T. Davis.

In 1874 Schmittberger became a policeman. He was promoted to be Sergeant in 1882, and Captain in 1890. He was in command of the West Forty-seventh Street Station when Commissioner Greene appointed him Inspector in 1903, and Commissioner Bingham Chief Inspector in 1909.

St. Cecilia Club Concert.

Under the auspices of the St. Cecilia Club a concert was given last night at the Waldorf-Astoria in aid of the Little Missionary Day Nursery by Mme. Emma Eames, Emilio de Gogorza, and the St. Cecilia Club.

PROMPT DELIVERY FREE.
Want advertisements for The New York Times received at American District Messenger offices in New York City at office rates.—Adv.

DUCHESS'S AID TO WOMEN.

Her Grace of Marlborough Wants Hotels for Those of Small Means.

By Marconi Transatlantic Wireless Telegraph to The New York Times.

LONDON, Jan. 28.—The Duchess of Marlborough, presiding at a meeting of the National Association for Women's Lodging Houses at Sunderland House to-day, and referring to the fact that she had received a license for the Mary Curzon Hostel, smilingly said that she never had the idea that she would become the proprietor of a common lodging house, and that the responsibility of being a London landowner weighed heavily upon her.

Outlining the purposes for which the association's hostels were built, the Duchess said that they were designed for the use of the poorest women and those most in need of help. There still remained the problem of women of small means—typewriters, teachers, struggling authors, and hundreds of others earning from $450 to $500 a year. These, she said, came from comfortable homes and were used to decent surroundings, and for them the least was done.

She is particularly anxious to start a home for this class of women, giving them for about $2 a week a flat with the use of a restaurant. The problem in this case, she thinks, is moral rather than economic, and will have to be dealt with.

TO POPULARIZE COLOR WIGS

400 Mannequins to Display Them in Paris's Gay Resorts.

By Marconi Transatlantic Wireless Telegraph to The New York Times.

PARIS, Jan. 28.—The hairdressers of Paris are adopting a novel scheme for popularizing the latest fashion freak, namely, color wigs. Four hundred mannequins selected from those employed by the leading couturiers are to be provided with color wigs in which to appear at balls and music hall resorts of Montmartre and other rendezvous of gay Paris.

"It will probably be some time before color wigs are a part of woman's walking attire," said a member of the Fashion Committee, "but we expect to see them worn more and more in fashionable salons and at the theatre. Ah! if only the Opéra would give a soirée and a few ladies would appear at it in color wigs!"

The price of the color wig always proves a bar to its success. Before a wig can be colored the hair composing it must be bleached, and not all hair resists this operation. The consequence is that a pound of raw material costs $100. The process of coloring is extremely delicate and this fact alone makes for costliness. Only the wealthy will be able to afford a fresh wig for every fresh gown.

IS HIS OWN UNCLE.

Other Curious Relationships by a German Count's Marriage.

Special Cable to THE NEW YORK TIMES.

BERLIN, Jan. 28.—Prince Blücher von Wahlstatt, a well-known German nobleman and descendant of the Prussian hero of Waterloo, who has made his home in London for many years, recently became brother-in-law of his own son. The latter, Count Lothar Blücher, is the only child of the Prince's second marriage.

In January, 1913, Count Lothar married Princess Louise Radziwill, an elder sister of his own stepmother, Princess Wanda Radziwill, whom his father married in St. Petersburg in 1895.

Father and son not only thus become brothers-in-law, but Count Lothar also becomes uncle of his younger sisters and brothers. He also, as the husband of his aunt, becomes his own uncle. If he has a son he will be the latter's great-uncle and also his cousin.

RUSSO-AMERICAN BANK PLAN

Overtures to Russian Government—Big Deposit Is Demanded.

ST. PETERSBURG, Jan. 28.—Informal overtures were made to-day by a group of Russians to the Ministry of Finance with a view to obtaining a charter for a Russo-American bank, intended to promote trade between Russia and the United States. The applicants intimated that they were acting in concert with large American banking interests.

The reply given was to the effect that no discussion of the matter could be entertained until securities representing half the amount of the capital of the proposed bank, aggregating $2,500,000, had been deposited either in St. Petersburg or abroad. This precaution was intended, it was pointed out, to preclude the risk of negotiations being opened with mere concession hunters, and it in no way implied the readiness of the Ministry of Finance to grant the charter demanded.

As far as information obtainable from official quarters goes, no deposit has yet been made, nor has a formal application for a concession been received.

It was said in authoritative circles to-day that, while the efforts to promote Russo-American relations initiated by the United States Consul General and the Moscow Chamber of Commerce and the visits of prominent Russians and Americans to each other's countries were expected to be productive of good, it was thought doubtful whether the relations between the two countries had yet reached a stage such as would warrant American financiers in opening a special bank here.

Desirable Offices For Rent

The rapid growth of my business necessitates my removal to larger quarters in the Cuyler Building, at 120 West 32d St. On this account I offer, at a most attractive rental, the suite of five offices which I now occupy at 315 Fourth Av.

These offices were formerly used as the business offices of Good Housekeeping. Offices are completely fitted, ready for you to move in and do business. Not a penny of expense needed for partitions, decorating or fixtures.

Excellent location for dry goods, textiles or similar business; also for advertising, publishing, etc. Could be used jointly by two or three concerns. Unusually reasonable price, with three-year lease.

Charles W. Hoyt
Advertising Sales Management
315 Fourth Avenue.

Your Dusty Pigeon Holes
Cleaned Instantly and Thoroughly With a
D. S. C.—DUSTLESS DESK DUSTER
Chemically Treated—Absorbs Dust.
Will Not Dirty Your Hands or Papers.
Outwears Six Unsanitary Feather Dusters.
Sent Postpaid, 20c. Each. $2.00 per dozen.
DUSTLESS SPECIALTIES CO.
45 W. 34th St., N. Y. C.

PILLAGING CHECKED IN PORT AU PRINCE

Street Fighting Has Stopped, and Foreign Bluejackets Preserve Order.

TWO U. S. WARSHIPS THERE

South Carolina, with 900 Men, Joined Montana Yesterday—1,500 Men Available.

PORT AU PRINCE, Jan. 28.—With the arrival to-day of the United States battleship South Carolina, and with American and German bluejackets guarding the legations and patrolling the town, conditions here took on a more orderly aspect. A Committee of Public Safety has been organized, and it is believed that all danger to foreign residents is past.

President Oreste is still aboard the German cruiser Vineta and the country is without a government. The former Haitian Minster at Washington, Solon Menos, who it was thought would act as Chairman of the Committee of Safety, declined to serve, and a former Senator, Stephen Archer, was named as Chairman. The committee sent a delegation on board the yacht Nord Alexis to arrange for the entry into the capital of Senator Davilar-Theodore the leader of the revolution, who is now at Cape Haitien. Other measures will be taken to establish a government at as early a date as possible.

The South Carolina came at here at top speed from Guanantamo. She carries a crew of nearly 900 men, most of whom can be landed at a moment's notice. The Montana's crew, including a company of marines, numbers more than 600.

Advices from Jamaica report the departure for Haiti of Gen. Monplaisir, ex-Minister of War, and ex-President Simon. The diplomatic representatives, at the request of the Committee of Safety, have decided that Gen. Monplaisir shall not be permitted to come ashore.

All firing ceased in Port au Prince today and complete order was maintained. To-night the streets are guarded by mixed patrols of Americans and Germans.

PARIS, Jan. 28.—The French Consul at Port au Prince was instructed by the Foreign Office to-day to telegraph to the commander of the French cruiser Condé, now in Mexican waters, to hasten to Haiti should the situation caused by the revolution and the flight of President Michel Oreste become worse.

WASHINGTON, Jan. 28.—When the battleship South Carolina, with her 750 enlisted men, including a company of marines joined the armored cruiser Montana at Port au Prince to-day officials of the Navy Department felt reassured as to the ability of the naval contingent at the Haitien capital to suppress anarchy and extend full protection to all foreign interests.

The South Carolina was selected for this duty by Rear Admiral Badger because her commander, Capt. Russell, who recently vacated the post of Judge Advocate General of the Navy, was regarded as peculiarly equipped to deal with questions of international law that might arise in handling the situation at Port au Prince.

To-day's advices to the State Department from the American Legation confirmed press reports of the events of the past twenty-four hours, including the flight of the President, the landing of American and German bluejackets to protect foreigners, and the desultory firing in the town last night. It was said that at last reports the revolutionists had not entered the city, but were believed to be on the way there from St. Marc, about forty-eight miles distant.

The State Department has not decided to interfere in any way with the revolution now going on in Haiti at this stage, but is observing developments with keen interest. It is expected here that a successful effort will be made to reconvene the Haitien Congress, to provide in constit

NEVER SATISFIED

SOMEONE has said "To be successful is to be never satisfied." That is our theory about the guarantee fund behind our policies.

We insist that something be added to it every year. Our capital, surplus and undivided profits now are $16,495,690—a quarter of a million more than they were a year ago. The added amount will more than take care of the increased obligations to our policy holders.

A title policy that is being so well safeguarded is the kind you want when you buy property.

TITLE GUARANTEE AND TRUST Co

Capital . . $ 5,000,000
Surplus(all earned) 11,000,000

176 B'way, N. Y. 175 Remsen St., B'klyn. 350 Fulton St., Jamaica.

BY TRANSATLANTIC WIRELESS AND CABLE TO THE TIMES

EXILES LABOR MEN AT SEA FOR MONTHS

South African Government Deports Strike Leaders on Ship That Has No Wireless.

ITS ACTION IS DENOUNCED

"A Very Cynical Conclusion to the South African War," Says James Ramsay Macdonald.

JOHANNESBURG, Jan. 28.—The most minute precautions were taken by the Government to keep secret the deportation from South Africa of ten of the principal labor leaders, and a strict press censorship was instituted.

It was only by accident that the action of the Government became known. The men were heard singing labor songs on board the train, and an investigation showed that they were under a strong guard. The labor men themselves were ignorant of their destination and were greatly surprised when they reached Durban.

The Government had chartered the entire passenger accommodation of the steamer Umgeni. The vessel is without a wireless system and will take months to reach London. A large force of police and detectives is also on board.

When the Umgeni crossed the bar she anchored in the roadstead, and the prisoners were told that she would remain there for an hour and a half to enable them to write to their relatives and friends ashore.

CAPE TOWN, Jan. 28.—The deportation from South Africa of ten of the principal labor leaders was carried out so quietly last night that little was known of the occurrence to-day.

The men, who had taken a prominent part in the recent strike, arrived in Durban under a strong guard. At midnight they were placed on board the steamer Umgeni, which sailed immediately for England.

PRETORIA, Jan. 28.—Leave to apply to attach the Ministers of Justice, Defence, and the Interior of the Union of South Africa for contempt of court in deporting the labor leaders, was granted to-day by a Supreme Court Judge, Sir John Wessels.

The Judge said that if he had yesterday possessed the information he now had he would have granted an injunction restraining the Government from deporting the men.

GLASGOW, Jan. 28.—Resolutions strongly condemning the Government of the Union of South Africa for deporting the labor leaders and demanding that the British Government recall Viscount Gladstone, the Governor-General, were passed unanimously to-day by the annual Labor Conference, sitting here.

Heated speeches were delivered in which denunciations were expressed of the "violation of the most elementary rights of British citizenship," by Gen. Louis Botha, the Premier of South Africa.

James Ramsay Macdonald, the well-known Socialist and Labor Member of Parliament, described the South African Government's action as "a very cynical conclusion to the South African War."

Another comment loudly applauded was: "It is a worse scandal than that of Chinese labor"—referring to the South African Government's ordinance by which Asiatic laborers were brought to South Africa under contract at low wages to work in the mines, but which was later repealed.

ENGLISH OPINION DIVIDED.

Conservative Papers Applaud Botha, Liberals Condemn Him.

By Marconi Transatlantic Wireless Telegraph to The New York Times.

LONDON, Thursday, Jan. 29.—Premier Botha's latest blow at the forces of Syndicalism in South Africa has aroused considerable interest here, and the likelihood of complicated results following the dramatic deportation of the labor leaders is recognized.

The discussion mainly centres on the legal aspect of Gen. Botha's action, and, while the Conservative journals applaud his bold stroke, they agree that it is doubtful if it is within the strict limits of legality, inasmuch as it has been delivered without leave of the courts.

Liberal opinion, as voiced by The Daily News, strongly condemns the deportation as a lamentable business and a grave offense. The paper declares that what Gen. Botha has demonstrated is the complete subjection of law to force, and says that the step he has taken is an excellent precedent for superseding the Legislature also.

In the meantime the prospect of the visit of the deported labor leaders to London is regarded with mixed feelings.

The Daily Mail's correspondent at Pretoria says the public there is getting restive as a result of Premier Botha's drastic methods of dealing with the labor crisis, and it is probable that the immediate future there will be a sharp revulsion of feeling against the Botha Government.

LONDON, Thursday, Jan. 29.—The Daily Telegraph, in an editorial which does not hesitate to accuse Bain and his colleagues of having tried to start a revolution and failed, seeks, in common with the other conservative morning papers, to justify Gen. Botha on the ground that he faced the danger of a native uprising.

At the same time, The Telegraph realizes that a very delicate and difficult situation has arisen for the Imperial Government. "It is useless to deny," it says, "that it is a new thing for British subjects to be deported in this summary fashion by one of the Dominion Governments, and if, as is alleged, the deportation is illegal, it will be difficult for the Imperial Government to acquiesce without a request for an explanation and for justification."

The Morning Post is ironical at the expense of James Ramsay Macdonald, and other labor leaders, who figured in the conference at Glasgow yesterday, at which resolutions strongly condeming the Government of the Union of South Africa were adopted. The Post reminds them that they helped the Liberal Government to place the Governement of South Africa in the hands of the Boers, and says that they must not be surprised when the Boers govern in accordance with Boer ideas.

Viscount Gladstone, the Governor-General, will reopen the South African Parliament to-day.

There has been a general belief that Premier Botha would get an effective majority to support him in his recent acts, but, according to an uncensored Pretoria dispatch, this is doubtful.

Other South African dispatches show that a strict censorship is still being enforced against telegraphic matter to the newspapers.

CHINESE ENVOY A VICTIM.

Loses $50,000 in Swiss Bank Failure—Directors Arrested.

By Marconi Transatlantic Wireless Telegraph to The New York Times.

GENEVA, Jan. 28.—The Chinese Minister at St. Petersburg, who spends the Winter at a villa at Lugano every year, lost $50,000 in the recent crash of the Cantonal Bank at Lugano. It is stated that he has applied to the Federal Government with a view to having the money refunded.

By the failure of the Crédit Tessinois Bank at Locarno $180,000 worth of shares and obligations belonging to New York banks have been lost.

The total losses of these two Swiss banks amount to nearly $5,000,000.

Many Directors have been arrested, including one Federal Counselor.

TANGO TEACHER ASKS $4,000

His Suit Against the Archbishop of Paris to be Heard Soon.

By Marconi Transatlantic Wireless Telegraph to The New York Times.

PARIS, Jan. 28.—The action brought by a professor of dancing against the Archbishop of Paris on account of the latter's prohibition of the tango will, it is expected, come before the Paris courts within the next fortnight.

The professor claims $4,000 damages, alleging that the Archbishop by the prohibition caused him great loss, as many pupils in fashionable circles are not now taking lessons.

In the meantime a contest for the tango championship of the world is being arranged, to begin next Monday.

DEFENDS OUR GIRLS WHO STUDY ABROAD

Meeting in Berlin Passes Resolutions Deploring the Attacks on Their Conduct.

AMBASSADOR'S WIFE SPEAKS

Says She and Her Husband Have Countless Assurances That the Accusations Are Untrue.

Special Cable to THE NEW YORK TIMES.

BERLIN, Jan. 28.—At one of the most remarkable public meetings ever held in Berlin, the American colony to-night placed itself vigorously on record in protest against the charges circulating at home concerning "immorality" among American girl students in Europe.

Official weight was lent to the protest by the active participation of Mrs. Gerard, wife of the United States Ambassador, in the meeting, which was held at the American Woman's Club, of which she is President.

Mrs. Gerard, addressing the meeting, which was attended by over 300 persons, including many prominent German musicians, said it could not voice too strong a protest against the slander leveled at young, aspiring American womanhood. Both she and the Ambassador, since the crusade had begun to attract attention in Germany, had been the recipients of countless assurances from scores of qualified authorities in all parts of Germany to the effect that the accusations under discussion were grotesquely untrue.

The meeting was presided over by Dr. Alice H. Luce, formerly Dean of Wellesley. Addresses were made by Ernest Hutcheson of Baltimore and George Fergusson of Chicago, who are teachers practicing their profession in Berlin, and by Prof. Gustav Hollander, Dean of a well-known local conservatory.

Speaking from twenty years' experience of American girl students, Prof. Hollander said it was just they who were conspicuous for industry, enthusiasm, and moral stamina.

Letters expressing similar sentiments were read from Mme. Etelka Gerster and Prof. Xavier Scharwenka. Many speakers said it was not the meeting's intent to complain of the movement in progress in the United States to popularize greater study of music by Americans in their own country, but they said they met to oppose unfair tactics employed to divert Americans who desired to do so from coming abroad for a musical education. The following resolutions were unanimously adopted:

Whereas, It has come to the knowledge of the American community in Berlin that a certain musical journal and musical interests in the United States have inaugurated a campaign against the alleged immorality prevailing among American students, particularly young women, in Europe; and

Whereas, Americans studying in Berlin, one of the greatest, if not the greatest, musical art centres on this side of the Atlantic, feel themselves especially traduced by these allegations; therefore be it

Resolved, By this meeting, representative of all forms of organized life in the German capital, and including men and women capable of speaking from first-hand knowledge of actual conditions, that a most vigorous protest be, and is hereby, lodged against the accusations, conceived in utter distortion of the truth. And be it further

Resolved, That this meeting, held on the premises of the American Woman's Club, an organization which for years has devoted itself to the welfare and guidance of American girl students in Germany, cause it to be known far and wide throughout the United States by every means at its command that the suggestion that American girls study in Berlin at their moral peril, risk of financial ruin, and physical disadvantage, is a base calumny and fantastic untruth.

KAISER PRAISES OUR WOMEN

Wonders Where So Much Beauty Comes From—Glad to Welcome Them

Special Cable to THE NEW YORK TIMES.

BERLIN, Jan. 28.—The Kaiser has taken occasion in the past few days, in connection with the appearance of many American women at the season's royal functions in Berlin, to express the lively satisfaction which he has derived from seeing such a "splendid aggregation of beauty" at his Court.

"Where do all your beautiful women come from?" the Emperor was overheard to say to a well-known American at the Palace one day this week.

"Really I do not believe there is another country in the world which can make such a showing," continued His Majesty. "I am always delighted to welcome your women here. Their good looks, grace, and style add to the brilliancy of my Court."

ALSACE-LORRAINE MINISTRY RESIGNS

Gov. Gen. von Wedel's Policy Was Conciliatory and He Objected to the Army's Acts.

"ENERGY" IS NOW ADVISED

The Two Men So Far Mentioned for the Governor Generalship Are Both Reactionaries.

STRASSBURG, Jan. 28.—Baron Zorn von Bulach, the Secretary of State, announced in the Diet to-day that the entire civil Government of Alsace-Lorraine had resigned as a result of the difficulty which recently arose between the civil and military authorities at Zabern.

BERLIN, Jan. 28.—The resignation to-day of Gov. Gen. Count Charles von Wedel and the Alsace-Lorraine Ministry excites no surprise in Berlin, as it is known that the Governor General at his audience of Emperor William last week emphasized his strong disapproval of the manner in which the military authorities had handled the Zabern incident, and at the same time also tendered his resignation to his Majesty.

Count von Wedel's retirement, however, raises a difficult problem for solution by the Imperial Government. It is pointed out in political circles that the Governor General pursued a policy of conciliation which was strongly censured by the Prussian Conservatives, and since the Zabern affair they have been urging the Emperor to show a strong hand and to sustain the energetic measures of the military.

Thus far the only persons suggested for the Governor Generalship are those of Gen. Baron von Heiningen, Commandant of the Fourteenth Army Corps, and Baron von Schorlemer-Lieser, ex-President of the Rhine Province. Both are Reactionaries.

EARL FITZWILLIAM FIGHTS.

As Co-Respondent Is Protecting Not Only Name, but Pocket.

By Marconi Transatlantic Wireless Telegraph to The New York Times.

LONDON, Jan. 28.—Earl Fitzwilliam has instructed his lawyers strenuously to fight the allegations contained in the petition naming him as co-respondent in the Leslie Melville divorce case.

In papers already filed the Earl emphatically denies the suggested misconduct with Mrs. Leslie Melville. He states that his association with her was of a strictly platonic, friendly character. A great deal of correspondence will be produced before the court.

It is understood that the petitioner claims large damages from Lord Fitzwilliam as the alleged alienator of his wife's affections. The sum of $100,000 has been mentioned. It is this claim for damages which the Earl insists on resisting to the utmost.

King George is greatly concerned in regard to this trouble of one of his friends. He has, it is reported, written to Lord Fitzwilliam to the effect that he must clear himself of the accusations at the earliest possible moment. The Earl's reply, it is said, is an assurance of his absolute innocence and a recital of his personal views as to the reason for citation as co-respondent.

LONDON COAL STRIKE FAILS.

Only One Employer, Sir Edwin Cornwall, Will Pay Increased Wages

By Marconi Transatlantic Wireless Telegraph to The New York Times.

LONDON, Jan. 28.—London's coal strike collapsed to-day, the men returning to work on the old terms, except in the case of the employes of Sir Edwin Cornwall, who granted the union's demands.

The extent of the men's defeat is evident from the fact that a few days ago they refused the employers' offer of arbitration, and even declined to work for Sir Edwin Cornwall at a higher rate. They have partly the warm weather to thank and partly their own bad tactics, particularly in their refusal to accept Sir Edwin's offer.

EARTHQUAKE IN ARGENTINA.

Panic in Mendoza, Which Was Destroyed by a Shock in 1861.

BUENOS AIRES, Jan. 28.—Earthquake shocks occurred at Mendoza this afternoon. The shocks were preceded by several pronounced subterranean rumblings. The disturbances caused a panic.

Mendoza is the capital of the Province of Mendoza, and is about sixty miles from the volcano of Aconcagua. It has a population of about 30,000. In 1861 the town was overthrown by an earthquake.

FORESIGHT

There is such a thing as looking so far ahead as to overlook the dangers close at hand.

The foresight which induces an Owner to improve a piece of property for the income it will yield may be excellent, but not if it fails to take proper precautions for the preservation of the investment against extravagance, poor workmanship and delayed completion.

Yet it should require no foresight to employ us—it is as plain as daylight that we are all the precaution an Owner needs.

THOMPSON-STARRETT COMPANY
Building Construction

A very large assortment of up-to-date IMPORTED AND DOMESTIC
Evening and Street Costumes
at less than one-half regular prices.
MME. NAFTAL, 69 WEST 45TH ST.

JOSÉ VILA

HAVANA CIGARS

MADE IN BOND
under
GOVERNMENT SUPERVISION
of
HAVANA TOBACCO
IMPORTED FROM CUBA
GUARANTEED by this
Stamp on every box.

TOBACCO IMPORTED FROM CUBA — UNITED STATES CUSTOMS — CIGARS — MANUFACTURED IN BOND — MADE AT TAMPA, FLA. LONG FILLER WITHOUT BINDER SPANISH METHOD

THE above Government Customs Stamp guarantees you that Jose Vila Cigars are made of the same tobacco and workmanship as cigars imported from Cuba, 25% less in price. More costly to dealers than adulterated cigars. Popular prices to you, 3 for 25c and up. If you dealer does not carry them and you are a lover of Pure Havana Cigars, notify us.

Berriman Bros., Makers, 1170 Broadway.

The Store is opened daily at 9 A. M.

B. Altman & Co.

The Department for Women's Gowns
(Third Floor)

is now making an interesting display of new Spring models, indicating the latest fashion developments as to style features and materials. Included are Women's Imported Silk Gowns for afternoon and evening; Women's Imported Tailor-made Suits; Women's Tailored Separate Skirts of silk moire, taffeta, serge, etc., and Women's and Misses' Riding Habits.

Fifth Avenue, 34th and 35th Streets, New York.

Arnold, Constable & Co

Mail Orders Promptly Filled

Clearance Sale of Men's Shirts

WHITE SILK DRESS SHIRTS—The newest and finest grades of closely tucked and "tango" dress or tuxedo shirts. Pure silk throughout with soft silk or starched double cuffs. Staple and novelty effects, sizes 14 to 18.
Regularly $5.75 to $6.50 4.95

PURE SILK FANCY SHIRTS—Entirely new styles added to our usual large and complete assortments of fine quality, good weight tub silk shirts. All neat black and colored stripes on white grounds. *Regularly $4.50* 2.95

Leather Goods

TRAVELLING BAGS—Genuine black walrus and black pigskin; English sewn-in frames, best brass locks and clasps.
Regularly $13.50, $15.00 10.75

SOLE LEATHER SUIT CASES—Light weight but strongly made. Styles with clasps or straps.
Sizes from 18 to 24 inches. *Special prices* 5.50 to 18.00

Silk Umbrellas

WOMEN'S—Natural handles, Shepherd crooks and straights with long shanks. Excellent grade of taffeta on strong 8-rib frames. *Regularly $3.00* 1.95

WOMEN'S—Novelty handles. All sterling silver trimmed with caps, bands and inlaid work. Good weight pure silk.
Regularly $4.50 2.95

Special Sale of
Blouses and Waists
Will be held Friday and Saturday, comprising

Embroidered Net Blouses with fancy trimming and lace; White Chiffon Cloth, lace yoke, imported lace trimming; Crepe Chiffon Waists, lace and silk collar and frills; Cream Net Blouses, corded model, frills and black maline tie; French Batiste Waists, hand made, low neck, short sleeves; Fancy Chiffon Blouses with contrasting vestee and collar, flesh colored net lining; Crepe de Chine Blouses in colors, net lined, hemstitched. *Regularly $10.75 and $12.50* 8.75

Kid Gloves

GLACE, 20 button length, best quality; white only. *Value $4.50 pair* 3.45
GLACE, 16 button length, best quality: white, champagne and black. *Value $3.50 pair* 2.85
DOESKIN, 12 button length, white only. *Value $2.50 pair* 1.95

Broadway & 19th Street

A Plain Business Proposition

Can you afford to go on suffering from biliousness, sleeplessness, heart flutter and various other troubles so often brought on by coffee drinking, just because you like coffee?

Thousands have quit coffee and are using **Postum**, and to their joy find that the annoying coffee troubles have quickly disappeared. Not only that, but they find Postum a delightful beverage, with a rich flavour resembling that of Old Gov't Java.

Postum, unlike coffee, contains no caffeine nor other drug. Made only from clean hard wheat, with a small per cent of New Orleans molasses, it is a pure, wholesome food-drink which can be freely enjoyed with benefit by all the family.

Postum now comes in two forms:

Regular Postum—must be boiled 15 to 20 minutes.

Instant Postum—is a soluble powder. A scant teaspoonful to each cup of hot water dissolves instantly.

The convenience of Instant Postum is apparent. But, when prepared according to directions both kinds are exactly the same. The cost per cup is about the same.

—Grocers everywhere sell both kinds.

If coffee don't agree, try POSTUM
"There's a Reason"

Smith Gray & Co.
RECEIVER'S SALE
IN ALL FOUR STORES
OF ALL OUR WINTER CLOTHING
Added to This Is
OUR SPRING STOCK
All of which is to be
SACRIFICED
AT BANKRUPTCY PRICES
Clothing of such fine material and so conscientiously made CANNOT be purchased as cheap elsewhere in New York City
All Goods Must Be Sold AT ONCE
By Order of
OSCAR A. LEWIS, RECEIVER
For the Alleged Bankrupt
All Stores Open Until 7:30 P. M.
Smith Gray & Co.
NEW YORK
BROADWAY AT WARREN ST
5TH AVENUE ABOVE 27TH ST.
4 STORES
BROOKLYN
FULTON ST. AT FLATBUSH AV.
BROADWAY AT BEDFORD AV.

J. M. Gidding & Co.
Fifth Avenue At 46th St.

The fastidious Parisienne who is now shopping in the fashionable *ateliers* of the Place Vendome and Rue de la Paix for her Winter sojourn on the Riviera, enjoys no greater advantages than does the discerning New York woman who seeks the solution of her dress problems in the Gidding Salons.

In this establishment *de luxe* the new Spring styles of the leading French *couturiers* are being introduced almost daily. Original models and authentic interpretations of Paris Spring modes are ready for *immediate selection.*

Millinery Gowns Dresses
Wraps Suits Coats
Coatees Separate Skirts Blouses

Charge Purchases will be billed March 1st.

Wild's Orientals

The measures of value in Oriental Rugs are little understood by the average purchaser—except as to the outward condition of the fabric.

By patiently and rigorously applying all the standards in making our own selections, we safeguard the customer against the errors of haste and inexperience.

JOSEPH WILD & CO.
Fifth Ave. and 35th St.
Largest Specialty Rug House in America

FIND TYPHUS FEVER ON ELLIS ISLAND

Dr. Williams Discovers Case Among Immigrants Brought in on the Rochambeau.

140 HELD; 42 ARE GONE

French Liner Thoroughly Disinfected by Health Squad—Sixth Case to Reach New York Recently.

The sixth case of typhus fever to reach New York from Europe in the past sixty days was discovered yesterday at Ellis Island among the immigrants landed on Tuesday by the French Line steamship Rochambeau from Havre.

When the liner arrived in Quarantine Dr. Joseph J. O'Connell, the Health Officer of the Port, went on board, and, according to the report given out by his Secretary yesterday, there was not a single passenger in the steerage with a "temperature." The Rochambeau was allowed to proceed to her pier and the immigrants were later taken to Ellis Island.

While Dr. L. L. Williams, Chief Medical Officer, was examining some of the immigrants in the hospital yesterday morning he discovered one man who had symptoms of typhus and he immediately telephoned to the Health Officer at Quarantine who sent up Dr. Clark to look at the case. Dr. Clark agreed with Dr. Williams that it was typhus fever and immediately ordered the patient to be removed to Swinburne Island where the hospital for contagious diseases is.

The Rochambeau landed 183 immigrants altogether, and of that number 140 were still on Ellis Island when the typhus case was discovered. They were immediately ordered to Hoffman's Island for observation.

Late in the afternoon the Health Officer's special staff from the Quarantine station went to the Rochambeau at her pier, foot of West Fifteenth Street, and thoroughly disinfected her.

Byron H. Uhl, Acting Commissioner of Immigration, said last night that he had sent the names and addresses of the forty-two immigrants who had been landed in New York and allowed to proceed to their destinations to Gen. Blue, the head of the United States Public Health Service, to take what action he deemed necessary in the matter. The man who developed typhus is an Italian. He was traveling alone and was assigned to the forward steerage on the Rochambeau.

Two cases of typhus were brought here on the steamship Belvedere of the Austro-American Line and one on the Kaiser Josef I. of the same company. The two other cases were developed in the steerage of the steamship Roma of the Fabre Line.

Dr. O'Connell believes that the outbreak of typhus in Europe is a result of the Balkan wars, but does not think there is any danger of its visiting this country. Until the Roma arrived, there had not been a case of typhus landed in this port for twenty years.

LIMIT ON TALL BUILDINGS.

Commission's Report to be Acted Upon by City Authorities.

The report of the Heights of Buildings Commission, headed by former Public Service Commissioner Edward M. Bassett, has been printed in pamphlet form and will soon be taken up for consideration by the Board of Estimate. If the report is acted upon favorably by that board, it will be sent to the Board of Aldermen for final action. The two bodies together are empowered by the charter to enact general ordinances regulating the height of buildings, and such action is recommended by the commission.

New legislation, however, will be required before a thorough system of building control can be perfected, for the report points out that not only a height limitation is necessary, but a separation of the city into districts as well.

DINNER TO GEORGE WHITE.

Former Pupils of Veteran Teacher Will Gather on Feb. 5.

George White's "boys," who had been his pupils some time during his fifty-two years' service as teacher or principal in the public schools of the city, are to have him as their guest at the annual dinner of the George White Alumni Association, to be held at the Hotel Savoy on Thursday evening, Feb. 5. Many of the White "boys" are now men of affairs, and they come from all parts of America and the Old World to do him honor.

Some who will play host to the veteran school principal are Justices Francis M. Scott, Chester B. McLaughlin, and Joseph Mulqueen, Cyrus E. Miller, ex-Senator Nathaniel A. Elsberg, Dr. Charles A. Elsberg, John F. O'Rourke, Edward Lauterbach, and Abe Gruber.

HAIR

Its Nature, Growth, and Common Affections, with Rules for Its Preservation. Profusely Illustrated. By RICHARD W. MULLER, M. D. Wm. R. Jenkins Co., Pub., N. Y. Cloth Bound, $1.50.

PROMPT DELIVERY FREE. Want advertisements for The New York Times received at American District Messenger offices in New York City at office rates.—Adv.

WILL TEST RADIUM TO DRIVE OUT FRAUD

Columbia Laboratory Will Aid in Effort to Force Charlatans to Cover.

NEW OFFICIAL STANDARD

Radium Institute Arranges for Scientific Comparisons—Pegram Describes Tests of Radium Tubes.

Radium charlatans, some of whom are members of the medical profession, already have made their appearance, according to officers of the Radium Institute of America, and to checkmate them as far as possible the Radium Institute will be prepared after Feb. 1 to test the contents of any tube of alleged radium submitted to its experts for examination and tell how much real radium there is in the tube.

The tests will be made at Columbia University, in the laboratories of the department of physics. Prof. George B. Pegram will have charge of the tests, and they will be made without any fee as a contribution to the public welfare.

In preliminary tests it has been found that radium tubes capable of throwing off a brilliant glow in a dark room contain often no more than one-tenth of 1 per cent. to 1 per cent. of radio-active matter, whereas any tube of radium employed in the treatment of a cancer patient ought to contain at the minimum 25 per cent. of pure radium, and to be classified "high grade" the tube should contain approximately 98 per cent. of the pure product.

The suggestion that the Radium Institute should have tests made of radium offered for the treatment of cancer patients was made by Prof. C. F. Chandler, who for many years was head of the department of chemistry of Columbia University and is Chairman of the Board of Directors of the Radium Institute of America. Prof. Chandler consulted with Prof. George B. Pegram of the department of physics, from whom he learned that apparatus already had been installed in the laboratories of the department to make radium tests.

The proposed tests will not be made according to the old standards that have been in use since Mme. Curie discovered radium, but will be made upon a new basis, with the strength of pure radium instead of the strength of uranium, from which radium comes, as the basis for computation.

The new method could not be used until after the arrival in this country, on Jan. 16, of a speck of radium weighing twenty milligrams from the laboratories of Mme. Curie. This speck of radium came from a small quantity produced for the governments and the leading scientific laboratories of the world. It was produced as "standard" radium after an international congress had decided that a new system of computation was needed.

Washington Fixes Standard.

America's share was sent to the Bureau of Standards in Washington. It is the plan of the Radium Institute to submit to the Bureau of Standards a speck of radium weighing half a milligram which now is in the laboratory of Prof. Pegram. This speck will be "rated" according to the standard of the radium in Washington, and after that any radium tested here can be "rated" according to the standard agreed upon for all nations.

Prof. Pegram's radium already has been compared with radium owned by Prof. E. Rutherford, which had been compared with the standard radium furnished by Mme. Curie. Prof. Pegram, therefore, knows its rating, but in order to have this rating made official it will be compared with the standard radium now in Washington.

Prof. Pegram explained yesterday how it was possible to make accurate tests of any tube of radium submitted without breaking the tube, and without using more than the half milligram of radium as a standard.

"To make these tests," he said, "we take advantage of the third of the four characteristic qualities of radium. Its first quality, of course, in the order of importance, is that it will affect photographic plates just as light will. After that come its ability to produce fluorescence, to ionize the air, and to produce heat.

"The tests are made through its peculiar manner of ionizing the air. Whenever radium is present electric current can be discharged from an electrical apparatus. One milligram of pure radium will discharge an electrical tester at a certain rate, which remains fixed, and varies in accordance with the amount of radium in any given tube submitted.

How the Tests are Made.

"The method of testing any submitted tube will be to place the bit of standard radium near an electrical machine, on which an indicator will mark the speed at which the machine is discharged. After this preliminary test the tube of radium it is proposed to test will be placed near the machine and the comparative speed with which the indicator moves will give the radium contents of the tube.

"I have been making these tests for some time, but announced the results as unofficial 'approximations,' because my radium had been compared only unofficially with standard radium.

"The manner in which the new standards were fixed is interesting. Prof. Boltwood of Yale participated in the International Radium Congress, which met at Brussels three years ago. He also served as the representative of the United States on the Executive Committee, which had the task of devising a proper way to measure radium.

"The Executive Committee asked St. Meyer of Vienna and Mme. Curie to make, independently of each other, the purest radium possible. Both responded, and the committee, on comparing the two samples, found them substantially identical. The members of the committee thereupon decided that in these samples they had as nearly pure radium as it was possible to obtain, and decided that the samples should be divided among the nations of the world, to be used as the basis for computations.

"Then followed annoyance, due to the fact that Mme. Curie had had nothing except uranium with which to compare her early radium product. You know her early experiments were undertaken to satisfy her curiosity as to why some uranium was 'stronger' than other uranium. As she graded her samples up she reached a product many thousands of times 'stronger' than uranium, and called this polonium.

"Radium, when she finally precipitated it, she found to be 2,000,000 times stronger than her original uranium. We have been grading our radium samples ever since on this basis. A man announces that he has a tube of radium 7,000 units strong. That is impressive, except to the laboratory expert, who knows it really means that his radium is just a shade over a third of 1 per cent. 'strong.'

"Similarly a tube marked to contain a strength of 500,000 must be set down as only 25 per cent. pure. We will do away with all this now, and rate the radium samples as compared with pure radium instead of pure uranium. The result will be ratings that really signify to all their exact meaning."

The Radium Institute of America plans to hold a public meeting early in February, at which plans will be discussed to make the institute a general clearing house in America for authoritative information about radium.

COMPROMISE RADIUM BILL.

May Provide for Government Plants and Purchase of Ores.

Special to The New York Times.

WASHINGTON, Jan. 28.—Plans for putting the Government into the business of buying radium-bearing ores that may be hereafter found on the public lands of the country and the creation of Government plants for extracting the radium from such ores were tentatively evolved at a meeting held to-night by the House Committee on Mines and Mining. The hearings on the radium question were closed to-day and the committee met to-night to consider a tentative draft of a compromise radium bill drafted this afternoon by Representatives Foster of Illinois, Taylor of Colorado, and Howell of Utah.

This bill was not finally agreed upon, but the main principles laid down in the tentative measure are expected to be the basis of an agreement between those who have been favoring absolute withdrawal of Government lands containing radium bearing ores and representatives from Colorado and Utah who have been insisting that the Government should not "lock up" any lands containing such ores.

One suggestion made in the committee to-day was that an appropriation of $200,000 be recommended in the compromise bill for the erection and equipment of buildings for extracting radium in the mining States of the West, and also an appropriation of $400,000 for the other purposes of the act.

DENVER, Col., Jan. 28.—Gov. E. M. Ammons telegraphed Senator Shafroth to-day urging him to fight against the withdrawal of radium lands, and in a letter to the Senator he expressed the fear that the withdrawal of those lands would tend toward the withdrawal of all mineral lands.

"If radium is so badly needed would it not be more sensible to offer a premium on the discovery and production and thus get the mineral quicker?" asked the Governor in his telegram to Senator Shafroth.

Cancer Patients Improving.

BALTIMORE, Md., Jan. 28.—Congressman R. G. Bremner of New Jersey and Miss Margaret Quayle, daughter of Bishop Quayle of the Methodist Episcopal Church, who are receiving radium treatments here, were reported to be in an improved condition to-day.

Tacoma, Disabled, Reaches Port.

PORTSMOUTH, N. H., Jan. 28.—The United States cruiser Tacoma, which dropped one of her propellers off Nantucket Lightship in a heavy gale on Sunday while bound up the coast from Vera Cruz, arrived here to-day under her own steam and entered the dry dock at the navy yard. The cruiser was able to make only about five knots an hour in the last two days.

BE KIND TO YOUR LIVER!

Don't force a balky Liver with drastic purgatives. Use a gentle remedy and avoid irreparable injury. Take the Right Remedy which will satisfy your Liver and yourself. 1 or 2 Pills at night relieve constipation. Get a box of

Hunyadi Janos Pills

at any up-to-date Drug Store, or if he has not got it, send 25 cents in stamps NOW by mail to Andreas Saxlehner, New York.

START SEASIDE HOSPITAL.

"Smiling Joe" Fund of $257,000 Now to Aid Invalid Children.

Construction of the new Seaside Hospital at Telawanna Park, Rockaway, has begun. For the building and equipping of the hospital the Association for Improving the Condition of the Poor has a fund of $257,000, which was raised seven years ago after a country-wide campaign in which the picture of "Smiling Joe" strapped to a Bradford frame played a prominent part.

The fund has been held in trust since 1906, the association waiting for the city to accept its offer to construct and equip the institution, on condition that the city would provide a suitable ocean front site and assume ownership, conduct, and maintenance of the hospital. Not until last Winter, when the city purchased the Seaside Park at Rockaway for park and hospital purposes, was it able to comply with the terms of the gift.

The association hopes to have the institution ready for occupancy in May, 1915. The city then will begin the seaair treatment of 150 children suffering from non-pulmonary tuberculosis, the first undertaking of its kind ever attempted by an American city.

The hospital site is south of Washington Avenue on the ocean front property purchased by the city last Winter. When the entire plant is completed it will comprise a four-story structure fronting on the ocean and eight pavillons, each 138 by 142 feet, extending at right angles to this main building. The completed hospital, it is estimated, will cost $2,000,000, and will have a capacity of 1,000 beds. The association's gift to the city will include two of these pavillons, that part of the main hospital structure connecting them and a power plant. These will be equipped so that a complete hospital can be operated for 150 patients until the city is ready to increase the capacity by adding more pavillons and service buildings.

Archbold Sees Namesake Launched.

NEWPORT NEWS, Va., Jan. 28.—The John D. Archbold, the largest oil tanker ever built, was launched here to-day with a ceremony which President Archbold of the Standard Oil Company and many others came on a special train to attend. Mrs. M. M. Van Buren of New York, Mr. Archbold's daughter, named the ship. The Archbold has double the lifeboat capacity required by the Government, is equipped to burn oil or coal, and, though she will carry 67,500 barrels of oil, her draught is such that there are few ports in the coastal trade she will be unable to enter.

Greets You Always Everywhere

Apollinaris

"THE QUEEN OF TABLE WATERS"

BONWIT TELLER & CO.

To Close Out To-day

Regardless of Cost

Fur Muffs & Scarfs

Odd Pieces Taken from Regular Stock

5.00 10.00 15.00

Formerly 15.00 to 50.00

The Lot Is Composed of the Following Furs:

Skunk	Kit Fox	Caracul	Raccoon
Fitch	Black Fox	Civet Cat	Hudson Seal
Mole	Persian	Lynx	Beaver

No C. O. D.'s No Exchanges No Credits

Fifth Avenue at 38th Street

Young Men's Department, Third Floor

OPPENHEIM, COLLINS & CO.

34th Street—New York

Will Close Out Today (Thursday)

Entire Stock—Without Reserve—of

Young Men's Suits and Overcoats

32 to 40 Chest—Also Suitable for Men of Medium Size

Unrestricted choice of all young men's suits, in stripes, checks and mixtures. Three and four button English models with patch or flap pockets. *Heretofore 15.00 to 25.00.* **10.00**

Unrestricted choice of all young men's overcoats, high-grade Shetlands, vicunas, Scotch tweeds, chinchilla and plaid back coatings, semi-fitted and belted back models. *Heretofore 18.00 to 30.00.* **12.50**

None Altered. None Sent C. O. D. None Credited.

GIMBELS

This Is the FIRST of the Three

"ACQUAINTANCE DAYS"

To Let You Make Friends With

The GIMBEL February Furniture Sale

Acquaintance, stimulated by interest, often develops into friendship. The purpose of these Days of Acquaintance is to get you INTERESTED in the February Furniture.

It will meet you more than half way by its charming appearance, and by making you feel at home, by its pleasant manners.

It is Furniture that will mean more to you the longer it lives with you.

"I have a suite of furniture," said a man yesterday, "which I have had for twenty years, and it is as good today as when I got it—sound in limb and well seasoned." There is much Furniture in this February Sale from the manwho made this very suite—a man who is as keen in his enthusiasm and his pride in his product as the day he began, many years ago.

There are many makers of good furniture in this country and Europe. We have taken the best from each that was necessary to make our collection complete. So we have drawn from

30 Foreign Furniture Makers
301 American Furniture Makers

each according to his specialty, whether it be a single chair or a superb Period suite.

These are some of the interesting facts about our preparations to make this the greatest February Furniture Sale that GIMBELS has ever held.

—Over a half million dollars' worth of our regular stock and special purchases

—Displayed for the most part on a single superbly arranged floor of 80,000 square feet

—A thoroughly experienced body of salesmen

—All the Furniture is plainly tagged with the February and usual prices

—The furniture you choose during these three "Acquaintance Days" will be delivered as soon as possible after Monday, February 2nd—the opening day of the Sale.

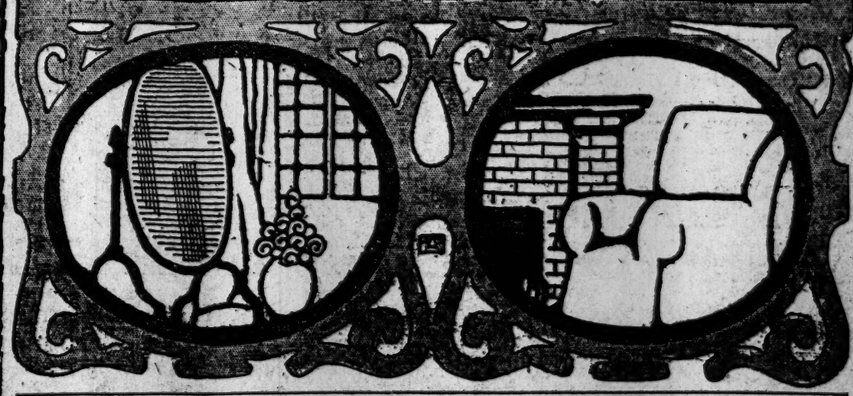
You will find it pleasant to walk through the broad, well-arranged aisles with their nearly *two miles* of frontage, along which the Furniture is grouped, according to style and finish, in a way that no store has ever before attempted.

A noteworthy feature of these "Acquaintance Days" will be a rich group of

$30,000 Worth of Furniture from The "Ideal Home" to Be Sold for $15,000

Our plans for an improved arrangement of our Furniture Floor necessitated doing away with the Ideal Home where, until now, specially fine suites and pieces of furniture have been displayed in appropriate settings. This furniture, comprising some of the finest pieces in our stock, will be grouped together at the front of the Furniture Store, where you can select a magnificent $3500 Gold Suite for $1750, or a single Chair at $25 from $50, with many a fine piece between.

Sixth, Seventh, and Eighth Floors.



GIMBEL BROTHERS

BROADWAY NEW YORK THIRTY-THIRD STREET

BOY CONFESSES TO 40 BOMB OUTRAGES

Young Witness at Black Hand Trial Also Tells of Long List of Burglaries.

NO REGARD FOR HUMAN LIFE

"Liked to See Things Fly When Dynamite Went Off," He Says Unconcernedly.

A stubby, tow-headed boy, with big, blue eyes and a quizzical smile playing about the corners of his mouth sat in the witness chair before Judge Rosalsky and a jury in General Sessions yesterday and confessed to thirty burglaries, forty bomb outrages, thirty horse-and-wagon thefts, and one murderous assault.

The boy—his age was only nineteen, and he looked younger—was Anthony Sadaitys, alias Burke. He rested his chin in his hand and chuckled as he fenced with James E. Brande, a former Assistant District Attorney, who cross-examined him. Mr. Brande led him through the story of his life. At one time the lawyer asked him:

"You wouldn't pick pockets, would you?"

"I don't know how," replied the boy, with a shrug of his shoulders.

"And that's all that kept you from picking pockets?"

"Yes," answered Sadaitys.

Sadaitys offered this story of his life on the stand:

"I was born in Brooklyn, in North Fifth Street, Williamsburg, in 1895. I never went to school. My father died when I was very small and my mother soon afterward. I was taken when 8 years old and put in St. John's Home, at St. Mark's and Albany Avenues, Brooklyn.

"At 13 I came out of the home and a man named Coleman J. Burke took me to work on his farm at Wurtzboro, Sullivan County. I worked there for two years, getting just my living for my work. In the last part of 1909 I committed my first burglary. It was on a house in the neighborhood. I don't know what I stole. I pleaded guilty at Monticello and sentence was suspended on me.

Stole While Living in Home.

"Mr. Rogers of the Prison Association supplied me with money to come to New York, and I went to St. Joseph's Industrial Home for Boys, in Great Jones Street. From here I used to go out and steal.

"I visited Sullivan County later and had a tussle with a constable. I shot at him with a revolver that I had. I was not doing a robbery at the time. I was just waiting in the street to begin one when he came up to me. I had done nothing to attract his attention, but he remembered me from before on account of the other burglary I did up there. I shot at him because he pointed a gun at me.

"The first two months I was in St. Joseph's Home I got $4 a week working for a paper box factory in Great Jones Street. Then I got $6 a week working for a silver company, in Lafayette Street. I was arrested again in September 1910 and was sent to Elmira. That was for a burglary in a clothing store, at Fourth Street and the Bowery.

"I jimmied the back door and got in and stole six suits. I took them to the cellar of the building on the southeast corner of Fourth and Lafayette Streets and then went to St. Joseph's Home to sleep. The rules were that we had to be in at 11 o'clock at night. The next morning I took the suits out of the cellar and went around to a place on Bayard Street, where a fellow had told me they would buy stolen clothes. They gave me $15 dollars for the six suits. A policeman caught me later when I was down in the Fourth Street cellar looking things over. Then Judge Crane sent me to Elmira.

"I was in Elmira twenty months and there I met Joe Fay. He got out six months ahead of me. I didn't speak to him there. It was against the rules. I don't think he had anything to do with getting my parole from Elmira. I know that it is the rule that somebody must promise you a job before you can get out on parole, but I didn't have any job. I had $10 they gave me up there and came down on the Erie with half a dozen other boys, who had just been released.

His First Horse Theft.

"In November, 1912, I took a room in East Fifteenth or Sixteenth Street. I paid my rent from the proceeds of my stealings. A month after that I met Zump, Petrino, Tony Le Nutz, Polaro and the rest of them. I met Schmitty first in a saloon at Second Street and the Bowery. I told him what business I was in, and he told me that there was more money to be made stealing horses and wagons. We went out that day and stole a horse and wagon, and afterward went to a moving picture show. We got the wagon in Hudson Street, near Van Dam Street. Schmitty sold it in Paterson for $60. There was a bunch over there that would buy all the stolen 'rigs' you would bring.

"Zump was the second one of the outfit that I met, and he joined right in with Schmitty and me in stealing horses and wagons. We must have stolen thirty of them, but we never got caught. I was in thirty burglaries, and was not caught in anything except that clothing store one, where I pleaded guilty in the third degree.

"After I met the rest of the gang over at Houston and Elizabeth Streets, they told me about the bomb business. I helped in forty explosions. The first time I ever set a bomb was on Jan. 3, 1910, when I put one in a clothing factory at Avenue A and Sixth Street, where there was a strike on. Then my next one was at 819 Fifth Street. I can't remember all of them.

"One of my principal jobs for the gang was to get dynamite. I went over to Jersey City and stole dynamite out of the tunnel. Then I went up to Sullivan County and stole a big bunch where they were making changes in the track. I got thirty-eight pieces, each ten inches long, and brought them down to New York in a suitcase. I traveled on a passenger train, of course. I didn't worry that it would go off. I put it in my room when I got back. I never thought anything about a fire or any other trouble.

"Polaro and Scapponi made the bombs in the basement under the saloon at Elizabeth and Houston Streets. I gave Polaro sixteen sticks and Scapponi twenty-two sticks. I knew just where to go to get dynamite. I was always interested in seeing explosions. I liked to watch things fly, when the dynamite went off.

"I often placed bombs in tenement houses. Once at Forty-seventh Street and Eighth Avenue I waited around to see how the people would act. I saw the people running out and screaming. That was in a barber shop. I didn't know the fellow that owned the barber shop.

"Bomb Business a Gamble."

"This bomb business is all a gamble. You can't tell what you're going to get. You never get more than $30 a job, and sometimes you don't get anything at all. You set off the bomb and trust to luck. I am now in the House of Detention. There is no charge against me that I know of, or no indictment. I have told the police and the District Attorney all about this. I am supposed to be getting $3 a day, and my keep beside, while I am in the house. I have been there three months. It is not my fault that I am getting paid. It is better than stealing. I will have a piece of money coming to me when I get out. Nobody has told me I am to be let off if I give evidence. I don't pay any attention to what I read in the papers about criminal cases.

Sadaitys was preceded on the stand by two members of an Italian family outside whose door at 170 East Houston Street a bomb was exploded on Aug. 30 last. The first witness was Carmelo Calderoni, the wealthy brother-in-law of Giro Pecoraro. Both he and Pecoraro identified blackmailing letters which bore the skull-and-crossbones stamp. These letters were printed and addressed in Italian with a child's printing set, with red ink. Burke testified that the skull-and-crossbones was a leather piece tacked to a block of wood. It was stamped on in black.

According to their story, Joe Fay had demanded that Pecoraro turn over his daughter Nellie to him. Pecoraro had refused, he said, testifying with great emotion, and the blackmailing letters to his brother-in-law followed. The first letter, dated Aug. 15, read:

Friend Carmelo: If you want to be happy send us $5,000, because if you don't, it will be worse for you.

BLACK HAND.

The second letter, dated Sept. 14, read:

Esteemed Friend: Not because you did not not come, but went to the despised police, has our courage risen. You dog, spy, informer. If you do not do what we say, we have a shot gun prepared for you. What a fine feast for the rats your fat carcass will make. Do what we say, it will be better for your skin.

BLACK HAND.

The trial will continue to-day.

SAY TOMBS DOCTOR AIDS SCHMIDT'S SIDE

State Asks Dr. Lichtenstein Why He Gave His Notes to Alienist for Defense.

LITTLE DATA FOR WHITMAN

Letters Schmidt Wrote Turned Over to Dr. Jelliffe, Who Holds Prisoner Is Insane.

The part played by Dr. Perry M. Lichtenstein, resident physician of the Tombs, in the case of Hans Schmidt, was the subject of inquiry yesterday at the trial, which is being held before Justice Davis in the Criminal Term of the Supreme Court. Assistant District Attorney Delahanty sought to bring out why Dr. Lichtenstein, an employe of the city, in many ways assisted Schmidt's defense and did nto help the prosecution.

Dr. Lichtenstein testified that he had seen Schmidt several times a day in the Tombs, following his imprisonment on Sept. 14 and up to the beginning of the first trial on Dec. 9. Dr. Lichtenstein made voluminous notes and obtained from Schmidt a history of the prisoner's life, telling of his relations with Anna Aumuller and Dr. Muret, with whom Schmidt was associated in a counterfeiting plant.

This data, the physician testified, he gave to Alphonse G. Koelble, of Schmidt's counsel. They were partly in the form of a statement dictated by Dr. Lichtenstein to a stenographer provided by Mr. Koelble. It was also brought out that the Tombs physician was present at all but two of the conferences between Schmidt and different alienists.

Dr. Lichtenstein asserted that all of these acts were performed in the course of his regular duties as resident physician. He received no remuneration from Schmidt's counsel for the services, he swore. It was brought out that when the prosecution asked for the records the physician produced a single sheet, saying that he couldn't find the others. Among these records, it turned out, were four communications written by Schmidt, which were given to Dr. Smith Ely Jelliffe, one of Schmidt's alienists.

"Can you give any reason why you gave the letters to Dr. Jelliffe and not to the State?" Mr. Delahanty inquired.

"I did it in a professional way," was the reply. "It was entirely proper. I was interested in psychiatry and I thought that the data might be used by Dr. Jelliffe in his medical works."

"How did you get the cover containing the notes on which Mr. Koelble's name was printed?"

"It was brought to my office. I would have given the letters to the District Attorney's office if I had been asked for them," replied Dr. Lichtenstein.

Dr. Smith Ely Jelliffe, the first of the four alienists who will be called during the trial, went on the stand just before the end of yesterday's session. Dr. Jelliffe testified that as a rule Schmidt had been unable to answer correctly some very simple questions in arithmetic, history, and geography, which the alienist had put to him.

COURT HITS BLUE SKY LAW.

Federal Judges Condemn Michigan Enactment—Litigation Goes On.

DETROIT, Jan. 28.—The Michigan "blue sky" law is unconstitutional, according to an opinion filed in the Federal District Court this afternoon. The opinion is the result of a judgment recently rendered by Circuit Judge Denison, of the appellate court, and District Judge Arthur J. Tuttle and Clarence A. Sessions.

It was held that the Michigan law would act in restraint of commerce of all kinds, and be a burden on the Interstate Commerce Commission, which the Government would not permit.

LANSING, Mich., Jan. 28.—Attorney General Fellows said to-day that the opinion of the United States District Court in the "blue sky" case had no bearing on a case, now pending in the State Supreme Court, where the constitutionality of the law was being attacked.

"We will go on with the case in the Michigan Supreme Court, and appeal to the Supreme Court of the United States if necessary," said Mr. Fellows.

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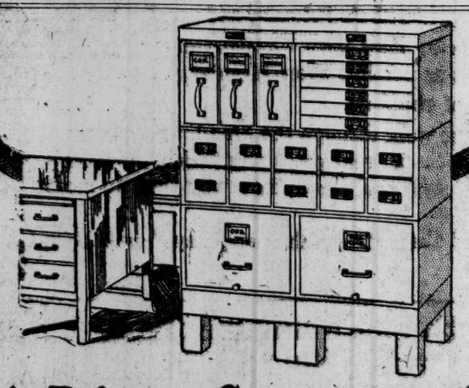

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BASEBALL NEWS---ATHLETES COMPETE AT GARDEN---PRINCETON DEFEATS YALE AT HOCKEY

YANKEES TO GET BOSTON PLAYERS

Raid by Federal League Weakens Farrell's Infield and Pitching Forces.

As a result of a conference between President Frank Farrell of the Yankees and President Joseph J. Lannin of the Boston Red Sox, the New York Club will probably get two or more players from the Boston team before the season opens. The Yankees will probably have first call on some of the excess talent of the Boston Club. Manager Chance is anxious to get infielders and pitchers, and as Boston is well supplied in both departments, the Yankees are likely to benefit by a deal with the Red Sox.

The Yankees are anxious to land a good second baseman. Chance had been figuring on using Rollie Zeider at second base, but now that he has jumped to the Federals, the only infield candidate he has is Boone. If Boone can be used at second base he will have Peckinpaugh at shortstop and Maisel at third base.

Peckinpaugh's contract for next season was received at the Yankee headquarters yesterday. He had been approached by the Federals, but he said that he has been treated so generously by President Farrell that he would not consider making a change. Peck proved a valuable man for the Yanks last year at shortstop. He had a batting average of .268, and Manager Chance predicts that he will improve in hitting during the coming season.

Boone joined the club late last season, and had little chance to show what he could do. If the Yankees can get an infielder and pitcher from the Red Sox, the Yankees chances will be strengthened. Boston will probably have little use for its extra men, as Manager Bill Carrigan has practically decided on the same line-up as last season.

President Ebbets of the Brooklyn Club yesterday mailed a contract to Joe Tinker in Chicago. It is understood that the terms are the same that Ebbets offered when the player was purchased, a salary of $5,000 a year for three years, and a bonus of $10,000. Mr. Ebbets and Manager Robinson both have confidence that Tinker will eventually see the error of his ways and will return to the Dodger fold.

President August Herrmann of Cincinnati has recently been in Chicago and he believes that Tinker does not look upon the prospects of the Federals as favorably as he did a few weeks ago. Tinker has been working night and day visiting major league players, and trying to persuade them to jump. He has been among the successful many of the other managers, but, it is said, he realizes now that the outlaws are not going to have an easy road to travel, if they get started in the Spring.

According to Mr. Herrmann, Tinker's contract with the Federals calls for $36,000 for three years. Of this amount $15,000 was deposited in a bank for Tinker, but it is said that he will not have access to it for several months. Tinker now realizes that perhaps he should have made a better bargain. Mr. Herrman predicts that Tinker will be willing to come back to organized ball before the season begins.

President Ebbets also announced that Ed Ruelbach, the former Chicago pitcher, had signed a contract for next season. The Brooklyn Club is now anxious to get the contract of John Hummel. He is spending the Winter on his farm in Pennsylvania, and although he has been invited to Brooklyn he has not had time to accept the invitation.

President Harry N. Hempstead of the Giants took a trip up to Elmira, N. Y., Tuesday and returned with the signed contract of Jack Murray, the outfielder, for three years. Not that the club was worrying about Jack, but he has been very silent of late, and it was feared that perhaps the Federals might be in communication with him. Murray, however, had no intention of leaving the Giants, and was willing to sign for three years without even an argument.

Doc Robertson also dropped into the contract yesterday. Robertson was the leading batsman of the Southern Association last season, and can play either the outfield or first base. The Giants will try him in both positions at Marlin. Milton Stock, the infielder, also signed with the Giants yesterday. Stock will be Tilly Shafer's rival for third base. McGraw has had a string on stock for the past few seasons, and believes that he is now good enough for the big show.

Bill Bergen, the veteran Brooklyn catcher, says he is through with baseball and has decided to quit the game. Bill in former days was one of the best backstops that ever wore a Dodger uniform. He has had a checkered career for the past few seasons. In 1912 he played in Newark and Baltimore and last season played in Baltimore. He was sold to the Scranton Club of the Tri-State League, but he has refused to step down any lower in the minors.

President Edward Barrow of the International League is laid up at his home in this city with tonsilitis and will not be out for a few days. Since Mr. Barrow was taken sick there have been wild rumors of enlarging the International League to twelve clubs and also of transferring teams from one city to another, but all the yarns have been without foundation. They travel fast when there is no one around to deny them.

Manager Branch Rickey of the St. Louis Browns will endeavor to build a club of college players next season, and with this object in view he has already signed fifteen former college stars. Most of them were selected from colleges in the West and South. Rickey was a student at Ohio University and later at Michigan, and one of his scouts, Pop Kilchner, is a Latin instructor in Albright College.

Marty O'Toole, Pittsburgh's $22,500 pitching investment, has signed his contract for next season. Oh, yes, Marty was approached by the Federal League, but he told them that he would not consider leaving the Pirates. Eddie Mensor has also signed with the Pirates. The only player of note who has not signed with Pittsburgh is Honus Wagner. He is spending the Winter in Carnie, and has not been to the offices in Pittsburgh because the roads are in bad shape. He will not sign until he can ride up to Pittsburgh in his automobile. Wagner is one player Dreyfuss never has to worry about.

John Brodie Williams, who has signed to pitch for Detroit next season, will be the first real Hawaiian who has ever broken into the major leagues. His home is in Honolulu. He learned the game as a youngster on the sand lots of Honolulu, and one day Charley Graham, manager of the Sacramento Club, heard about him and offered him a job. He was a raw recruit, but was quick to learn, and has developed into a high class pitcher.

Finneran Goes Over to Federal.

EAST ORANGE, N. J., Jan. 28.—Joe Finneran, a local boy, who last season was on the pitching roster of the Philadelphia National League team, has signed a contract to play with the Baltimore Federals for a period of two years, according to his own announcement to-day. Finneran came to terms with Manager Otto Knabe in New York yesterday during a conference. Finneran says that he will receive more money than he ever got for playing ball. Finneran was dissatisfied with his treatment at the hands of Manager Dooin of the Phillies. He was sold to Birmingham of the Southern Association, but declined to play in the South because he asserted it was injurious to his health. He appealed to Dooin to send him elsewhere, but Dooin declined to do anything for Finneran.

Bell Signs with Newark Club.

NEWARK, N. J., Jan. 28.—George Bell sent his signed contract for another season to the Newark Club offices, according to the announcement of Manager Harry Smith today. Bell, who formerly pitched for the Brooklyn team, is one of the most dependable men on the staff of the Indians. Bell owns four farms in Pennsylvania.

DOOIN TO SUE FOR LIBEL.

Likely Outcome of Federal Assertion That He Wanted to Jump.

Special to The New York Times.

PITTSBURGH, Penn., Jan. 28.—Secretary W. T. McCullough of the Pittsburgh Federal League Club in answer to Charlie Dooin's denial of ever having dickered with the Federals and offering to bring with him several of the best players on the Philadelphia team, today defied Dooin to sue for libel.

"In the first place, I did not make the assertion that Dooin was dickering with us, or that he had offered to bring over to our league some of his star players if we would give him a $7,000 contract. I did say in Chicago that I could show a letter setting forth that Dooin would have been willing to come in some time ago, but we considered his figures too high. That's all I will say at the present time, but if Mr. Dooin wants to come here and enter suit for libel, I will be ready with the proper documents to back up my statement made in Chicago."

Manager Harry Gessler of the Pittsburgh Federals said to-day that any statement regarding his players was not official, but that there would come from the league headquarters in Chicago very soon a full list of all the big league players signed up, as well as those from the International League and the American Association.

"When that statement comes forth it will make more noise than a Fourth of July celebration," he said.

Claude Hendrix, Mike Simon, and Howard Camnitz, and perhaps Owens of Minneapolis, who was sought by several major league clubs, will be members of the Pittsburgh Club in the Federal League, according to the statement of the officials at the local Federal League headquarters to-day.

Special to The New York Times.

PHILADELPHIA, Jan. 28.—Although President Baker of the Phillies to-day refused to discuss the assertion of the Federal League that Manager Dooin of the Phillies in 1912 offered to go to the Federal League and take four other players with him, other officers of the Phillies talked rather freely but not for publication. They showed by circumstantial evidence that something must be radically wrong when, according to the letter, Dooin offered to go to the Federals for $7,000. According to the books of the local National League club Dooin at the time he is supposed to have written the letter was drawing $9,000 a year with the Phillies and a promise of more should the team finish the league season near the front of the league.

WANTS YOUNG PLAYERS.

Tinker Signs Wickland a Recruit of Cincinnati Club.

CHICAGO, Jan. 28.—The Federal League to-day denied the implications made by leaders of organized baseball that the main body of the players induced to desert to the new league were those who were nearing the end of their playing days.

"We are going after young ball players, and we've got a lot of them," said Manager Joe Tinker of the Chicago Federals.

To substantiate his statement, he announced that Al Wickland, a Chicago youth, who played centre field with Cincinnati last year, had signed to-day to play with Tinker's team. Wickland's career has been a short one, a brief season with the Dayton Central League Club having preceded his purchase by Cincinnati. In his first game with Cincinnati, played here, Wickland's hitting was a feature.

American League fans took heart to-night when C. W. Somers, President of the Cleveland Club, announced that Ray Chapman, the Cleveland shortstop, only last week had signed a two years' contract with the Naps, and Graney, another Cleveland man, had accepted terms. Both, earlier in the day, were reported to have been on the verge of jumping to the Federal league.

Somers visited both President Johnson of the American League and President Chivington of the American Association, but declined to tell what matters were discussed.

All Except Six Tigers Have Signed.

DETROIT, Mich., Jan. 28.—All except six players on the reserve list of the Detroit Baseball Club have signed their 1914 contracts. The unsigned men are Baker, catcher; Hall, pitcher; Gainer and Vitt, infielders; Cobb and Crawford, outfielders. Only one Detroit player, Pitcher Willett, went to the Federals. Both Cobb and Vitt have notified the club they will report at Gulfport for Spring training, and they are expected to sign formal contracts there. Crawford is with the world tourists, and although he has not been heard from, the management has no anxiety about him. Gainer is expected here in a few days for a conference with President Navin of the Tigers. Hall and Baker have not been heard from as yet.

Boston Players Send In Contracts.

BOSTON, Jan. 28.—Contracts poured into the offices of the American and National League Clubs here to-day. Leslie G. Nunamaker, the Red Sox catcher, signed for next season, notwithstanding previous declarations that the terms were unsatisfactory. The Boston Nationals received the signed contracts of Angel Villazon, a Cuban pitcher, who was with the Long Branch, N. J., team last year; Charles A. Deal, a third baseman, last year with Providence of the International League, and Frank Schmitt, a pitcher, formerly with the Dunkirk, N. Y., team. It was announced that the Nationals would take on the Spring trip Walter Kenefick of Springfield, a semi-professional catcher, recommended by "Rabbit" Maranville.

Coombs Signs with Athletics.

PHILADELPHIA, Jan. 28.—The signed contract of "Jack" Coombs, one of the pitchers of the Philadelphia Athletics, was received by Connie Mack to-day. Roy Bressler, who pitched for the Harrisburg team of the Tri-State League last year, has also signed for 1914.

Penn Baseball Men Outdoors.

PHILADELPHIA, Jan. 28.—Taking advantage of the Springlike weather, candidates for the University of Pennsylvania baseball team held outdoor practice to-day on Franklin Field. Twenty-five players were in the squad.

Two A. A. Umpires Sign.

CHICAGO, Jan. 28.—Umpires Johnstone and Murray of the American Association signed their contracts for 1914 to-day.

Trap Shooting Champion of South.

HOUSTON, Texas, Jan. 28.—John Livingstone, Springville, Ala., won the Southern amateur championship in trap shooting at the Sunny South handicap meet to-day. His score was 97 out of 100. At the end of the third day's shooting Mark Arie, Thomasboro, Ill., was high gun with a total of 586 out of 625 and Livingstone second with 584. Harry Stevens, New York, led the professionals today, breaking 185 out of 200.

Church League Basket Ball.

Christ Church basket ball team defeated the Grace Church aggregation in a close game last night in the Church Athletic League tournament, decided on the former's court, by the score of 32 to 28.

Madison Church quintet had an easy time defeating the Trinity Club of Brooklyn representatives on the former's court, the final score being 44 to 24.

Kennedy
12 Cortlandt St.
The Big Shoe Store,
Flat Sole English Lasts
Dark Mahogany Russets,
$2.97, $3.98, $4.98
Worth $6.00 & $7.00
Low, broad heels
A Clearaway of Small Lots.
$4.00 and $5.00 Stock Shoes at $2.85

NOVICE RUNNER WINS ROAD RACE.

Mohawk A. C. Captures Team Prize at Millrose A. C. Games at Garden.

Frank Travalena, a novice runner representing the Mohawk A. C. of the Bronx, was the hero of the feature event decided last night in conjunction with the Millrose Athletic Association games in Madison Square Garden. The lad came home the easiest kind of a winner when he annexed the honors in the road race, estimated to have been nine and a quarter miles, in 56 minutes 53 seconds. Travalena led throughout.

By finishing men in first, twelfth, fifteenth, nineteenth, and twenty-fourth positions the Mohawks established their right to the team prize, with a total of 71 points. Bronx Church House was second, with 126 points, and Ozanam Association third, totalling 230 points. Gaston Strobino, the lad who finished third for America in the Olympic marathon, showed in twenty-sixth place in the actual time of 52 minutes 49 seconds.

The start was made on the Twenty-seventh Street side of the Garden, the men racing out of the Fourth Avenue entrance to Madison Avenue, thence to Fortieth Street, west to Fifth Avenue, to 110th Street, to Central Park West, south to Fifty-ninth Street, east to Fifth Avenue, and back over the same course as traversed at the beginning of the race, one lap of the Garden being required at the finish.

The intercity relay race at one mile between teams made up of employes of John Wanamaker's New York and Philadelphia stores proved the hollowest sort of a victory for the local quartet, which was made up of men of renown in the persons of Mel Sheppard and Homer Baker, who were aided in their win by Dan Kuhn and Tom Paton of the New York A. C. Sheppard, anchor man for the victors, won easily up by ten yards in 3:28 2-5.

In the final relay of the 2,400-yard race for teams of four representing regiments in the Military Athletic League, the anchor men for the three placed teams contributed a thrilling finish. At the gun announcing the last lap Hugh Hirschon, Thirteenth Regiment, the junior national champion at the distance was inches to the good of Horace Hocking, Twenty-second Regiment, while Homer Baker, Seventy-first Regiment, the national half-mile titleholder, was lapped on Hocking. All the way up the back stretch the last named made strenuous efforts to head Hirschon, and coming into the home stretch seemed in an ideal way to overhaul his opponent. The latter bore out a bit, but eventually got home first by inches from Hocking, who led Baker by a narrow margin.

Thomas J. Halpin, Boston Athletic Association, racing from scratch in the 300-yard man handicap, gave the finest demonstration of footracing at the distance probably ever seen indoors. After omitting his trial and semi-final heats the great runner from the Hub ran rings around his field in the final, being on the outside of handicap men most of the way, and finally won by five yards in the sterling time of 33 3-5 seconds.

William J. Kramer, Long Island A. C., did 9 minutes 16 4-5 seconds for two miles in the handicap race at the distance, making the second fastest time ever accomplished for the route over a board floor. Sid Leslie, a clubmate, off 75 yards, won by inches from McDevanney, Irish-American A. C., (90 yards,) with Russell Springstein, Yonkers Y. M. C. A., 100 yards, third, the winner doing 9:12 4-5.

Stuyvesant High School lads showed the way in the interscholastic relay handicap at one mile. De Witt Clinton finished second and Harlem Evening High third, the respective marks being 80 yards, 100 yards and 60 yards, and the time 3:37. The summaries:

70-Yard Dash, Handicap, Closed.—Won by Fred Wilkins, (scratch;) Fred Safarowic, (scratch,) second; Thomas Keyes, (0 feet,) third. Time—0:08.

Road Race, Estimated Distance, 9¼ Miles, Handicap.—Won by F. Travelena, Mohawk A. C., (7:00;) Patrick Murray, Presentation Club, (9:00,) second; C. Cotelli, Cotelli attached, (5:00,) third; Harry Parkinson, Bradhurst F. C., (5:30,) fourth; C. Ochsenreiter, Trinity Club, (5:45,) fifth; T. E. Nelson, unattached, (7 feet 6 inches,) sixth; Voteretsas, Greek-American A. C., (2:45,) seventh; John Braccio, Trinity Club, (6:00,) eighth; G. B. Kiely, unattached, (4:30,) ninth; Frank Zuna, Irish-American A. C., (3:15,) tenth; H. J. Smith, Bronx Church House, (scratch,) eleventh; Ed. Renz, Mohawk A. C., (6:00,) twelfth. Time—56:58.

2,400-yard Relay, Military Athletic League, Handicap.—Won by Seventy-first Regiment team, made up of S. J. Riley, D. Valentine, F. L. Gardner, and H. Hirshon, (41 yards;) Twenty-second Regiment team, made up of E. S. Passer, W. Wilis, and H. Hocking, (69 yards,) second; Seventy-first Regiment team, made up of Myles McHugh, R. Bonsib, W. Anderson, and Homer Baker, (21 yards,) third. Time—5:01 3-5.

One-Mile Interscholastic Relay, Handicap.—Won by Stuyvesant H. S. team, made up of E. Abbey, R. McDonald, H. Birling, and W. Albrecht, (80 yards,) De Witt Clinton H. S. team, made up of E. Jarvey, H. Fowler, C. Fitzpatrick, and S. Feiginow, (100 yards,) second; Harlem Evening H. S. team, made up of H. R. Hertzel, J. M. Foley, C. R. Ralston, and H. Weinberg, (60 yards,) third. Time—3:37.

Inter-City Relay Race, One Mile, Scratch.—Won by New York team, made up of D. A. Kuhn, New York A. C.; A. Pator, New York A. C.; Homer Baker, New York A. C., and M. W. Sheppard, Irish-American A. C.; Philadelphia team, made up of E. W. Horter, J. R. Humphries, John J. Gallagher, Jr., and H. S. Foster, second. Time—3.28 2-5.

600-Yard Run, Handicap.—Closed to Melrose A. C.—Won by F. Wilkins, (scratch;) F. Safarowic, (scratch,) second; W. H. Brown, (7 yards,) third. Time—1:23 3-5.

600-Yard Run, Novice.—Won by C. H. Remerth, unattached; T. C. Breen, Xavier A. A., second; D. S. Kiley, Union Settlement A. C., third. Time—1:23 2-5.

1,000-Yard Run; Handicap.—Won by Ted Ellertsen, Norwegian Turn Society, (65 yards;) A. Meyerheim, unattached, (65 yards,) second; J. E. Ball, St. Agnes A. C., (65 yards,) third. Time—2:16 3-5.

70-Yard Dash, Handicap.—Won by A. Weinstein, Young Men's H. A., (17 feet;) David Politzer, Sherman A. C., (8 feet,) second; C. Mundt, St. Bartholomew's A. C., (10 fee,) third. Time—0:07 1-5.

One-Mile Relay, Handicap, Catholic Athletic League.—Won by Knights of St. Anthony, (9 yards;) Dominican Lyceum, (19 yards,) second; McCadden Lyceum, (80 yards,) third. Time—3:42 2-5.

Two-mile Bicycle Race, Handicap.—Won by Harold Lightfine, unattached, (85 yards;) Andrew Eckrich, New England Wheelmen, (100 yards,) second; Nat Gutoff, Atlas Bicycle Club, (70 yards,) third. Time—5:24 2-5.

300-Yard Run, Handicap.—Won by Thomas J. Halpin, Boston Athletic Association, (scratch;) Leonard Holmes, unattached, (6½ yards,) second; J. F. McKenna, Xavier A. A., (13 yards,) third. Time—0:33 3-5.

Putting 12-Pound Shot, Handicap.—Won by Charles Vitarek, Bronx Church House, (6 feet,) with 48 feet 2¾ inches actual; Harold D. Beatty, unattached, (7 feet 6 inches,) second, with 45 feet 6 5-16 inches; W. Bauer, unattached, (9 feet 6 inches,) third, with 42 feet 6½ inches.

Two-Mile Walk, Handicap.—Won by F. R. Plant, Long Island A. C., (22 seconds;) Arthur I. Davis, Irish-American A. C., (40 seconds,) second; W. Plant, Long Isuand A. C., (30 seconds,) third. Time—14:56 1-5.

Two-Mile Run, Handicap.—Won by Sid Leslie, Long Island A. C., (75 yards;) M. A. Dewanney, Irish-American A. C., (90 yards,) second; R. Springstein, Yonkers Y. M. C. A., (100 yards,) third. Time—9:21 4-5.

W. J. Kramer, Long Island A. C., did 9:16 4-5 from scratch, finishing fourth.

One-Mile Relay, clubs, colleges, and schools, handicap.—Won by Knights of St. Anthony team; Irish-American A. C. team, second; New York A. C. team, third. Time—3:28.

WOMEN RIDE ASTRIDE.

Close Competition in Women's Saddle Class at Durland's Academy.

In a class of twelve docked saddle horses ridden by women at Durland's Riding Academy last night, eight of the horses were ridden astride. The ease and grace of the women adopting this style of riding, together with the advantage of better control of the horse, was apparent to the big gallery. It was, however, the younger element that used the men's saddle, and it was noticeable that three of the horses decorated with ribbons were ridden astride.

Seldom has a stronger class of women's saddle horses been brought into a ring in this city at one time. Several had captured blue rosettes at the last National Horse Show at the Garden, while others had been shown successfully in indoor and outdoor exhibitions last year. William A. McGibbon, the judge, declared it to be one of the best classes he had ever seen. The entries were judged on conformation, manners, and way of going, and all of the horses readily responded to the aids applied by their riders. It was a difficult class to judge, owing to the horses being so evenly matched. The judge ordered the riders to try each manner of going several times before selecting the winner. The final choice was between Mrs. W. B. Miller's black mare Sallie Baldwin, with Miss S. M. Pond riding, and Mrs. C. F. Hubbs's chestnut mare Fantasy, ridden by Miss Marjorie Hubbs. The former is a recent importation from Kentucky, while Fantasy has captured dozens of championships and blue rosettes. Sallie Baldwin was the first choice, although the margin was a close one.

Four tandems competed for the silver cup offered by M. M. Diamond. It resulted in a lively competition and brought out all the best driving qualities of the drivers. The leaders were on their best behavior and the display was an interesting one. B. S. Gregory's Queen Helen and Little Bertie, driven by Mrs. John Gerken, caught the judge's eye after a splendid performance and won the trophy. Emil Seelig's black pair, Bagthorpe Queen and Leading Lady, received the red rosette.

The polo match between the Whites and the Blues proved an easy victory for the former by the score of 14 goals to 1. The Guggenheim team led by 7 goals to 0 in the first half and maintained the advantage throughout the second half. The winning team will play the officers of the West Point Academy at Durland's tournament next night.

The cotillion ride by the patrons and pupils of the academy, led by Mr. and Mrs. John Gerken and commanded by Charles T. Krauss, brought out forty couples and was well executed. The members of the ride held a dance in the club room after the ring events were decided. The summary:

Ladies' Saddle Horses, Docked.—Amateur women riders only—Won by Mrs. W. B. Miller's blk. m. Sallie Baldwin; Mrs. Charles F. Hubbs's ch. m. Fantasy, second; Dr. E. J. Lavinski's b. m. My Firefly, third; E. Griffith's ch. g. Hopfield, fourth.

Tandems, Any Height.—Won by B. S. Gregory's br. m. Queen Helen and ch. m. Little Bertie; Emil Seelig's blk. m. Baythorpe Queen and blk. m. Leading Lady, second; O. J. Gude's b. g. Lord Cimbeo and b. m. Lady Cimbeo, third; S. K. Jacob's gr. g. Gray Stone and ch. g. Red Light, fourth.

POLO.

WHITES.	BLUES.
1—H. Guggenheim.	1—Cyril Carr.
2—G. Sherman.	2—Dr. E. Biers.
Back—A. Kenney.	Back—T. Cawthra.

Goals—First half: Guggenheim, 3; Sherman, 1; Kenney, 3. Second half: Guggenheim, 1; Sherman, 3; Kenney, 3; Carr, 1. Referee—Thomas Ford. Timekeeper—Charles Trustum.

FUN AT MUSIC RIDE.

"Hayseed" Stunt Amuses Spectators at Central Park Academy.

Following the music ride last night at the Central Park Riding Academy, in which forty persons participated, the contestants and spectators were entertained by a jumping contest and a freak equestrian event, an innovation which proved the feature of the evening. The affair concluded the evening's entertainment and kept the onlookers in a state of laughter for a period of twenty minutes. The event began with nine ponies lined up for the start of a hurdle race, and about the time they were receiving their instructions O. W. Coleman togged out as a real "hayseed," entered the ring from the street with a typical rig, the horse showing more lean than fat. He solicited stabling and hay, saying he had just driven to town and wanted to put up. This was denied and one of the contestants of the race entered into a bargain with him to swap the rig for a pony and a dollar "to boot," providing the countryman would ride in the race. The deal was closed, and it turned out that the pony was a bronco of the bucking type, and no mean bucker at that. Once on the animal's back the would-be farmer had his hands full with the mount, but he managed to finish the six circuits of the ring after losing hat, gloves, and one of his boots, furnishing a real circus spectacle. The race was won by J. Dodd on a pony named Gray.

A high jumping contest with fourteen entries produced some good timber topping, and the winning trio got up to a height of 4 feet 6 inches.

Dick Donnelly, the well-known high-jump rider, came close to taking first prize with Czardas, which tipped one stick on the second round and had to be content with the red rosette. First prize, the blue ribbon and a bridle, was taken by Harry Plum, who rode a brown mare, Virginia, over the fences six times for a clean score, while the yellow rosette went to Yellow Kid, ridden by J. O'Shaunnessy.

Amateur League Hockey Game.

The Crescent and Irish-American A. C. teams, which are fighting for third place in the Amateur Hockey League championship race, will face each other to-night at the St. Nicholas Rink. The clubs are old-time contenders, and the sports in which they participate are always enlivened by unusual efforts to accomplish each other's defeat. This game will serve to whet the appetites of hockey enthusiasts for the struggle between Yale and Princeton which takes place on Saturday night. There is an unusual demand for seats, indicating the largest attendance at any hockey game this season.

Want Duck Season Extended.

Because New Jersey gunners have a distinct advantage by being permitted to shoot ducks until Feb. 1, while the New York law prohibits gunning after Jan. 10, Charles Suydam, Jr., President of the Long Island Gunners' and Fishermen's Protective Association, has started a petition urging the introduction of a bill at Albany extending the open season in Long Island water to Feb. 1. The petition is being generally signed. "The middle of January is the very best time of the year for duck hunting," said Suydam. "If yet Long Island sportsmen are prohibited from enjoying the sport at that time. The extension of the time for twenty days would not affect the breeding season."

YALE DEFEATED BY PRINCETON'S RALLY

Tigers Win Hockey Game in Extra Period by Score of 5 to 3.

Special to The New York Times.

NEW HAVEN, Jan. 28.—Princeton pulled to-night's hockey game from the fire after Yale had apparently won it by a lead of 3 goals to 1, with less than three minutes to play. Hobey Baker, the football Captain, and Capt. Kuhn of the hockey team brushed the Yale defense aside with rushes that each netted a goal and tied the score.

Kuhn's brilliant driving clinched the victory for the Tigers after ten minutes' overtime play. McDonald scored first, catching the puck off the side of the rink and shooting it into the cage, caroming off Winant's stick, after ten minutes of play for the only score of the first period.

Early in the second half N. Heron's poke, after bringing the disk from behind the cage, registered Yale's second goal. Capt. Kuhn's short drive, following a pass from Baker, swept Princeton into the scoring column, and Sweeney's clever run quickly gave Yale its final goal.

Princeton's rally, disclosing Baker and Kuhn in perfect form, first tied the score and then quickly shot the Tigers into victory.

Princeton excelled in team play. Driscoll's goal tending saved Yale time and again. The game opened Yale's new rink. These teams will play again on Saturday night in St. Nicholas rink in New York. The line-up and summary:

Princeton.	Position.	Yale.
Winant	Goal	Driscoll
Peacock	Point	M. Heron
Emmons	Cover point	Gore
Kuhn, (Capt.)	Centre	Ordway, Dickey, Sproul
Baker	Rover	Sweeney
MacColl, Cowan	Left wing	W. Heron, (Capt.)
Kliner	Right wing	Mayo

Goals: Princeton—Kuhn, (3,) Kliner, Baker. Yale—McDonald, M. Heron, Sweeney. Referee—Mr. Foster, Harvard. Assistant referee—Mr. Hicks, Harvard. Time of periods—Twenty minutes. Overtime—Ten minutes. Attendance, 2,300.

FORDHAM FIVE DEFEATED.

Manhattan College Basket Ball Team Wins by a Score of 17 to 16.

Manhattan College again nosed out Fordham in the annual basket ball game last night at the Sixty-ninth Regiment Armory, by the score of 17 to 16. Capt. Danny Houlihan brought victory to the Green and White five by tallying three points in the last minute of play. Houlihan, the smallest player in the game, scored from the foul line on rough play by Walsh and getting the ball on a formation play immediately after the toss-up wriggled through Fordham's defense and caged the sphere, giving Manhattan victory despite Walsh's brilliant shot just before the final whistles.

Capt. Barrett opened fast with a pretty shot directly in front of the basket. The first half closed with Fordham in the lead, 7 to 6. Chief credit for the Maroon quintet's defeat belongs to Caffrey. Fordham started the game minus its star centre. Dale and Rodinsky, who took his place looked frail beside the giant. Manhattan's centre, not once getting the jump on lines, thus permitting the victors to excel in team play and make Fordham's stellar individual play on the part of Farrell, Walsh and Barrett fruitless. The line-up:

Fordham.	Position.	Manhattan.
Walsh	Left forward	D. Houlihan
Barrett	Right forward	Suarez
Rodinsky	Centre	Caffrey
Farrell	Left guard	J. Houlihan
Brady	Right guard	McCann

Goals from field—Caffrey, (2;) Walsh, (2;) Barrett, Rodinsky, Suarez, J. Houlihan, D. Houlihan, Coach Dale from fouls—Walsh, (3;) D. Houlihan, (4;) Suarez, (3.) Substitutions: Firestone for Brady, Dale for Rodinsky. Referee—Sandy Shields. Umpire—G. Kinney, Yale. Time of halves—Two 20-minute periods.

In the preliminary game between the Prep teams of both colleges the Fordham Prep five triumphed after a hard-fought contest, by the score of 9 to 8.

Pawling Wins One-Sided Game.

Special to The New York Times.

PAWLING, N. Y., Jan. 28.—The Pawling School defeated the Riverview Military Academy quintet in a one-sided basketball game here this afternoon by the score of 78 to 10. In the second half, when it was apparent that the Riverview team were hopelessly beaten, the local manager substituted his second team. The line-up:

Pawling.	Positions.	Riverview
R. Qualntance	Left forward	Schwartz
Sheldon	Right forward	Parker
Lord	Centre	Sauchey
Pollard	Left guard	Schmuck
Rainey	Right guard	Valenzuela

Substitutes—For Pawling: L. Quaintance for R. Quaintance, Russell for Sheldon, Sarre for Lord, Goss for Pollard, Howland for Rainey. Goals from field—R. Quaintance, 1; L. Quaintance, 6; Sheldon, 5; Russell, 6; Lord, 4; Sarre, 9; Pollard, 5; Howland, 3; Schwartz, 3; Sauchey, 1; Valenzuela, 1. Referee—H. H. Lament, Pawling School. Time of halves—Twenty minutes.

Morristown Downs North Plainfield.

Morristown School defeated North Plainfield High School at basket ball yesterday at Morristown, N. J., by the score of 36 to 28. The first half was evenly contested, the score standing 15 to 14 in favor of Morristown. The latter players got the jump on the Plainfield lads in the second half, and finished in the lead by a good margin. Heyburn played a strong game for Morristown, while Lore appeared to advantage on the visiting team.

De Witt Clinton Chess Victory.

With a final 4 to 0 defeat of Morris High, and after all unfinished games were completed, the chess team of De Witt Clinton yesterday emerged winner of the annual championship tournament of the Manhattan High School Chess League with a total of 19½ points won and 4½ lost. Of the six matches contested all were won, with the exception of one, which resulted in a tie with Commerce in their return match, the first having been won by 4 to 0. Stuyvesant was defeated first by 2½ to 1½, and again by 3½ to ½. The other match with Morris was won by 3½ to ½. Zetkin, Fray, Isaacson, Meyers, and Volinsky constituted the champion team. It now remains to play the winning team in the Brooklyn League for the interborough championship.

Boxer "Buffalo" Costello Dead.

"Buffalo" Costello, a prominent middleweight boxer of the early '90s, died yesterday at St. Joseph's Hospital in the Bronx. Costello ranked with the leading middleweights of his time, and figured in many notable bouts. One of his most memorable battles was that with Alec Greggains at Coney Island, which was called a draw after the men had battled more than eighty rounds. For the past few years Costello made his home in the Bronx.

McLEAN BARELY WINS RACES

Skating Champion Noses Out Rivals in Half-Mile and 220-Yard Dash.

Special to The New York Times.

SARANAC LAKE, N. Y., Jan. 28.—Bobbie McLean, the amateur skating champion, won two of the three events in the international outdoor races here to-day. H. Cody of Toronto, a "dark horse," captured the three-mile event in sensational style. The pace in the distance event was too fast for McLean, and he dropped out. The Chicago wizard had trouble annexing the half-mile and the 220-yard races. In the dash he was hard pressed by Walker of Saranac Lake, who closed a two-yard gap on the champion in the stretch.

It was Lot Roe of Toronto who fought neck-and-neck with McLean down the stretch in the half-mile, only to lose by a small margin. The ice was soft, and most of the races were slow. The heats of the half-mile and 220-yard dash provided excellent racing, notably in the first heat of the half-mile, when Horton of Saranac Lake passed six of the fastest skaters of America in the last lap and won by a yard.

The championships will be continued to-morrow.

Three-Mile Senior.—Won by H. Cody, Toronto; A. J. Osicky, Cleveland, second; Jack Walker, Saranac Lake, third. Time—12:42.

220 Yards for Senior and Juniors.—Won by Robert McLean, Chicago; Jack Walker, Saranac Lake, second; George Allen, Saranac Lake, third. Time—23 4-5 seconds.

Boys of 14, One Mile.—Won by Pasho; Jack, second, Dambrist, third; all of Saranac Lake. Time—4:15 2-5.

Boys of 18 and Under, Half Mile.—Won by L. Fortune, Saranac Lake; St. Pierre, Montreal, second; Duffy, Saranac Lake, third. Time—1:51 2-5.

Boys of 16 and Under, One Mile.—Won by L. Fortune, Saranac Lake; Pasho, Saranac Lake, second; C. Lyall, Montreal, third. Time—4:20 2-5.

Half-Mile, Senior.—Won by Robert McLean, Chicago; Lot Roe, Toronto, second; Ed Horton, Saranac Lake, third. Time—1:42 1-5.

WOMEN'S GOLF MEETING.

Metropolitan Association May Assign Tournament to Plainfield.

The Women's Metropolitan Golf Association will hold its annual meeting today at the Hotel Biltmore. Plainfield probably will be selected for the championship tournament, the chief cup in which was won at Nassau last June by Miss Marion Hollins. The question of dates also will be settled, for there is a difference as to the time of the tournament. Unless Plainfield is willing to accept May 25 to 29, it will have to be held the week previous, which would bring about a conflict with the men's amateur championship at Englewood. The week after Memorial Day also would conflict with the New Jersey State championship.

Oulmet Divides Golf Honors.

Special to The New York Times.

PINEHURST, N. C., Jan. 28.—Francis Oulmet played in two mixed foursomes today and divided honors with a win and lose, his partner in both matches being Mrs. E. Plumon of Chantilly France. The best score of the day was 92, which has frequently been excelled here. Professional Jack Jolly recorded a fast 72 in a professional match to-day.

GERMAN ATHLETES COMING.

Team to Run at Pennsylvania Relay Carnival Next Year.

Special to The New York Times.

PHILADELPHIA, Penn., Jan. 28.—The Pennsylvania relay races in 1915 probably will include in their entries a team from either Heidelberg, Leipsic or Stuttgart Universities of Germany. This would make the meet of much more important international character, inasmuch as Oxford is certain to send a team over to compete in the four-mile relay event.

The prediction that Germany would probably send over a team was made in a letter received at the university today by a friend of Alvin Kraenzlein, former star hurdler of the Red and Blue track team, who is now coaching the German Olympic team.

Kraenzlein declares that the relay teams representing the German universities named are, at present, not of sufficient calibre to compete with American university athletes, but he says after a year of competent coaching, these teams will more than make good.

Germany does not expect to win in the relays, but they believe that after two or three races they will produce a team that will make the best of the American teams hustle to beat them.

DOG SHOW ENTRIES CLOSE.

List for Westminster K. C. Exhibition to be Ready Shortly.

Entries close to-day at the office of the Westminister Kennel Club in the Townsend Building for the annual bench show in the Grand Central Palace, Feb. 23 to 28. About 200 advance entries have been booked, but the full count and the tabulation by breeds will not be accomplished for a week or ten days.

Over twenty-five specials for competition to members of the American Pomeranian Club were received too late for publication in the regular premium list. They include the President's Trophy for the best in the show, and the Executive Committee's Trophy for the best American-bred dog or bitch, champions barred. Individual donors of cups are Ogden Mills, for the best black Pomeranian; Miss Anna Sands, for the best black bitch under five pounds; Mrs. William Caner Wolderseim, for the best orange-shaded sable bitch; Mrs. Hartley Williamson, for the best puppy; Mrs. Frank Smyth, for the best solid colored in the novice classes; Mrs. Ogden Mills, for the best wolf-sable bitch, and Mrs. A. Ronald Conklyn, for the best with two of their get.

In addition there is a long list of cash specials for the Pomeranians, ranging from $5 to $10, which are also open to competition among members of the American Pomeranian Club.

ELECTRIC AUTO STATIONS LISTED

Addresses and Rates of 180 Near-by Places Where Current Can Be Secured Compiled.

For the benefit of the growing army of electric automobile users in this city and vicinity, the Electric Vehicle Association has just issued a list of the charging stations in

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NEW YORK, THURSDAY, JAN. 29, 1914.

BE JUST AND FEAR NOT.

The consultation of the President with the Senators of the Foreign Relations Committee at the White House Monday evening might well be called a peace conference. Upon information and belief it is stated that the subjects discussed at the conference were those arising out of some differences or misunderstandings between ourselves and other nations. These differences are of the kind, common in foreign relations, that if left to themselves might take on a serious aspect. President WILSON takes them up with the members of the Foreign Relations Committee, his own views are stated, theirs asked for, with the result that wise counsel goes to the determining of the national policy. A good part of the things done and said at the conference reached the public ear, and that is fortunate, for thus public opinion, the most valuable guide, counselor and friend the President can have, is marshaled for his guidance and support. In this way the canal tolls question, the question of our duty to make compensation to Colombia, our unsettled differences with Japan, and the Mexican imbroglio, the most troublesome of all, become matters for consideration in what we may call the great council of the nation. That seems to us to be the wisest way. We are a just-minded people. In any resolve the President may take to do justice where we may have erred, and to make justice the foundation principle of any policy we may adopt, he will have the united support of the American people.

Take the question of the canal tolls. Opinion has been divided. But we are entirely confident that argument, discussion, and candid consideration have already brought an overwhelming majority of the American people to the opinion that we must reconsider and repeal the exemption of our coastwise shipping from the payment of tolls. Not only did we in Rule 1 of the Hay-Pauncefote treaty agree that "the canal shall be free and open "to the vessels of commerce and of "way of all nations observing these "rules on terms of entire equality, "so that there shall be no discrimi-"nation against any such nation or "its citizens or subjects in respect to "the conditions or charges of traffic "or otherwise," but Mr. HAY negotiated that treaty without giving to Lord PAUNCEFOTE the slightest intimation that our shipping trade was to be upon a different footing from that of his own country. We concluded the negotiation, ratified the treaty and permitted Great Britain to ratify it without any other or different understanding of its meaning than that conveyed by the very language of Rule 1. Plainly, it was Great Britain's understanding that her ships were to use the canal under the same charges and conditions as our own. Now if we negotiated the treaty with a mental reservation we were guilty of flagrant dishonesty. But the uprightness of JOHN HAY'S character repels that hypothesis. The tolls exemption construction of the treaty was an afterthought, practically we amended the convention without consulting the other party to the contract, and law, morality, and human reason stamp our tolls exemption act as indefensible. For our national honor and in the interest of good understanding with all friendly nations it is most gratifying that Mr. WILSON has determined to make amends for this wrongful act and to remove a cause of difference with Great Britain and with other powers by recommending repeal.

Our duty to make reparation to Colombia rests upon a like moral basis. In our treaty of 1846 we had guaranteed the rights of sovereignty and property of New Granada, afterward the United States of Colombia, on the Isthmus. Yet we violated our own guarantee, for it is beyond successful denial that but for our forcible interference the "revolution" in Panama would have been suppressed. We "took the Isthmus." It is true that our efforts to secure from the Colombian Government by negotiation the right to construct the canal had been met in no very reasonable spirit. That is not a justification. We believe it to be the general opinion in this country that we owe reparation to Colombia. The form, the amount of payment, will be determined by negotiation. In our treaty of 1903 with Panama we agreed to pay $10,000,000 in one sum, and thereafter "an annual payment during the life of this convention of $250,000." Had we dealt with Colombia these payments or some payments would have been made to her. But in the supplementary treaty of 1909 we consented that the Republic of Panama might assign and transfer in advance to the Republic of Colombia "the first ten installments of "$250,000 each so falling due under "said treaty as thus amended on the "26th days of February in the years "1908 and 1917 both inclusive," and it was provided that installments having matured prior to 1909 should be payable on the 90th day after the exchange of the ratifications of that treaty. This agreement will naturally be taken into account in determining what further payments are justly due to Colombia. It is of course not necessary to conclude that we are going to pay $25,000,000 or any other fixed sum. The negotiators will decide what is just and the main point is, not the amount of payment, but the willingness to right a wrong. A settlement with Colombia will have a most fortunate influence upon our dealings with all the republics of Central and South America. Even if the moral argument were less conclusive, expediency might make the adjustment advisable.

The Mexican mess is so troublesome that there will be a general regret that it should have been complicated with matters as to which we are at difference with Japan. There is no reason to believe, however, that the complication is of a serious nature. The statement is made that rifles and munitions of war have been supplied to HUERTA from Japan. That was known months ago. The Japanese have a perfect right to sell arms to the Mexicans. We have repeatedly in official communications insisted for ourselves upon the right to trade in arms. Secretary of State OLNEY wrote to the Spanish Minister in 1896 that "citizens of the United "States have a right to sell arms and "munitions of war to all comers." We have many times made that reply to protests against such transactions. Arms as merchandise constitute legitimate traffic, unless put under embargo, as is now our case in respect to Mexico. It is the armed expedition of a military nature that is forbidden. If Japanese contractors have sold arms to HUERTA we have no cause of complaint. Governments have not the same freedom, but, in strict law, if the Japanese Government has sold arms to the Mexican Government, only the Mexican rebels, not ourselves, would be thereby aggrieved.

The expediency of such a transaction is another matter. Fully understanding the gravity of the Mexican troubles as they affect the United States, and knowing our earnest desire for the ending of the troubles, being informed also of the policy we have adopted, Japan would have been wisely guided had she chosen the course adopted by the European Powers in putting no impediment in the way of our Mexican policy. So far as we are aware there is no information that she has done otherwise. It may safely be assumed that the arms furnished to HUERTA came from Japanese contractors, not from the Japanese Government.

But, so far as is known, there is nothing in these arms transactions or in any Japanese transactions with Mexico to prejudice the perfectly friendly settlement of pending questions between Japan and ourselves. There may be obstacles; one of them is the heat and bitterness of party strife in Japan. The Opposition there freely uses the American land ownership question as a means of deposing the Ministry. That is to be regretted, but notwithstanding that fact there is every reason to believe that we shall reach an understanding with Japan satisfactory to both parties. There is nothing in the whole field of our foreign relations more preposterous than the suggestion of any serious trouble between the United States and the Empire of Japan. The questions at issue are such as nations habitually dispose of by negotiation. Our friendly relations with the Japanese will not be put in jeopardy by the land question or by the sale of arms to HUERTA.

Of all the questions which the President and the Senators are understood to have considered at their conference, that with Mexico is the one most clouded with doubt. All the others may be disposed of by following the path of right and justice. When we keep to that path we have nothing to fear. In Mexico it is exceedingly difficult to see either what is right or what is expedient, even. The main thing is to keep ourselves out of the trouble. If that be impossible, the road to the promptest permanent settlement is the safest, and we cannot forget that other nations have left it to us to deal with Mexico. The President's determinations, if they have been formed, are yet to be announced.

THIS REMARKABLE WEATHER.

A mild day like yesterday, when the temperature was fairly springlike, set folks talking again about the weather. Thus far in the Winter of 1913-14 the Street Cleaning Department has not been compelled to expend one dollar on the removal of snow from the city thoroughfares. There has been no snow to speak of, and as we look backward we seem to recall a succession of balmy days with very little of the Winter's normal rigor. It is easy to forget that January has already broken low temperature records and that we had the mercury in the thermometers at zero, or near it, for two days. The temperature rose so quickly and the extra heavy clothing we had put on was so soon laid aside as to keep alive our idea of an "open" Winter, and open the Winter has been assuredly, in spite of some severe storms in this neighborhood and elsewhere.

Let us not felicitate ourselves prematurely. February is close at hand, and the record of that month in previous years has been despicable, while the historical blizzard occurred about the middle of the month of March. Plenty of time remains for the season to secure its reputation for normality. The official chroniclers of weather conditions will tell us when their records are complete that the mean temperature of the present season has been about the average. That indicates the right measure of the scientific meteorological statistics. Of course, we all know just what this Winter has been, the most unwinterlike one we remember. We have all said so many times.

SPOILS IN THE LABOR DEPARTMENT.

Mr. LYNCH, the Commissioner of Labor, has now made about a dozen appointments to the positions which the Civil Service Commission obligingly exempted last Summer from competitive tests, and has sixteen more to make. The character of the appointments made does not seem to show that the exemption from competitive tests has resulted in securing better men than could have been had in accordance with those tests. They are about equally divided, it appears, between Tammany men from the districts of Senator FRAWLEY and Senator WAGNER on the one hand, and, on the other, men prominent in the labor unions.

It would be quite absurd to say that men as good as these are cannot be got by competition, and as the Constitution expressly requires that appointments be made for merit and fitness alone, tested by competitive examination where practicable, it is plain that the spirit of the law and even its strict letter has been distinctly violated. The blame is not to be placed solely on the Commissioner, though it would have been easy for him to obtain a reversal of the Civil Service Commission's ruling. It belongs largely with the Civil Service Commission, and still more with the Governor, by whose authority the whole matter was controlled.

THE POPE AND THE TANGO.

To an elderly man, unfamiliar with the foibles of the world, the tango when its movements were discreetly exhibited to him seemed tedious and unlovely rather than immoral. As he is a priest, the idea occurred to him that such a series of motions prescribed as penance would be condemned as cruel. This story of the Pope's opinion of the most notorious of contemporary dances, told by the Rome correspondent of the Temps of Paris, must always lack verification, but it is good enough to be true and, while it is not unlikely that the head of the Roman Church has grown too old and too feeble of late to interest himself in the details of practices his Church is inclined to condemn, the tale may survive. It has the color of verisimilitude. It seems to express just what the good old man would think of the tango.

The story goes further, however, and represents the Pope as recommending to his visitors the furlana, a dance of his native Venice. Of course, the Venetians dance, but they have not been renowned among peoples who have invented dances. Probably the furlana is a dance known elsewhere by another name. There is a chance that we may hear more about it, even that it may come into fashion all over the world because the Pope is reported to have spoken of it, but the tale of his apt judgment of the tango would have been better without any mention of the other dance. It was good enough as it stood.

DOCTORS ADDICTED TO DRUGS.

Habit-forming drugs are a source of temptation to some physicians who, like some patients, become addicted to their use quite innocently—in the doctors' case, through self-prescription for various ailments. Those who would secure the enactment of laws restricting the sale of habit-forming drugs and providing for the proper care of their victims should by all means be encouraged. We believe that Mr. CHARLES B. TOWNS of this city was the first to point out a vital defect in the legislation of most States, that it does not provide for treatment and care of the afflicted persons who are robbed by drugs of their will-power, and cannot reform without external aid. Unfortunately, in causing to be introduced at Albany a bill for restriction of sales of narcotic drugs and commitment of their victims to hospitals, Mr. TOWNS has declared that no law exists permitting revocation of the license of any physician found addicted to drugs. The public health law, Article 8, reads:

> The Regents may revoke the license of a practitioner of medicine or annul his resignation, or do both, in any of the following cases: * * *
>
> (b) [A practitioner of medicine] is an habitual drunkard or habitually addicted to the use of morphine, opium, cocaine, or other drugs having a similar effect. * * *

We are advised by Dr. OTTO V. HUFFMAN, Secretary of the State Board of Medical Examiners, that the medical profession is alive to the evil among its members, and is now acting in three cases against physicians for the revocation of their licenses. To make the proposed law more effective, Dr. HUFFMAN thinks that the State should provide an inspector to investigate all complaints against physicians alleged to be guilty of the things mentioned in the paragraph quoted, and against practitioners accused of fraud or deceit in their practice. At present, the expense of collecting evidence is borne entirely by the medical societies. It is a State police matter; the expense should be the State's.

VASSAR'S GHOST.

The ghost of MATTHEW VASSAR is hopelessly old-fashioned. In the first place, instead of appearing within the ken of the young women in the college he founded, the spectre chooses the old farm house in which he dwelt in the body, situate between Red Oak Mills and New Hackensack. There he nightly plagues the tenants, who have moved in rapid succession. He makes uncanny noises, groans and moans in the cellar after midnight, and goes through the old ghostly trick of awakening the good man and his wife by passing his cold fingers across their throats.

If VASSAR'S ghost were still solicitous for the education of young women, he should have chosen a "medium" and appeared in a circle of scientists. He is not a modernist wraith; he cannot help Sir OLIVER LODGE prove the continuity of the ether, or establish the conditions "regulating intercourse across the chasm." The eminent psychic researchers would reject him. They would flout the theory that the spectre is the effect of a past violent emotion, penetrating like an aroma into the consciousness of sensitive sleepers, or that this is an "astral body" dissipating itself in nocturnal revelries.

But haunted houses are found everywhere and tramping spooks must be laid. Perhaps the present owner of the old Vassar homestead can find relief by invoking the rector of Asfordsby parish in England, who exorcised a groaning spectre from his habitation last Fall. At all events, a spirit so ignorant of psychology should be extinguished.

TOPICS OF THE TIMES.

Another Problem in Morals.

A letter from a stenographer, printed yesterday, asked for light on the question whether its author, if his employer dictated statements known by the employe to be false, would be justified in "taking," transcribing and sending them out.

The inquirer presented this pretty problem in several phases, assuming, first, that the lies were of the so-called harmless character, causing appreciable injury to nobody, and, second, that they involved moral turpitude and deliberate intention to deceive for financial or other gain. He also asked whether it should influence the answer if refusal to assist in the promulgation of falsehood meant the loss of a salary not easily replaced and hardship for dependents.

There are two easy solutions of this puzzle. One might tell the stenographer that he should scorn any compromise with evil, and, if he cannot persuade his employer to stop lying, to resign, regardless of consequences. On the other hand, one might assure him that his responsibility ends when he had done the work he was hired to perform.

Neither of these solutions is satisfactory, however. The first rests on the dubious assumption that the employe has a perfect comprehension of what his employer is doing. The possibility of mistake here is considerable. The second ignores the truth that a stenographer is also a citizen, with all the ordinary obligations of citizenship, and that somewhere, obviously, he must draw the line as to what he will do in his professional capacity. He cannot, for instance, have any part in plotting outright burglary or murder, and it would be his duty to report to the police an employer who was doing that.

But cases as clear as that would not be apt to arise. Usually it would be only the opinion of the stenographer against that of his principal, and the benefit of any doubt that existed might safely enough be given to the latter by the former. Theoretically, of course, the matter of consequences should not enter into the settlement of such a question; practically, it will, and the more largely in proportion as the departure from truth is trivial or serious. The allegation, for instance, of an imaginary "previous engagement" in order to escape a tiresome dinner would poorly justify revolt, while deliberate misrepresentation of goods offered for sale could not long be assisted with a clear conscience.

A Matter of Position, Not of Size.

Terrifying experiences like that reported by the Ward liner Monterey come every now and then to raise anew the old question whether or not one wave vastly bigger than any other in a given succession of waves is ever encountered. Hardly anybody who has been much at sea has any doubt that the answer should be affirmative, and every sailor, as well as most passengers who have been much on the ocean, can tell perfectly veracious stories of the one billow in a storm that towered far higher than any of its fellows and came aboard with disastrous or alarming effects that none of the others produced. Indeed, even on days comparatively calm, the unsuspecting and unexpecting occupants of a steamer's deck are not infrequently drenched by a wave that splashes far higher than did those that went before or do those that come after it.

The "big wave" theory, therefore, seems well supported, and yet a good many careful observers, while not denying that contiguous waves may differ considerably in size, still insist that the difference is never enough to account anything like fully for the difference in results. These skeptics insist that what happens is chiefly due to the ship's "taking" a not particularly large wave at an angle and a moment when most of it can reach the deck.

When the sea is at all rough the distance from the bulwarks to the water is constantly changing as the vessel pitches and rolls, and when her position as regards a certain wave happens to be just right, or rather just wrong, that wave can give the impression of being several times as tall as any of its companions.

As a matter of fact, the highest waves but poorly justify the epithet of "mountainous," and, in the open sea, the motion of the water in them is almost wholly up and down. The fierce rush of water from stem to stern that follows boarding by the solid part of a big comber is not due to its own horizontal velocity, but to that of the ship. The only real "big waves" are probably those resulting from seismic disturbances and improperly called "tidal." They, however, are among the rarest of maritime phenomena, and few, even of the oldest sailors, have ever seen one of them. The wave which overwhelmed and for a few moments imperiled the Monterey was not of that kind.

Obstinacy, Not Courage.

Undiscouraged by frequent defeats, the antivivisectionists have again secured the introduction in our Legislature of a bill providing for that "investigation" of animal experimentation by which they hope to bring about a complete suppression of the practice. In a better cause their persistence would be admirable, but as it is these strange people only demonstrate anew their indifference to facts.

They are presenting once more as basis for their demand statements that have repeatedly been shown to be false, and they use no arguments that have not often been refuted. They have, indeed, learned that to gain even a hearing nowadays they must pretend to be opposed not to vivisection, but to the abuses of vivisection. By implication they practically admit that experiments on animals are or may be of some use to medicine, but they rehearse the old fallacy as to the needlessness of demonstrating to successive classes of students known physiological facts, and they profess the old belief that vivisectors cruelly neglect to anaesthetize their victims. Uselessly they have been told that no operation at all delicate can be performed on a conscious and struggling animal—that the surgeon must have complete relaxation of all the tissues on which he works.

The insistence on investigation of the laboratories would be plausible if it did not come accompanied by innumerable misrepresentations, many of them seemingly deliberate and the others excusable only by dense ignorance. But vivisection is already sufficiently well regulated and guarded, and the effort of its foes is not to keep it so, but to surround it with such restrictions as would seriously delay, if not altogether stop, the progress of medical science.

PILGRIMS HONOR CHOATE.

Re-elect Him President and Hail His Recovery.

The Pilgrims of the United States held their annual meeting yesterday noon at the Whitehall Club with Chauncey Depew presiding in the place of Joseph H. Choate. The meeting originally had been postponed because of Mr. Choate's grave illness, and the date was set for yesterday, but he was still unable to attend, although word was sent down to those at the luncheon that he had so far recovered as to go out yesterday for a drive in Central Park.

These tidings were received with great enthusiasm, and Mr. Choate was re-elected President of the Pilgrims for the year to come. The Vice Presidents are Mr. Depew, Dr. Nicholas Murray Butler, T. Cuniffe Owen, George T. Wilson, and Admiral Lord Charles Beresford. W. C. Demorest is Treasurer and George W. Burleigh Secretary.

"Guilty but Insane."

To the Editor of The New York Times:

Tht proposed change in the verdict to "guilty but insane" in murder cases which the New York Bar Association is about to recommend where insanity is the defense is an excellent innovation. There is seeming inconsistency in coupling the term guilt with insanity, but this may be overlooked in view of the pressing necessity of a substitute for the old verdict "not guilty" on the ground of insanity, which was delivered in the Thaw case. The proposed change would obviate any necessity for demanding extradition of the fugitive from justice, since the accused would necessarily be handed over to the aggrieved State upon the charge of the conviction of guilt. WILLIAM FOSDICK.

Stamford, Conn., Jan. 27, 1914.

A Widow's Five Children.

When the eldest of a widow's five children became ill with tuberculosis a year ago their plans for keeping the home independently were shattered. Help had been necessary since the father died several years before and mother and daughter were looking forward to being able to make both ends meet through their own efforts. It is impossible for the latter to manage alone, but she is doing what she can at laundry work and scrubbing. She is thrifty and always succeeds in having the youngsters look neat and clean. There are three boys and a girl, all in school. One of the twins, a sunny tempered boy of seven, is crippled; but, with the rest, he is making a good record. They are eager for the time when their sister can return from the hospital, but this cannot be for months to come. Milk is being provided for the children by others interested. The Charity Organization Society asks for $168 to make it possible for the mother to continue the home. This will meet the monthly pension of $28 for six months.

Gifts may be sent to the office of the society, 105 East Twenty-second Street, and will be acknowledged.

The society acknowledges with thanks the following contributions sent in response to previous appeals in THE TIMES:

"E. A. R." $2; "A. J. L." $1; "H. F. C." $1; "C. K. H." $5; through THE NEW YORK TIMES, $15; "Anonymous," $50; Miss "E. A. C." $1; Mrs. "S." $1; "B. M. R." $2; Mrs. H. MacSloy, $1; R. E. Young, $20; cash, 50 cents; Mrs. A. J. Post, $20.

"HOPE SPRINGS ETERNAL."

O'er lives of bards I've often sat
And read how they have been deflected
First to this manner, then to that,
Ere still another they elected.

Whereat, the fancy seizing me,
That I, too, tread Parnassian bowers,
I write a stave, and cry in glee:
"I'm at the zenith of my powers!"

I cry it only once, ah me!
I con my rhymes but to regret them.
They're fearful! No anthology,
However vast, could ever get them.

But then I read how poets sang,
How each of them, for more or less time,
Was torn and tossed—(his "Sturm und Drang,"
The Germans call it—Storm-and-Stress time.)

That makes me understand my case!
Again I hie me to my study,
Write verses at a frightful pace
And worry not because they're muddy.

"'Tis but my Storm and Stress!" I say,
"This turgid sloppiness is lawful."
Then—then, I go to bed. Next day
I read the stuff, and find it awful!

"Alas!" I wail, "my sun has set!"
No more I'll be an epic-planner.
"This thing's my last!—and yet—and yet—
Suppose it's just my Earlier Manner!"

THOMAS R. YBARRA.

YALE MEN'S PHYSIQUE.

Shows That Younger Generation Tends To Surpass Its Parents.

To the Editor of The New York Times:

The general public is more or less conversant with the results of a college course from a mental standpoint, and in order that it might have some conception of the physical changes I have published various figures and conclusions. Prof. C. S. Minot of Harvard, who has demonstrated his facts by experiments on animals, has said with respect to power of growth: "Paradoxical as it will sound whenever it is first stated to any one, the period of youth is the period of most rapid decline." In a table compiled by Prof. Donaldson on the growth of English boys, he shows that the increase in weight from the nineteenth to the twenty-third year is only eight pounds. The average weight of a boy at nineteen is 139.4 pounds or 1.7 pounds more than the average of the Yale Class of 1910 on entering college. However, at the end of senior year we note an increase of 14.6 pounds or 6.6 pounds more than the average boy of the same age according to the Donaldson table, an increase which must be considered large in view of a previous statement that the growth power during this period is exceedingly small. For an explanation of this difference we have recourse to two great facts, namely, the increased facilities for exercise and physical development, and the increasing number of students who are availing themselves of these privileges.

In the matter of height we note that the increase was very slight, but 0.3 of an inch. Dr. B. A. Gould in his statistics of the American volunteers from New England during the civil war found that the mean height at nineteen was 67.16 inches and at twenty-three, 68.1 inches, a difference of 0.94 of an inch. From the age of twenty-two the increase in height was very slight, finally ceasing entirely with the maximum mean height of 68.36 inches. This slight increase in height is another demonstration of the statement that during the period of youth the growth power gradually decreases until it disappears entirely.

A study of the figures not only demonstrates that there has been increase in the growth power of Yale students, but also corroborates the assertion that the youth of the present day are better developed physically than those of past generations. At the close of the war, Dr. Gould had occasion to examine 291 normal and healthy students from the senior and junior classes at Yale and Harvard. From these examinations he compiled the following statistics, with which we compare the measurements of the present senior class:

	1910. Senior Class.	1864. Dr. Gould's Statistics.	Difference.
Age	22.2	21.7	+ .4
Height ...	68.1 in.	68.09 in.	+ 0.01 in.
Weight ...	152.3 lbs.	136.1 lbs.	+16.2 lbs.
Girth—			
Neck ...	14.3 in.	13.1 in.	+ 1.2 in.
Chest, nor.	36.9 in.	35.3 in.	+ 1.6 in.
Chest, in.	38.7 in.	36.7 in.	+ 2 in.
Chest, ex.	35.3 in.	33.7 in.	+ 1.6 in.

Again compare these averages with those compiled from 1,000 normal and healthy volunteers from New England by the same author:

	1910. Senior Class.	1864. Dr. Gould's Statistics.	Difference.
Age	22.2	25	— 2.8
Height	68.1 in.	67.4 in.	+ 0.7 in.
Weight ...	152.3 lbs.	140 lbs.	+12.3 lbs.
Girth—			
Neck ...	14.3 in.	13.4 in.	+ 0.9 in.
Chest, in.	38.7 in.	36.7 in.	+ 2 in.
Chest, ex.	35.3 in.	34 in.	+ 1.3 in.
Breadth—			
Sh'l'd'rs..	16.6 in.	16.2 in.	+ 0.4 in.
Chest exp.	3.4 in.	2.7 in.	+ 0.7 in.

Dr. Minot, in his book entitled "Age, Growth, and Death," says: "Any one can observe that the younger generation of to-day tends to surpass its parents in physical development. How to explain the remarkable improvement we do not know. I find myself led to the hypothesis that the better health of the mothers secures improved nourishment in the early stages of the offspring and that the maternal vigor is at least one important immediate cause of the betterment of the children." While I concur in this opinion, our study of the question leads us to infer that a far more important factor in the solution of the problem is the larger appreciation of the influence of the physical upon the mental and the moral which is resulting in increased facilities for physical development.

FRANK J. BORN, M. D.,
Medical Examiner Yale University.
New Haven, Conn., Jan. 27, 1914.

MEINHARD MEMORIAL HOUSE

New Centre for Settlement Work Dedicated—Impressive Programme.

The new Henry Meinhard Memorial Settlement House, at 101st Street and Park Avenue, was dedicated last night, marking another step in strengthening the neighborhood spirit of the upper west side.

The Settlement House has been given by Morton Henry Meinhard in memory of his father, Henry Meinhard. It has besides a gymnasium, playground, clubs for boys and girls, a kindergarten, an employment bureau, and classes in Jewish history.

The dedication services were simple and impressive. Mr. Meinhard opened them by touching the keynote of loyalty to country and to parents as the fundamental aim of the house. Dr. Joseph Silverman of the Temple Emanu-El spoke warmly of the noble life and example of Henry Meinhard, saying that if the house should prove a worthy memorial to him, it would be a beacon light in a dark place.

Gaylord White, head of the Union Settlement, told of his own work in the vicinity for the last twelve years. Mr. Morris Wessels of Harvard University was the next speaker. He is to be the head worker in the new house.

George Pankin, formerly of the Nathan Hale Club of the Educational Alliance, was the last speaker. He appealed earnestly to the forty old members of the club, of which Mr. Meinhard was Director, to lend a hand to the new enterprise in memory of their own gratitude. The closing prayer was made by H. G. Enelow of the Temple Emanu-El.

TAFT'S ADVICE TO CANADA.

Warns Her to Prevent Plutocracy Reaching the Danger Point.

TORONTO, Jan. 28.—"I sincerely hope that our experience may give you warning and cause you to take prompter measures to prevent plutocracy reaching the danger point," said former President William H. Taft here to-night before the Literary and Scientific Society of the University of Toronto. The former President dwelt on the probability of Canada facing the conditions of corporate control existing in the United States. Canada, he said, had the advantage of profiting by the mistakes of the United States, and had already shown discretion in avoiding them. He noped that the restrictive measures needed in Canada would be applied early enough so that "excesses of reform" might be averted.

Dealing with woman suffrage, Mr. Taft said that its advocates would have to justify their attitude by either showing that as a class women suffered by non-participation in government, or that if enfranchised they would materially improve "the wisdom and patriotism of the electorate."

WILSON FOR FARM BANKS.

Opposes Direct Federal Credits to Farmers—Situation Clears.

Special to The New York Times.

WASHINGTON, Jan. 28.—Prospects for farm credits legislation at this session of Congress were brightened to-day by conferences which President Wilson held with Representatives Carter Glass of Virginia and Robert J. Bulkley of Ohio, members of the Banking and Currency Committee, and with Senator Fletcher of Florida and other members of the commission which recently went abroad to study European methods of extending credits to farmers upon their products.

By rejecting one proposed method of rural credits and indorsing another the President cleared the way for comparatively speedy action by Congress. The plan which the President opposed was that fathered by Senator Norris of Nebraska, and Representative Bathrick of Ohio, and indorsed by the National Grange. This method contemplates that the Federal government go into the business of lending money direct to tillers of the soil, a suggestion carried out in the Norris-Bathrick bill.

President Wilson stoutly opposed the suggestion that the Government go into the money-lending business, and gave his approval to the Rural Credits bill, framed as the result of the investigation made by the commission headed by Senator Fletcher. This measure—the Fletcher bill—provides for private-owned banks operating under a Federal charter and subject to Federal inspection. These banks would be established in rural communities, and their business would be confined largely to farm mortgage loans within State lines.

The Fletcher bill is to be introduced this week. The President from time to time may suggest changes. Further conferences on the rural credit programme will be held at the White House next Monday. At that time President Wilson will receive Representatives Underwood and Bulkley.

The President is inclined to favor a limited number of trips by members of the committee to typical rural communities in search of information. Mr. Underwood opposes this plan. He thinks it would only make more delay.

OPPOSE RATE ADVANCE.

Brick Concerns Contend Railroads Have Not Shown Its Necessity.

WASHINGTON, Jan. 28.—The voluminous tables, charts, and other statistics presented by shippers of the official classification territory to support their protest against the general 5 per cent. freight rate increase asked by the railroads were augmented to-day with data on the tile, brick, and clay industry. Witnesses agreed with other testimony that the carriers could increase their revenues more than 5 per cent. by improving their service and eliminating unnecessary expenditures.

Paving brick manufacturing concerns contended that the carriers had not shown the necessity for an advance in rates, and that an advance would reduce the tonnage, and therefore cut down the carriers' revenue.

C. M. Thirlkeld, traffic manager of the National Fireproofing Company of Pittsburgh, expressed the opinion that the railroads were entitled to the advance. On cross-examination he said he had been three years in the employ of the Pennsylvania Railroad Company. Counsel for the shippers sought to show that Thirlkeld's company, which operates twenty-eight plants, would not be seriously affected by any advance in rates, whereas its competitors would be forced to bear an added cost.

CANADA'S ADVERTISING BILL

Spends $70,000 a Year in the United States to Get Immigrants.

WASHINGTON, Jan. 28.—How Canada has paid the Western Newspaper Union $42,000 a year for the last twelve years to circlate reading matter about the Dominion through the medium of "patent insides," which the union furnishes to newspapers, was told to the Senate Lobby Committee to-day by George A. Joslyn of Omaha, President of the union, and Alfred Washington, its advertising manager.

Joslyn testified that the matter so circulated was marked 'advertisement," and was designed to induce Americans to emigrate to Canada.

Washington testified under cross-examination that he did not think it unpatriotic or disloyal to his country to circulate such matter. Canada's Interior Department, he said, paid the Western Newspaper Union $1 a column for all such material the newspapers used.

W. J. White, Canadian official in charge of immigration agencies in the United States, appeared voluntarily to say his Government spent $70,000 a year advertising in the United States for immigrants. He added that he did not disparage the United States in the advertising he handled.

BRITISH EXHIBITS COMING.

Lord Haldane's Nephew Here for Scotch Distillers.

R. Haldane Macqueen, a nephew of Lord Haldane, arrived yesterday from Glasgow on the Anchor Line steamer California and went to the Hotel McAlpin. He has come to this country, he said, to arrange for an exhibit at the Panama-Pacific Exposition by Mackie & Co., distillers in Scotland. He is a member of the firm and its export manager. John E. Turton of Montreal, the firm's Canadian representative, met him at the hotel.

Many manufacturers in England and Scotland, Mr. Macqueen said, were preparing for extensive exhibitions at the San Francisco Fair, but he added that in his opinion nothing would induce the British Government to provide an official representation unless the matter of the canal tolls is adjusted in the near future.

DISCUSS 42D ST. SUBWAY.

Board of Estimate and Commission Comparing Their Views.

Commissioner Williams and Chief Engineer Craven of the Public Service Commission had a conference yesterday with the Transit Committee of the Board of Estimate, consisting of President McAneny and Borough Presidents Pounds and Mathewson, over the problems presented by the Forty-second Street line at the Grand Central Station and at Times Square. A further conference between the committee of the board and the Public Service Commission will be held to-morrow afternoon in the offices of the commission.

This afternoon at 3:15 o'clock the Forty-second Street Association will wait on President McAneny to express their views on these problems. They are strongly in favor of the Harwood plan, which provides an express station at Times Square, the diagonal connection at Grand Central Station from Forty-third Street and Lexington Avenue to Forty-first Street and Park Avenue, and for such modification of the existing Interborough lines at Times Square as to provide the means of maintaining uninterrupted the present crosstown express service.

NEW HAVEN TROLLEY PLAN.

Trusteeship for Railroad's Holdings Receiving Consideration.

PROVIDENCE, R. I., Jan. 28.—A conference between Howard Elliott, Chairman of the New York, New Haven & Hartford Railroad, and A. E. Potter, President of the Rhode Island Company, a New Haven subsidiary which operates the trolley lines in this State, will be held at New York to-morrow to consider the separation of the properties.

Officials of the Rhode Island Company said to-day that the plan to place the trolley holdings in the hands of trustees until such time as they could be marketed to the best advantage was receiving much consideration, as the officials believed it might be two or three years before the properties could be sold.

WOMEN TO ASK CITY TO FIND THEM WORK

Mass Meeting of Unemployed Held at Cooper Union—Conference with Mayor To-day.

UNION ORGANIZATION URGED

Inequality of Pay of Men and Women Assailed — Trades League Throws Open Its Doors to Jobless.

A mass meeting of unemployed women was held in Cooper Union yesterday at 1 P. M. and Miss Melinda Scott presided as Chairman. She announced that the assembly room of the Woman's Trades Union League, 42 East Twenty-second Street, had been thrown open to women without work that they might not have to sit in the parks when not looking for a job.

"I understand," she said, "that girls who live in hired rooms are turned out of them at 8:30 o'clock in the morning and not allowed to come back until 6:30 at night. Now every one knows that there is no use in going around to look for work after 10:30 in the morning, so we have opened the league room for the women."

She also said that arrangements were being made to give those out of work temporary employment.

A resolution was passed making a demand on the State authorities for work. This will be taken to the Mayor to-day and the women will ask for immediate employment.

It had been planned for the women at the meeting to march down to City Hall after adjournment, but this was abandoned when a letter was read from Mr. Mitchel saying that he had arranged for a conference to-day to which he had asked Miss Mary Dreier to send a representative of the unemployed women. He had discussed the situation with Commissioner Kingsbury, he said.

One woman in the audience got up to say that she did not see when there was such a demand for domestic servants why any of the women who had been telling of their trials need suffer.

"Why will they suffer all these hardships," she asked, "when they could have comfortable homes and $20 a month? There is no need of any one starving."

"There must be some very good reason why the girls all prefer to go to factories or shops under the worst condition rather than go into people's homes to work," answered Miss Scott.

The stories of the girls were very similar. Many complaints told of looking for work where there seemed to be no real demand for girls. One girl after giving her name, address and pedigree being taken at these places and then being sent off. There would be small armies of girls all treated in the same way. It took their time and carfare needlessly, they complained.

"I had to walk home from Thirty-second Street way downtown, where I live," said one girl, "because I had taken my last ten cents to go there."

"They keep the advertisements in the paper because they like to have girls standing around outside their shops," said Miss Scott, "and then they can say to those who are working for them: 'See all the people waiting to take your place.'"

Another complaint was that the employers were continually bringing in younger girls who would begin for lower wages. A girl of 18 or 20 would break down in her work, it was asserted, after having worked up in two or three years to $9 or $10 a week, and then going back after an illness she would find her place taken by the younger girl at $6.

An expert stenographer said that a man's position with very hard work was given her with half his pay, and in a less difficult position she was replaced by some one less expert, who would take less money.

The cry of a middle-aged woman carrying a muff and having the appearance of being very well dressed, was one of the most pathetic.

"I Why ain't I let to live?" she asked. "I was born and brought up in this city, I'm a citizen, I'm capable. This is a suicidal existence. Nobody cares, and if you say anything about your troubles they take out their watches. I want work. Give me a chance. I'm as capable as any one. Give me a chance."

A laundry worker who had helped organize a

MARION GAYNOR IS A BRIDE AT 16

Daughter of the Late Mayor Wed to Ralph H. Isham in Trinity Church.

WEDDING IS A SURPRISE

Couple to Join Bridegroom's Father, Who Is Ill on Coast—Norman Gaynor to Wed Shortly, Is Report.

Miss Marion Gaynor, fourth daughter of the late Mayor William J. Gaynor, was quietly married yesterday afternoon in Trinity Church to Ralph Heyward Isham, son of Mr. and Mrs. Henry Heyward Isham of Elizabeth. The marriage was performed by the Rev. Dr. W. T. Manning, rector of Trinity, and as he pronounced the benediction that completed the ceremony the chimes in Trinity tower struck 4 o'clock. The entire ceremony occupied but seven minutes.

There were two reasons for the simplicity of the ceremony. The first was the death of Mayor Gaynor, whose funeral services had been held in the selfsame church just four months and seven days ago, and the second reason was the illness of the bridegroom's father, who is now at Santa Barbara, Cal. The bridal couple will start West to-day to be with him.

Henry Heyward Isham is a very wealthy man, President of the Marietta, Columbus & Cleveland Railroad, and possessor of extensive realty holdings in New Jersey, resulting from a Colonial grant of a large tract between Newark and Elizabeth, now known as the Trumbull estate.

About two weeks ago Mr. Isham wrote his son a letter requesting him to come out to the coast and help him manage his extensive affairs. This letter was followed by a telegram six days ago urging the son to hurry. But young Mr. Isham had been in love with Miss Gaynor for more than a year and both felt that they could not stand the enforced separation which would be of six months' duration at least.

Seek Macauley's Help.

Accordingly they went to Owen J. Macauley, deputy clerk of the Appellate Term, who had married Mayor Gaynor's favorite sister, and was therefore an uncle-in-law of the bride-to-be, and asked him to gain Mrs. Augusta C. Gaynor's consent to a speedy marriage. Mr. Macauley, who admits that he engineered the elopement to Wilmington, Del., of Edith and Gertrude Gaynor, who became Mrs. Harry K. Vingut and Mrs. W. Seward Webb, Jr., respectively soon persuaded Mrs. Gaynor to consent to the ceremony. Yesterday morning Mrs. Gaynor motored to the Municipal License Bureau in Borough Hall, Brooklyn, and asked that the license form be sent to her home, at 20 Eighth Avenue, where the young couple affixed their signatures and were granted the license, although Miss Marion will not be 17 years old until March.

Trinity Church held but fifty invited guests when the ceremony began, although a curious crowd, scenting something unusual, besieged the doors. At four minutes to 4 o'clock Miss Gaynor, escorted by her brother Rufus, who gave her away, walked up the centre aisle from her seat in the third pew on the left, and stood beside Mr. Isham. She had neither bridesmaid nor attendants. On Mr. Isham's right hand stood Joseph Walker, a former classmate at Yale, who acted as best man. Miss Gaynor was dressed entirely in white silk, her gown being made in the minaret mode. She wore white satin slippers with a small white hat with a slight trimming of sable around the brim. She did not carry any flowers.

The bride appeared to be slightly nervous, and made her responses in a scarcely audible voice, while the groom spoke out in a clear, determined voice. Mrs. Gaynor, widow of the late Mayor, and her two daughters, Helen and Ruth, occupied the first pew on the left. Mrs. Gaynor crept quietly during the ceremony.

After Dr. Manning had pronounced them man and wife the young couple turned from the altar rail and walked quickly down the aisle, pushed their way through the doors, and the crowd at the entrance to the church. A phalanx of photographers turned their camera batteries upon them as they hurried into their automobile and were whirled rapidly away.

A few relatives and intimate friends followed in automobiles to the Gaynor home, where a wedding supper was served last night. The young couple will leave this afternoon about 5 o'clock for Santa Barbara.

Another Gaynor Engagement.

Before the ceremony Norman Gaynor, another brother of the bride, was asked about his rumored engagement to Miss Betsy Page, daughter of the Rev. Frank Page, until two years ago pastor of the Gaynor church at St. John's Place and Seventh Avenue, Brooklyn, but now living in Fairfax, Va.

"Well, you will do me a great favor," he said with a smile, "if you will call up Miss Page and bring me back her answer, 'Yes.'"

Although Norman Gaynor would neither deny or affirm that an engagement existed, it was stated by a relative that the marriage would probably take place in May. In fact it was said that Norman had been told to take notes of yesterday's ceremony to stand him in good stead at his own. Mrs. Gaynor said last night that Miss Page was with her father in Virginia.

Mrs. Isham has long been prominent in outdoor sports. She drives her automobile with skill and is known as an accomplished horsewoman, having ridden blue-blooded jumpers over dangerously high fences. She won several blue ribbons in the horse show at Madison Square Garden last year, while at the Turf and Field Horse Show at Belmont in May, 1912, she defeated some of the best women riders in the country and won the blue ribbon in the class of ladies' jumpers on Herbert L. Pratt's Annabelle.

Ralph Isham is 23 years old, a graduate of Yale and Cornell, and a student at the New York Law School. He was once known as the "Millionaire reporter," having writ'en a series of articles for a New York morning newspaper. He is a descendant of Jonathan Trumbull, Colonial Governor of Connecticut, and that State's first Governor after the Revolution. His mother, who is a well-known writer under the name of Juliette Calhoun Marsh is a descendant of the famous statesman, John C. Calhoun. Mr. Isham has traveled extensively in the Orient and in the Malay States.

Rufus Gaynor, who gave the bride away, eloped while a student at Amherst College, and was married to Miss Maria Odde in Chicago, but the marriage was annulled in 1911.

Among those present at the ceremony were Fire Commissioner Robert Adamson and Mrs. Adamson, Dock Commissioner R. A. C. Smith and Mrs. Smith, Mr. and Mrs. W. Seward Webb, Jr., Mrs. James Creelman and her two daughters, Mrs. Juliette Isham, George Brower, Mr. and Mrs. William H. English, Mr. and Mrs. Charles Lydecker, Mr. and Mrs. Harry K. Vingut, Mrs. James Kelly, Owen J. Macauley, Mr. and Mrs. Mirabeau L. Towns and Clarence Hensel.

The wedding yesterday caused a surprise, because both Mrs. Isham and Mrs. Gaynor recently denied that there was any engagement. It was also reported and denied recently that Miss Helen Gaynor was engaged to E. T. Bedford, son of Mr. and Mrs. Frederick H Bedford of 193 Clinton Avenue, Brooklyn.

Lieut. William Kennell, who was the late Mayor's attendant and is now in the same position for Mayor Mitchel, guarded the entrance to the church before the ceremony and afterward escorted Mrs. Gaynor, who was dressed in deep mourning, to her car.

MISS FLOHRI'S WEDDING.

Attendants for Her Marriage to Reuben P. Sleicher on Feb. 7.

The marriage of Miss May Virginia Flohri, daughter of Emil Flohri of Livingston, S. I., and Reuben P. Sleicher, son of John A. Sleicher, President of the Leslie-Judge Company, and editor of Leslie's Weekly, is to take place on Saturday evening, Feb. 7, in St. Mary's Episcopal Church at Livingston, and will be followed by a reception at the home of the bride's parents, 744 Castleton Avenue, West New Brighton.

Miss Flohri has chosen Miss Lonie Worth as her maid of honor, and the Misses Miriam Dejonge, Grace Wightman, Dorothy Munns, and Ethel Regan as her bridesmaids.

George I. Sleicher of Albany is to act as best man for his brother, and the ushers will include William S. Wooster of Albany, Benjamin F. Stower of Plattsburg, Dr. Philip MacGuire, and Senator Walter R. Herrick of this city.

After their bridal journey Mr. Sleicher and his bride will reside at St. George, S. I.

MRS. L. LINCOLN, JR., HOSTESS.

Gives Theatre Party and Dance for Her Debutante Niece, Miss Burrill.

Mrs. Lowell Lincoln, Jr., of 166 East Sixty-fourth Street, entertained last evening with a theatre party and dance for her débutante niece, Miss Elizabeth Burrill, the daughter of Mr. and Mrs. Drayton Burrill. There were fifty guests at the play, and afterward the party went to the Colony Club for a seated supper, and the dancing followed. About twenty additional guests, chiefly men, came for the latter.

Mrs. Lincoln, Mrs. Stephen G. Williams, and Drayton Burrill chaperoned the party. The guests included the Misses Louise M. Herrick, Beatrice Burrill, Colman Ingersoll, Charlotte Strong, Star Paris, Dorothy King, Dorothy Hollister, Louise Trevor, Katharine W. Porter, Alice Haven, Louise Dixon, Louisa M. Livingston, Elizabeth McVickar, Rosetta Carson, Elizabeth W. Emmons Alexandra Emery, Lentilhon Gilford.

Also George Norton Miller, Jr., James F. Larkin, Schuyler L. Parsons, H. Gallatin Pell, H. Bartow Farr, F. Shelton Farr, Macculloch Miller, Charles H. Nourse, Theodore J. Knapp, Drayton Burrill, Jr., Frederick W. Wooley, William M. Carson, John Munroe, Talbot J. Taylor, James Lenox Banks, Howland S. Davis, Henry Cooper, and Brenton and Charles Welling.

MRS. INGERSOLL ENTERTAINS.

Gives Reception with Dancing at Her Home—The Guests.

Mrs. Robert Ingersoll gave a reception with dancing yesterday afternoon at 117 East Twenty-first Street. Mrs. Ingersoll had receiving with her her daughter, Mrs. Walston Hill Brown; her granddaughter, Miss Eva Ingersoll Brown, and the Misses Dorothy Legg Howard and Priscilla Griffin. Mrs. Orlando J. Smith and Mrs. Albert Shaw poured tea.

The guests included the Misses Barbara Shedd, Mary Millett, Pamela Poor, Candace Hewitt, Gladys Robbins, and Gabrielle Hamilton, also Gen. Horace Porter, Charles W. Post, Harry M. Post, James McCosh Magee, Robert Bigelow, Charles Ferguson, Scuyler Van Vechten, the Rev. Frank Clendenin and Mrs. Clendenin, Mrs. Alexander Duff, Mrs. David Lydig, Mrs. Henry Villard, Mrs. MacDonald Sheridan, Mrs. Oliver J. Wells, Mrs. Charles Nadal, Mrs. E. F. Dwight, Mrs. Edwin H. Blashfield, Mrs. Frank Northrop, and Mrs. Henry de Coppet.

SOCIAL NOTES.

Miss Winifred Holt gave a reception yesterday afternoon at her home, 44 East Seventy-eighth Street, Mrs. James Colt Bloodgood of Baltimore, Mrs. Lorillard Spencer, Jr., and Mrs. Seth Low assisting in receiving. Mrs. La Mont appeared in Indian songs. Miss Holt will be at home on Wednesdays during February.

Mrs. James Wilson Clark and Mrs. Catherine Clark Hering, of 14 East Sixtieth Street, are sailing Saturday on the Caronia for the Riviera for an indefinite stay.

Reginald Paget and Darcy Van Bokkelen of San Francisco, who have been at the Waldorf-Astoria, are sailing to spend the remainder of the Winter with Lady Paget in London.

Mr. and Mrs. Arthur Gould Hamilton (Miss Elizabeth Van Heusen), who were married on Jan. 12, are at Lake Placid, N. Y. They will be at home at 565 Park Avenue after Feb. 1.

Mr. and Mrs. Edgar Palmer are at the Plaza for an indefinite stay. Mr. and Mrs. John F. Harris, Mr. and Mrs. C. E. Van Vleck, and J. J. Sinclair, who reside at the hotel, are leaving for Palm Beach.

Mr. and Mrs. Imre Josika-Herczeg of 28 West Tenth Street, have issued invitations for the marriage of their niece, Miss Molly Tackaberry, to Armour Ferguson, which is to take place at their home on Thursday afternoon, Feb 5, at 4 o'clock.

Mrs. Nelson Perin, with her daughters, Mrs. F. H. Harrison and Miss Perin, of Baltimore, are at the Wolcott for a visit, also Mr. and Mrs. Nathaniel Higgins of Great Neck, L. I.

Mrs. James Lowell Putnam of Boston is at the St. Regis. Mrs. William H. Sealck is giving an auction bridge party there to-day for Mrs. Otis Livingston, Mrs. Wm. Vincent Boone and Mrs. Price Jones, who are sailing for the Orient on Feb. 1.

The Society of the Cincinnati are giving a reception and tea this afternoon at the Hotel Gotham, from 2 to 7 o'clock. Mrs. James M. Lawton, Mrs. Eugene Outerbridge, and Miss Julia Chester Wells are in charge of the arrangements.

The last meeting at the Plaza of the Social Reading Club will be held tomorrow, when Miss Mary S. Thompson will read John Corbin's play, "Husband." The auxiliary course will be held during February at the home of one of the members of the club.

G. Bovard MacBride gave a masque bal last night at his studio, 3 East Fifty-second Street. About a hundred guests appeared in picturesque Oriental costumes.

Mrs. Charles Smithers of Glen Cove will give a luncheon to-day at the Ritz-Carlton for Miss Ada Norfleet, the debutante daughter of Mr. and Mrs. Jesse Chamblis Norfleet.

Mrs. Stuyvesant Fish will entertain to-night with a large dance at her residence, 25 East Seventy-eighth Street.

Miss Lydia Dwight Day gave a tea dance yesterday at her residence, 52 East Seventy-second Street. Miss Fannie C. Neale received with her. There were about 100 guests in the afternoon and later a supper was served for about thirty young people and a few more came in for dancing, which ended at 10 o'clock.

All the boxes have been sold for a carnival dance to be given on Feb. 24 for the Lisa Day Nursery in the Biltmore ballroom. Many novel features are promised, including a Mardi Gras procession with King and Queen. Many dinners will precede the carnival. Mrs. Charles R. Scott will be one of the hostesses.

Mrs. W. Floyd Kendall gave a tea dance yesterday at the residence of Mrs. W. Beals Kendall, 41 West Eleventh Street, for Mrs. J. Sheldon Potter. The Misses Elinor Kendall and Nan Douglas poured tea.

Mrs. Hamilton Fish, Mrs. Cornelius C. Cuyler, Mrs. Moses Taylor Campbell, Mrs. Charles B. Alexander, Mrs. H. S. Redmond, Mrs. George J. Gould, Mrs. Alfred Anson and Mrs. H. Fairfield Osborn will give dinners this evening, and afterward their guests will attend Mrs. Fish's dance.

Mr. and Mrs. Alphonse Jongers gave a dinner last night at the Plaza for Miss Frances M. Ward, before the charity café chantant.

SOCIETY IN WHIRL AT CAFE CHANTANT

Dances Among Tables, in the Halls, and in First Tier Boxes at the Plaza.

FANCY DANCES ON STAGE

Miss Margerey Shannon Gives the Pavlowa Gavotte—Funny Movies Also in Aid of Destitute Blind.

A café chantant was held in the large ballroom at the Plaza last night for the benefit of the destitute blind, under the patronage of Mrs. Livingston Pell, Mrs. William Sheehy, Mrs. Charles Warren Hunt, Mrs. Walden Pell, Mrs. Robert T. Varaum, and Mrs. Pierre Crosby Waring.

It proved a lively evening for society, with small tables placed on the balroom floor, and a continual entertainment, consisting of vaudeville and moving pictures. During the intermisions there was general dancing wherever there was space, among the tables, in the halls, and even in the first tier boxes, so eager is society these days to dance to syncopated time. The men smoked, and drinks were served, and there was not a dull moment during the entire evening..

The fancy dances offered on the stage at the south end of the ballroom were spirited and picturesque. Between dances and songs the latest in the comedy and scenic movies were thrown upon a screen. The hunting adventures of "Col. Heeza Liar" in South Africa raised a riot of laughter and applause.

First in the special dancing appeared Misses Marion Chapin, Eleanor Virginia, and Randolph Chapin in a Greek dance, which was followed by a waltz, in which Mrs. Roger Minton and Charles G. West, Jr., appeared. The sextet dance won several encores, and in this appeared the Misses Helen Livingston Palmele, Gertrude and Violet Hamilton, Agnes Sheehy, Margherite Siegfried, G. Beckley Ward, Anne Hunt Lawrence, Van Horn Peal, William N. Almy, Bradish Carroll, and Thomas S. H. von Bowen. In the Yama dance were the Misses Ada Norfleet, Elinor Davies, and Katherine Flagg.

Miss Margery Shannon appeared in the Pavlowa gavotte, wearing a costume with a girdle once worn by Marie Antoinette, and Mrs. Hamilton Pell and Alfred Large Lottimer, Mrs. Minton and Donald Carr and the Misses Mildred and Helen Harbeck followed in fancy dances. Miss Abby P. Morrison, and Daniel Tomlinson sang, and Harry L. Bill, a blind banjoist, played various selections.

In the Bogie girl dance were Mrs. Stanley L. Wolff, Mrs. Harry Young, Mrs. Walter Kobbe, Jr.; Mrs. F. Raymond Lefferts, Mrs. H. Leroy Whitney, and the Misses Frances Montagu Ward, Agnes Sheehy, Dorothy Gibb, Margherite Siegfried, Dorothy W. Salisbury, and Dolly La Montagne.

DANCE FOR MISS BLAIR.

C. Ledyard Blair Entertains at Sherry's for His Daughter.

C. Ledyard Blair gave a small dance last night in the tapestry suite at Sherry's for his second daughter, Miss Florence Blair. It was a good-bye dance for a few of Miss Blair friends, as, with her mother, she is sailing on Saturday for Bermuda, where Mrs. Blair has a cottage for the rest of the Winter.

Mr. Blair and Miss Blair, assisted by Mrs. J. Insley Blair, received, as Mrs. Blair is in mourning and did not attend the dance. There was a seated supper at midnight, and Spring flowers were the decorations. The guests, who numbered eighty, included Miss Blair's young friends.

Mr. and Mrs. Blair and their family have been at the Ritz-Carlton since they came from Blainsden, their country estate at Peapack, N. J.

Dance at Mrs. R. R. Livingston's.

Mrs. Robert R. Livingston will open her house, 11 Washington Square North, on Monday evening, Feb. 9, for a dance in aid of the St. Agnes Day Nursery, 7 Charles Street. It will be an early dance with a buffet supper at midnight. Miss Florence Gayley, 20 Washington Square, has charge of the tickets, which will be sold only to those receiving invitations, as it is desired to keep the guests to the friends of those organizing it. The committee in charge of the dance is composed of Mrs. William Baylis, Jr., Mrs. Armitage Whitman, and the Misses Frances Burr, Emily Coe, Florence Gayley, Katherine Miller, Laura Livingston, Elizabeth Hare Powel, Elizabeth Russell, Lisa Stillman, and Mary Wood.

Dance for the Misses Quinn.

Mrs. Martin J. Quinn gave a dance last night at her residence, 42 West Forty-ninth Street, for her daughters the Misses Josephine and Elsinore Quinn. Among the guests were the Baroness de Ropp, and the Misses Estelle Hall, Alice Moffitt, Grace Stone, Beth Leary, Grace Momond, Virginia Geddes, Ellen P. Laffin; also Mr. and Mrs. Frederick P. Humphreys, Clifton Hewlette, Kenneth Wylie, George Butler, Mortimer Wilmerding and Edward Condon.

Mrs. Bridgman's Theatre Party.

Col. Oliver Bridgman and Mrs. Bridgman chaperoned a theatre party the latter gave last night for her house guest, Miss Elizabeth Shedden of Philadelphia. After the play the party went to the Plaza for supper. The guests were, besides Miss Shedden and Miss Anna Kirk Bridgman, the Misses Barbara Brewster, Annette Fallowes, Marion Wells Hall, Marian Vanderhoef, and also George A. Washington, Theodore Farrelly, Paul Cushman, Arthur Brown, Jr., Sterling Halstead, and Chester Ward.

Luncheon for the Misses Mairs.

Mrs. John B. Calvert gave a luncheon yesterday at her home, 201 West Fifty-seventh Street, for her nieces, the Misses Mary and Joanna Mairs. The guests were the Misses Evelyn Holt, Mary Bayne, Cora B. Edgcomb, Josephine Paddock, Louise Jackson, Janet Penman, and Mabel Smith.

MUSIC NOTES.

The Century Opera Company will produce Victor Herbert's opera, "Natoma," some time in March, with the composer directing the orchestra on the opening night. He will also supervise the rehearsals.

Mabel Garrison has written to the newspapers stating that in the notice of her engagement with the Metropolitan Opera Company, published yesterday, she was credited with being a vocal graduate of the Peabody Institute, whereas she really felt that she owed her development as a singer to her present teacher, Oscar Saenger.

The Servants of Relief for Incurable Cancer

working for the last fifteen years for the destitute of this class of sufferers, and having two Homes in and near New York City, have great need of acquiring some additional city property for the benefit of the male patients. Donations for this purpose are earnestly begged for, according to the advice of the Right Rev'd Bishop Thomas F. Cusack, Chairman of the Board of Trustees of the charity. The Sisters especially appeal to men to bless their sadder contingent with relief in this effort to please them. Kindly send letters of gift to

Mother M. Alphonsa Lathrop, O. S. D.,
ROSARY HILL HOME,
Hawthorne, Westchester Co., N. Y.
Or to Mother M. Rose Huber, O. S. D.,
ST. ROSE'S FREE HOME,
71 Jackson St., New York.

Visitors are gladly welcomed to each Home.
THE DOMINICAN SISTERS OF THE CONGREGATION OF ST. ROSE OF LIMA.

AUDIENCE MAY DANCE.

Fifth Avenue Theatre to Provide a Floor in Foyer, with Music.

The fifth Avenue Theatre, one of the chain of Proctor vaudeville houses, is to divide its time between entertaining the public and letting the public entertain itself after this week, for on next Monday afternoon public dancing will be permitted in the theatre. If the plan is a success the other Proctor theatres will adopt the same plan at once.

At the Fifth Avenue next Monday an intermission will be given at both the matinee and evening performances, during which time the audience will be invited to dance in the recesses of the theatre. A floor will be installed in the Twenty-eighth Street foyer, music will be provided and refreshments will be served free to all the dancers. Those remaining in their seats may witness half an hour's display of a feature film. After the Dance Diversions, the second half of the vaudeville programme will be given. At the fall of the curtain dancing will begin again, while a feature film will be shown in the theatre. There will be no extra charge for the dancing.

DRAMA LEAGUE TO MEET.

Will Discuss Aims of Woman's National Theatre Next Tuesday.

The Drama League will hold its fourth meeting this season on next Tuesday at 3:45 P. M. in the Berkeley Theatre, for the discussion of the aims of the Woman's National Theatre, Dr. William A. Bohn, of the Ethical Culture School, will preside. The speakers will be Mrs. R. V. Martinsen, President of the Woman's National Theatre; Miss Mary Shaw, and Mrs. Furness ("Edith Ellis") author of, "Mary Jane's Pa," and "The Seven Sisters." and Edwin Bjorkman, author, critic and translator of Strindberg.

While the meeting will be open to members of the league only, membership can be obtained in the lobby of the theatre fifteen minutes before the meeting.

Though the New York Centre of the league has only been active since last September, it has already given its members, in addition to four meetings, twelve bulletins on the best plays.

ARRIVALS FROM EUROPE.

Some of the Passengers on Seven Steamships—The Departures.

Seven transatlantic liners arriving yesterday and some of their passengers were:

OLYMPIC (Southampton)—Miss Gladys Adams, Walter Alexander, A. L. Allen, J. F. Bacon, H. C. Baker, Mr. and Mrs. J. H. Barnes, Miss Helen Beckham, Capt. E. P. Berthot, Mr. and Mrs. Percy Blyth, Mr. Body, Capt. W. H. G. Bullard, U. S. N.; Mrs. Bullard, Capt. W. L. Candee, Eugene T. Chamberlain, Lord Cheimsford, Capt. G. F. Cooper, Mr. and Mrs. Earl De La Wan, Mrs. F. F. Evans, Thomas Filder, Mrs. E. G. Swynne, Mr. and Mrs. F. C. Havemeyer, Mrs. F. S. Hammond, Edward Jordan, Mr. and Mrs. Lindon Lindsay, Mr. and Mrs. Campbell Morgan, Sir Charles and Lady Ross, Mr. and Mrs. A. G. Smith, Sir E. Stewart-Richardson, Miss A. B. Taylor, W. J. Valentine, Gen. George Uhler, Mr. and Mrs. H. C. Williams, Sir and Mrs. F. Taylor-Williams, A. H. Wilson, Miss Edith Young, Miss Alice Young, Mrs. G. Carroll, C. J. White, and cattle.

LAURENTIC (Liverpool)—Miss Florence L. Adams, Mr. and Mrs. H. Alexander, Arthur Coates, Col. and Mrs. R. M. Courtney, Miss E. E. Duncan, A. E. Jones, D. A. Parrott, Mrs. A. A. Small, F. H. Thomas, and the National Memorial to Abraham Lincoln, who was his personal friend.

ORUBA (Southampton via West Indies)—Miss Ida Barrett, T. Campling, Mr. and Mrs. A. R. Fuller, Miss A. R. Gale, Capt. H. R. Hayter, Dr. P. C. Jackson, C. A. Miller, Capt. F. L. Smyth, W. J. Shatty, Mr. and Mrs. G. A. Tell, and Miss L. H. Wheeler.

KROONLAND (Antwerp)—George Wiele, K. Adams, Mrs. W. Adams, A. L. Bulwitt, and B. Huyn.

ROTTERDAM (Rotterdam)—F. H. Beirn, T. and Mrs. Bolton, Baron and Baroness de Beville, Baron and Baroness Henri de Beville, Mrs. H. F. Boardman, Mrs. E. M. Dobson, F. W. Garber, Mrs. M. Garretson, S. G. Hund, J. A. Miller, Harrison Osborn, Mrs. E. F. Preston, Miss Helen Rowland, Dr. C. A. Whitney, and F. B. Willard.

CALIFORNIA (Glasgow)—Mr. and Mrs. H. Valentine, Robert M. Queen, David M. Nair, F. Stewart, Robert Black, R. M. Bryant, and Mrs. M. Hill.

MINNETONKA (London)—E. S. Akin, Palmer Campbell, Dr. G. K. Collier, Countess E. Festetics, Mr. and Mrs. T. Fisher, Mrs. E. Hazell, Miss S. P. Lawrence, Capt. Fitzmaurice Murray, and J. S. Thorpe.

Transatlantic liners sailing to-day and some of those booked to leave on them are:

CEDRIC (Liverpool)—H. H. Anning, Mrs. W. W. Brewer, Miss F. M. Burroughs, Mr. and Mrs. W. Anning, Capt. and Mrs. W. Garrard, Miss W. Hayton, Mrs. W. W. Huntley, Charles Lewis, Reginald Moss, Mr. and Mrs. Alexander Potter, Mr. and Mrs. Godfrey Saunders, and Mr. Thorn.

CARIBBEAN (Bermuda)—Mr. and Mrs. Oscar Bailey, Mr. and Mrs. A. W. Burton, Mrs. R. W. Butler, Mr. and Mrs. A. J. Clark, Mr. and Mrs. W. S. Cooper, Mrs. F. R. Evans, Miss L. A. Fuller, F. D. Martin, and Miss Helen Outerbridge.

"Madama Butterfly" Repeated.

Puccini's "Madama Butterfly" was sung last night at the Metropolitan Opera House with Geraldine Farrar, Riccardo Martin, and Antonio Scotti in the principal rôles. The rest of the cast included Mmes. Fornia and Mapleson and Messrs. Bada, Audisio, Begue, Cerri and Romolo. Mr. Toscanini conducted.

Jacques Kasner, Violinist, Pleases.

Jacques Kasner, a young violinist who was heard here last season, gave a recital last night in Aeolian Hall. His programme consisted of Locatelli's Sonata da camera, Bach's concerto in E, Emanuel Moor's "Rhapsodie," Tschaikowsky's "Serenade Melancolique," Marion Bauer's "Up the Ocklawaha," Novacek's Perpetuum Mobile, and Sinigaglia's "Albumblatt," "Cappriccio all' Antica," and "Bagatelle." Mr. Kasner's playing was pleasing and the audience applauded him liberally.

THEATRICAL NOTES.

Thirty well-known neurologists of the city were the guests of Otto Hauerbach, the author of "High Jinks," at the Casino last night.

The management of the Folies Marigny announces that it will hold an Arabian Night's ball Feb. 19.

Monday night, Feb. 9, will be "Columbia night" at the Forty-fourth Street Theatre, when 600 students from Columbia College will witness a performance of "The Girl on the Film." Mayor Mitchel, who is a graduate of Columbia College, will be in the party as guest of honor.

Edmund Breese will appear in "The Master Mind" in motion pictures. The production will be made by the Jesse L. Lasky Feature Play Company, and will be staged by Cecil B. De Mille in Southern California.

Following the announcement that the Famous Players Film Company, of which Daniel Frohman is managing director, had engaged Mme. Bertha Kalisch to portray "Marta of the Lowlands" in motion pictures, comes the news that Arnold Daly has also contracted with that concern to act before the camera. Mr. Daly will be presented in "The Fort of Missing Men."

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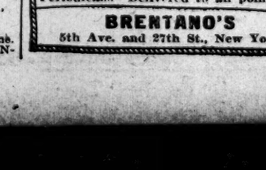

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EX-SENATOR CULLOM DEAD AT 84 YEARS

Illinois Statesman Recants His Disbelief in Future Life Told in Book.

50 YEARS IN PUBLIC LIFE

Farmer, Teacher, Lawyer, State Legislator, Congressman, and Governor Steps In His Career.

Special to The New York Times.

WASHINGTON, Jan. 28. — Shelby Moore Cullom, resident Commissioner of the Lincoln Memorial Commission, who served for more than twenty-eight years as a United States Senator from Illinois, was a friend of Lincoln, whom he greatly resembled, and the joint author with the late Senator Reagan of Texas of the bill creating the Interstate Commerce Commission, died this afternoon at his residence, 1,413 Massachusetts Avenue. Mr. Cullom was 84 years old. His last term as Senator expired on the day Woodrow Wilson became President.

Two years ago Senator Cullom published his reminiscences in a volume entitled "Fifty Years of Public Service." In the concluding paragraph of this book he expressed disbelief in a future life. After Mr. Cullom's death this afternoon, the Rev. Dr. Charles Wood of the Presbyterian Church of the Covenant, who had been an intimate friend of the former Senator, made known that Mr. Cullom had changed his mind concerning this disbelief.

"It is my privilege to say," said Dr. Wood, "that in the last months his feelings concerning the life to come changed completely. He told me: 'I believe in God, in Christ, and in immortality. I want to make, at the first opportunity, a statement of my simple creed, to be inserted after the last chapter of my recollections, to correct the doubt expressed on a dark day when the light was dim.'"

The paragraph of Mr. Cullom's recollections which caused much astonishment among his friends was as follows:

"I have no great fear of death, except the natural dread of the physical pain which usually accompanies it. I certainly wish beyond any words I have expressed, that I have a greater assurance that there will be a reuniting with those we love and those who have loved us in some future world; but from my reading of the Scripture, and even admitting there is a hereafter, I cannot find any satisfactory evidence to warrant such belief. Consequently I believe that I should meet the loved ones who have gone before, I do not know but that I should look forward with pleasure to the 'passing across.' Not having this belief, I am quite content to stay where I am as long as I can; and finally, when old Charon appears to row me over the river Styx, I shall be ready to go."

Ex-Senator Cullom's last words were a wish that he might have lived to see the completion of the National Memorial to Abraham Lincoln, who was his personal friend.

Since his retirement from the Senate last March Mr. Cullom had been resident Commissioner of the commission created by Congress to build the $2,000,000 Lincoln memorial.

There will be a brief funeral service at the Cullom home in Massachusetts Avenue at 10 o'clock to-morrow morning, and then the body will be taken to Springfield, Ill., on a train leaving at 11:45 A. M., where the former Senator's first and second wives and all his children are buried.

For half a century former United States Senator Shelby Moore Cullom served in public life, and no man served continuously through a more interesting period of the country's history than he.

Ex-Senator Cullom was born Nov. 22, 1829, in Wayne County, Kentucky. After his graded school and college education young Cullom went to Springfield, with a view of studying law with his father's friend, Mr. Lincoln. As the latter was then engaged on a circuit, and so much of his time was spent away from his office, he advised the young student to enter the office of Stuart & Edwards, which he did in the Fall of 1853. In July succeeding he was forced to abandon his studies by a protracted illness. He returned to the farm.

He entered into an agreement with a neighboring farmer to buy hogs as his agent, for which he received 10 cents a head. When the Spring of 1855 came he found young Cullom restored to health and the possessor of $400, his share of the hog selling. He determined to return to the law. Just before he received a license to practice law in 1858 he was elected City Attorney of Springfield. In 1856 he was made Presidential Elector on the Whig ticket for Mr. Filmore, and was elected to the Legislature, commanding both the Whig and the Free Soil votes of his county.

He was re-elected to the Legislature upon the Republican ticket in 1860, and in the following year was elected Speaker of the House of Representatives of his State. In 1864 he was elected to Congress, and served in the lower house from 1865 to 1871, when he was defeated for re-election, but later was elected to the Legislature.

In 1876 he was elected Governor of Illinois, and re-elected in 1880. While Governor he took up the study of railroads, and he appointed the first Railroad and Warehouse Commission that prepared a schedule of rates. When, in 1885, David Davis retired from the Senate, Gov Cullom was appointed to succeed him, and was re-elected for five terms, ending his service in the Senate on March 4, 1913.

Senator Cullom was a member of the commission appointed to prepare a system of laws for the Hawaiian Islands. He also served upon many important committees.

Senator Cullom was first married on Dec. 15, 1855, to Miss Hannah Fisher. Upon the death of his first wife, who left two daughters, he married Miss Julia Fisher, her sister. Senator Cullom in 1911 published his reminiscences, an interesting volume in which the Senator makes frank revelations about public men. One of the interesting chapters in the book is the story of how he came to draw the Interstate Commerce act, which has had such momentous results. It is a book crammed full of anecdotes and more candid than most books of its kind.

MARY VAN WAGENEN'S WILL

$62,000 in Three Charitable Bequests—$63,000 in Other Gifts.

Bequests amounting to $125,000 are made in the will of Mary Louisa Van Wagenen, filed for probate yesterday in the Surrogates' office. The general clergy relief fund of the Protestant Episcopal Church is to receive $25,000, the Foreign Mission Society of the church a like amount, and the New York Protestant Episcopal Mission $12,000.

Several bequests of $5,000 and under are made to various friends and relatives, while several homes and hospitals are also named. The residue is divided equally among Robert Fulton Crary, Alice B. Titus, and Philip Huntington.

Priest Appears Against Woman.

The Rev. James J. Higgins, rector of St. Rita's Roman Catholic Church in Astoria, L. I., appeared before Surrogate Daniel Noble in Jamaica yesterday with a petition that Mrs. Falvia Dadario of 1,959 Van Alst Avenue, Long Island City, be removed as guardian for the three orphan children of the late Mrs. Maria Di Monte, who died several weeks ago in the Metropolitan Hospital on Backwell's Island. The Rev. Mr. Higgins charged that Mrs. Dadario had attempted to turn the children from the Catholic faith, into which they had been baptized while the mother was alive, and to rear them as Methodists. Surrogate Noble reserved decision.

Obituary Notes.

JOSEPH CLEMENT BARTHE, a grand nephew of Robert Fulton, builder of the first steamboat, died in New Britain, Conn., yesterday, aged 88.

LEONARD F. PHYLIKY, 53 years old, for twenty-four years connected with Dieckerhoff, Raffloer & Co., importers, of 564 Broadway, New York City, died at his home in Arlington, N. J., yesterday.

JAMES W. M. NEWLIN of the Philadelphia bar, died in Philadelphia last night.

Dr. J. J. TROWBRIDGE VREDENBURGH, who had practiced dentistry in this city for the last forty years, died on Tuesday at his home, 22 West Eighty-third Street, of pneumonia. He was 66 years of age, and until stricken two weeks ago had hardly missed a working day at his dental chair.

PHILIP THORMAN, a retired carriage builder, died suddenly yesterday at his home, 162 West 130th Street, from heart disease. He was 80 years old, and had lived in Manhattan for a quarter of a century. Mr. Thorman was a veteran of the civil war. Six children survive.

HORACE H. BENJAMIN died at his home in Riverhead, L. I., Tuesday night, aged 76 years. He was one of the best-known lawyers of Suffolk County, and was for many years a member of the firm of Payne & Benjamin. Mr. Benjamin is survived by his wife and daughter. He had a son—Capt. Everett Benjamin, who died in the Philippines.

WILLIAM CRAIG, a wealthy farmer of Tewksbury Township, N. J., died yesterday at the age of 72 years. He was born near New Germantown, N. J., and was educated in Caldwell Academy. He operated large flour mills at Potterville. Mr. Craig served for a number of years as Township Clerk and Clerk to the Board of Education.

SAMUEL ROSENBLATT, a retired soap manufacturer, died last night at his home, 58 Central Park West. He was 59 years old. Born in this city, he founded the New York Soap Works thirty-five years ago, in which he was until recently interested. Mr. Rosenblatt was a member of many charitable organizations. He is survived by a widow and daughter, Mrs. Jesse Hirschman.

WILLIAM ROGERS, an organizer of the Harmony Silk Company, died on Tuesday at his home, 205 Seventeenth Avenue, Paterson, N. J.

WILLIAM LEWIS ANDERSON, proprietor of the Port Murray Hotel, Washington, N. J., died there on Tuesday at the age of 59.

Mrs. A. E. PEASE, aged 91, a prominent figure in North Carolina religious and educational work, died in Asheville Tuesday night.

Mrs. ELLEN TUPPER, wife of Dr. Nathan Tupper, brother of Sir Charles Tupper, one-time Prime Minister of Nova Scotia, and later Lord High Commissioner for Canada in London, died on Tuesday at the home of her son, Dr. Charles O. Tupper, 80 New York Avenue, Brooklyn. She was 85 years old and lived in Amherst, N. S., where she was active in charit

PUBLIC SCHOOL TEACHERS

The Board of Education at its meeting yesterday made the following appointments, transfers, and promotions:

Appointments.

HIGH SCHOOL.

DE WITT CLINTON—Herbert O. Smith, assistant, chemistry; Annie McCrae, assistant, drawing; Arthur L. Eaton, assistant, French; Leslie O. Long, assistant, history; T. Bruce Kirkpatrick, assistant, physical training.

HIGH SCHOOL OF COMMERCE—William Breckstone, assistant, chemistry; Samuel Sendzur, assistant, commercial branch; George P. Fallon, assistant, mathematics; Israel Appell, assistant, mathematics.

JULIA RICHMAN—Katherine E. Maloney, assistant, drawing; K. Courtenay Johnston, assistant, English; Alice I. Hazelline, assistant, English; Zarita Nahon, junior, French; Margaret D. Saxton, assistant, German; Beulah V. Cole, assistant, physiography.

STUYVESANT—Abraham J. Korey, assistant, English; Frank Mankiewicz, assistant, German; William F. Dunbar, assistant, history.

WADLEIGH—George J. Lenz, assistant, German; Jane V. Sheely, assistant, history.

WASHINGTON IRVING — Harriet Ada Pintler, assistant, biology, Goldie Kessler, clerical assistant; M. Leon Arnowitt, assistant, commercial branch; Henry D. Katz, assistant, commercial branches; Mercy A. Hillman, assistant, drawing; Mary E. Schuhill, assistant, drawing; Vivienne H. Blum, junior, French; Madeline Tamboise, junior, French; Lena May Chapman, assistant, history; Jacob A. Dolgenas, assistant, mathematics; Rose Margret McQuade, assistant, mathematics; Helen W. Dodd, assistant, library practice.

EVANDER CHILDS—Marion L. Hubbard, assistant, French; Caroline L. Stamm, assistant, German; Sophie F. Woodman, junior, history.

MORRIS—Gertrude Bloomingdalo, assistant, biology; Anna F. O'Rourke, clerical assistant; Herman M. Elkan, assistant, commercial branch; Kate Margaret Munro, assistant, English; Mabel Pearson Schmidt, assistant, English; Fred Earle Emmons, assistant, physics; Alma Courtois, assistant, stenography and typewriting.

BAY RIDGE—Margaret E. Barclay, assistant, biology; Maude M. Isles, assistant, drawing; L. Archibald Robinson, assistant, physiography; Constance Morris, assistant, physical training.

BOYS'—Ernest L. Dinsmore, assistant, chemistry; Clarence H. Becker, assistant, history; James E. Gray, junior, mathematics; Edward I. Edgerton, assistant, mathematics.

BUSHWICK—Mildred Halsey, clerical assistant; Adolph Bergstein, assistant, commercial branch; Maximilian Rosenhaus, assistant, commercial branch; Gertrude S. Hoeg, assistant, cooking; Hazel Henderson, assistant, English; Edward O. Dewing, junior, French; Winifred Bogle, assistant, German; Marion Lee Taylor, assistant, German; Lucy I. Thompson, junior, history.

EASTERN DISTRICT—Solomon Branower, assistant, physics; Bella M. Beltor, clerical assistant.

ERASMUS HALL—Elmer A. Dox, assistant, Latin.

GIRLS' HIGH—Clara M. Beckley, library assistant; Louise E. Watrous, assistant, mathematics; Margaret Pichel, assistant, mathematics.

MANUAL TRAINING — Leonore Helen Hertzfield, clerical assistant; Myer Zaslaw, assistant, mathematics.

BRYANT—George W. Wilson, junior, chemistry; Henry Rosenbluth, assistant, commercial branch; Nathan Abraham, assistant, commercial branch; Fred Thorne, assistant, joinery.

FLUSHING—Blanche A. Jones, assistant, English.

NEWTOWN—Margaret Williams, assistant, cooking.

RICHMOND HILL—Harris Kanwit, assistant, commercial branch; Agnes Aloysia Ennis, assistant, stenography and typewriting.

ELEMENTARY SCHOOLS—PRINCIPALS.

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Max Schettland....19 | Isidore Amster....160
A. A. Biggio....34

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Mabel L. Blum....4 | Rachel L. Galle..78
Selma H. Levi....12 | Emmy M. Wikfors..72
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Gladys Camler....82 | Edith M. Sawyer..149
Rose Oblas....82 | J. C. S. Hatfield.147B
Ruth M. Dalton..147B | Rose Siegel....156G
Beatrice Seifter...148 | G. A. Waghorn....162
Helen Gleason....148 | J. M. Ball....164
Elsa Colenburg...149 | Mary Lichtman...165
Emily Riggs....150 | H. G. Silberstein..167
Cora M. Smith....150 | Elsa Berenberg....168
E. L. Gartelman...150 | Lillian C. Monsees.173
T. R. Smith....150 | Mary E. McGuirk..173
Hazel M. Morris...150 | Lillian M. Leahy..173
Marion T. Green...150 | Sarah H. Goldberg..174
Blanche Campbell..152 | F. D. Wyckoff....174
P. H. Retkewicz...153 | Emma A. Christ...174
Rose S. Bentz....153 | Sarah G. Herman..174
Mary G. Oliver...155G | Agnes M. Adams..174

UNGRADED—SCHEDULE B2.

Marjory Cleveland. 46

KINDERGARTNERS.

Edwina Valentine..6 | Edna Cutler....80
Maude S. Stutts...46 | Irene McCulloch...80
Helen C. Smythe..72 | Alice M. Fowler...80
Edna M. Aller....77 | Florence Appleton..158

QUEENS—SCHEDULE B1—WOMEN.

Helen G. McArdle..6 | Ruth I. Cromle....77
Marie Malmquist..9 | Emma T. Miller...80
W. M. Massett....9 | Elsie E. Stammler..81
F. E. Kraemer....17 | Florence C. Bach..83
M. Boerding....17 | Anna Schlabach....83
E. A. C. Macaluso..17 | Margaret Hall....84
Carrie L. Braker..23 | Elsie N. Miller....84
M. Wiedemann....27 | Matd B. White....85
Miriam Gorman....40 | Agnes M. Mahon..85
Rose F. Birdsall...43 | Augusta Platz....87
Carolyn B Smith...50 | May D. Donovan..88
F. M. Wilett....68 | Elsie M. Rupp....
M. M. Fitzsimmons..72 | Alma E. Krueger..90
C. A. Herbert....77 | Frances L. Fay....92
Emma A. Rappold. 77 | Grace Dimmerling..92

KINDERGARTNERS.

Helen D. Drumm..4 | Louise C. Bradley..32
Margaret Briggs....6 | Bertha Hilmer....
Auguste M. Eberle..6 | Edith U. Conrad...80
Florence E. Drake..10 | Lillian Halsey....83
Elsie C. Rowedder..26 | Helen M. Johnson..85

RICHMOND—SCHEDULE B1—MAN.

D. A. O'Connell.... 21

SCHEDULE B1—WOMEN.

Elizabeth G. Stitt. 20 | Charlotte J. Barnes 30
Helen Z. Moore.... 21

KINDERGARTNER.

Matilda L. Berg.... 12

JAMAICA TRAINING SCHOOL.

Mabel Young, Model Teacher.

SPECIAL TEACHERS OF COOKING.

Julia O'Brien. | Katherine R. Hallock.
Juanita Brown. | M. Lourdes Lynch.
E. Naomi Rinn. | Margaret E. Field.
Helen M. Smith. | Fannie J. Mook.

SPECIAL TEACHERS OF SHOP WORK.

J. Ritchie Stevenson. | Henry Squires.
Alexander Kirkwood. | Milton I. Jacobi.
Thomas A. Hogan.

SPECIAL TEACHER OF GERMAN.

Irma Abraham.

VISITING TEACHERS.

Katheryne E. Manley. | C. L. Swinnerton.
M. A. McGroarty. | Alice B. Haines.

Transfers.

HIGH SCHOOLS—William P. Manguse, assistant mathematics, from Commerce to De Witt Clinton; Becele Lewenthal, assistant drawing, from Washington Irving to Julia Richman; Hanna Wehle, assistant German, from Wadleigh to Julia Richman; Edgar A. Bedford, assistant biology, from De Witt Clinton to Stuyvesant; Mary C. Barrett, assistant music, from Girls to Wadleigh; Sara B. Barnet, assistant physical training, from Bay Ridge to Washington Irving; Alga May Beck, assistant physical training, from Bay Ridge to Washington Irving; Paul B. Mann, assistant biology, from Morris to Evander Childs; Clara L. Low, assistant cooking, from Newtown to Evander Childs; Walter S. Hanman, assistant physics, from Morris to Evander Childs; Harriet K. Smith, assistant stenography and typewriting, from Morris to Evander Childs; Jane Brower, library assistant, from Girls to Bushwick; Charles B. Howes, first assistant mechanical arts, from Stuyvesant to Bushwick; Frederic M. Booth, assistant commercial branches, from Far Rockaway to Commercial; Grace H. Miller, assistant commercial branches, from Bushwick to Girls; Helen Elizabeth Schradieck, assistant German, from Eastern District to Manual Training; Marie F. McConnell, assistant music, from Julia Richman to Jamaica; Catharine B. MacKay, clerical assistant from Washington Irving to Newtown; Helen Saxe McLaughlin, assistant physical training, from Washington Irving to Richmond Hill; Mary S. Craig, assistant English, from Washington Irving to Curtis; Alida B. Reinhold, clerical assistant, from Bushwick to Curtis; William F. Tibbetts, assistant Latin, from Erasmus to Curtis. Joseph A. Campbell, assistant music, from Erasmus Hall to Boys; Ernest A. Maynard, assistant physics, from Eastern District to Bushwick; Carl G. Schmidt, assistant music, from Newtown to Erasmus Hall.

ELEMENTARY SCHOOLS—Schedule 1B.—Principal James C. Rogers, from School 128 to 99; Principal Wallace S. S. Newton, from 13 to 78; Principal Frederick L. Crooker, from 78 to 128. Schedule B3.—Julia C. Kelleher, from 44 to 17; Johanna P. Light, from 84 to 96G. Schedule VII.—Michael Walsh, from 99 to 5; Walter Findlay, from 26 to 32. Schedule VI.—Philip Feinstein, from 65B to 62 Gr.; Irving Goldman, from 58 to 77B; Abraham Hirsch, from 36 to 171. Schedule B2.—Emma F. Carney, from 39 to 190. Schedule B1.—Joseph Jacobs, from 60 to 75.

MANHATTAN — Schedule B1. — Margaret Steele, from School 21 to 1; Anna Ralbe, from 82 to 4; Clemence J. Reyling, from 85 to 5; Sarah A. Quinn, from 20 to 8; Inge M. Siemon, from 5 to 9; Ida E. Swanke, from 190 to 9; Katherine M. Byrnes, from 114 to 9; Ralphina H. Steinhardt, from 20 to 10P; Ottilie Maria Wigand, from 172 to 10P; Lisette Wald, from 2B to 12; Eugenia Jeanette Tropp, from 80 to 13; Anna V. M. Jordan, from 11 to 17; Mary M. Baldwin, from 171 to 18; Agnes Peterson Finnie, from 5 to 18; Catherine C. Kelley, from 21 to 19; Mona Sheridan, from 63 to 20; Cristabel Baumann, from 25 to 20; Rose D. Stroly, from 25 to 20; Sarah E. Mitchell, from 9 to 30; Lillie Gigault, from 62F to 30; Mary G. Lally, from 135 to 82; Anna L. McDonald, from 84 to 37; Hilda Brainos, from 2 to 29B; Anna Gallagher, from 172 to 39P; Fanny Ho Brow, from 172 to 42; Rachel Weinberg, from 62 Gr. to 42; Elizabeth R. Alderman, from 168 to 43P; Helen Regan, from 186 to 46; Susanne Cypelman, from 17 to 62; Mildred V. Bennett, from 186G to 52; Anna M. McElroy, from 69 to 58; Katherine McC. Cere, from 12 to 61; Dorothea Dunkin, from 192 to 62 Gr.; Edith Francis Frank, from 34 to 66; Elizabeth Fernandez, from 172 to 72; Celia J. Echental, from 156G to 79; Fanny Steigman, from 54 to 34; Mary Besant Downey, from 78 to 86; Louise H. Connell, from 186 to 90; Rose Silverman, from 160 to 91; Mabel Bowden, from 100 to 93; Josephine A. Hampel, from 73 to 94; Marie L. Kenyon, from 5 to 95; Bessie E. White, from 168P to 101; Ruth A. Landau, from 85 to 103; Rose Mack, from 114 to 108; Jeannette Cohen, from 186B to 109; Margaret B. Doyle, from 12 to 110; Mary C. Graham, from 28 to 135; Annette B. Vogel, from 20 to 147; Anna M. Gemunder, from 6 to 147; Rachel C. Kortright, from 172 to 150; Edith Freudenberg, from 100 to 157; Estelle Asher, from 100 to 158; Caroline K. Nathan, from 114 to 159; Harriet A. Johnson, from 7 to 166; Cornelia G. Hannan, from 78 to 169; H. Janet Scott, from 75 to 169; Sara F. Dettley, from 179 to 170G; Lucy C. Jacobs, from 160 to 184; Agnes M. Walsh, from 166 to 186; Helen M. MacRae, from 78 to 186; Florence M. Mills, from 83 to 190; Hannah M. Borry, from 46 to 192; Grace Cameron, from 9 to Manhattan Trade School.

Kindergartners.—Willetta W. MacIntyre, 86G to 15; Katherine Raleigh, from 160 to 28; Eleanor F. Phillips, from 85 to 50; Rachel Watson, from 43 to 58; Beatrice M. Thompson, from 76 to 72; Ruth C. Slocum, from 85 to 74.

THE BRONX.

Schedule B3—Josephine D. Crockett, from 151 to 6; Fanny A. Flemming, from 5 to 47. Schedule VI.—Harold Siegel, from 2 to 40; Harvey C. Polley, from 2 to 40; Joseph M. Eberly, from 39B to 40; Adolph Cohen, from 14 to 40; Max Sippel, from 84 to 42; Matthew J. Epstein, from 39B to 42; Bernard Schlenger, from 39B to 45. Schedule B1—Freda Abramson, from 12 to 2; Elizabeth Rubin, from 6 to 2; Sarah Klein, from 78 to 2; Rebecca J. Berkowits, from 114 to 2; Emma Rice, from 84 to 4; Rebecca Neller, from 174 to 6; Bertha Feldman, from 2B to 6; Janette V. Marconi, from 40 to 12; Amy A. English, from 2 to 20; Alice M. Killacky, from 2 to 20; Annie E. Hughes, from 89 to 25; Elizabeth R. Cassell, from 109 to 26; Amy Flashner, from 86 to 39; Gertrude Veronica Schuyler, from 137 to 39; Ethel A. Goodwin, from 65B to 40; Hattie Zacharias, from 2 to 42; Catherine C. Robinson, from 2 to 42; Nellie W. Banks, from 10 to 44; Margaret H. Ryan, from 14 to 44; Elizabeth Ahern, from 92 to 44; Katherine Friedrich, from 4 to 45; Agnes Brittain, from 74 to 45. Ungraded—Schedule B2—Ella Preiss, from 151 to 45.

Kindergartners—Lesa Labogh Sage, from 60 to 11.

BROOKLYN.

Schedule B3—Josephine McC. Kluhr, from 133 to 173. Schedule VII.—Edward S. Slattery, from 167 to 23; Theodore M. Bedwin, from 58 to 109B; Vernon E. Duroc, from 114 to 144. Schedule VI.—Harry Ritter, from 64 to 2; Albert J. Levine, from 43 to 58; Julius Kaplan, from 87 to 53; John A. Sullivan, from 109B to 83; Max Lipschitz, from 43 to 168. Schedule B2—Julia M. McNulty, from 127 to 77; Marguerite Ward, from 80 to 98; Anna L. O'Brien, from 23 to 106; Grace A. Wheat, from 77 to 106. Schedule B1. (Man.)—Herman Haberman, from 114 to 167. Schedule B1—Grace V. Biggans from 5 to 9; Agnes A. Quirk, from 146 to 10; Susan F. Hartye, from 139 to 10; Lucy R. Price, from 173 to 19; Anna Mansker, from 67 to 24; Elsie L. Walter, from 162 to 26; Mary A. Green, from 110 to 37; Marjorie Brown, from 45 to 41; Josephine M. Flynn, from 157 to 47; Margaret Stutzke, from 84 to 55; Agnes M. Dempsey, from 118 to 58; Sadie Isaacs, from 60 to 63; Mary A. Nolan, from 135 to 60; Anna Peterson, from 140 to 71; Audrey de Murguiendo, from 146 to 77; Ethel Mullay, from 84B to 88; Agnes M. Struller, from 75 to 94; Leonore G. Moran, from 74 to 99 new; Agnes H. Martin, from 46 to 99 new; Marie C. Schwab, from 69 to 99 new; Ida M. Schuber, from 155 to 99 new; Mary E. McCay, from 147 to 99 new; Dorothy Salwon, from 21 to 103; Avis Gurdens Hotchkiss, from 8 to 103; Alta P. Roberts, from 114 to 105; Edna May Conklin, from 123 to 108; Elizabeth Brice, from 47 to 109G; Lillian A. G. Smith, from 174 to 109G; Lillian C. Briton, from 100 to 109G; Pauline T. Frangbiadi, from 2 to 113; Dorothy Stillman, from 151 to 128; Elizabeth T. Conroy, from 77 to 129; Ethel Josephine Hallock, from 60 to 131; Grace A. Smith, from 132 to 132; Isabel C. Beggs, from 173 to 136; Frieda Grossklaus, from 150 to 187; Helen M. Hoare, from 24 to 144; Eva Beller, from 123 to 148; Ethel Harriet Parr, from 125 to 162; Helen L. Krueger, from 102 to 162; Jennie E. Parry, from 17 to 155; Katherine G. Cassidy, from 150 to 156B; Elizabeth C. McDonald, from 66 to 156B; Mary G. Munch, from 90 to 157; Frances Anna Claussen, from 89 to 172; Josephine M. Doherty, from 7 to 172; Edna C. Ladley, from 63 to 173; Isabel L. Cuff, from 1 to 173; Beatrice Schiffres, from 60 to 174. 102 to 162; Jennie E. Parry, from 17 to 155; Katherine G. Cassidy, from 150 to 156B; Elizabeth C. McDonald, from 66 to 156B; Mary G. Munch, from 90 to 157; Frances Anna Claussen, from 89 to 172; Josephine M. Doherty, from 7 to 172; Edna C. Ladley, from 63 to 173; Isabel L. Cuff, from 1 to 173; Beatrice Schiffres, from 60 to 174.

Kindergartners—Schedule B1.—Naomi H. Groden, from 16 to 43; Marjorie B. Bolger, from 88 to 46; Annie L. Eaton, from 46 to 99, new; Anna Catherine Beach, from 40 to 124; A. Dorothea Casey, from 80 to 128; Edith Marchalk, from 31 to 129, and Vera Sullivan, from 46 to 168.

QUEENS.

Schedule VII.—James F. Boydstun, from 106 to 77; Eleanor Gilman, as senior teacher, from 1 to 3; Florabelle W. Smith, from 86 to 40; Olga Welkert, from 91 to 67; Dora Hesperia Bradshaw, from 9 to 77; Emma A. Raeder, from 34 to 81; Donna Jane Pechi, from 4 to 81; Irene Hammarth, from 66 to 84; Elizabeth Curtiss, formerly senior teacher, from 31 to 85; Marjorie Ward Sanders, from 28 to 90; Lucy T. Curry, as teacher of an open-air class, formerly senior teacher, from 3 to 92.

Kindergartners—Schedule B1.—Selma Chaskel, formerly teacher of an ungraded class, from 77G to 7; Sadie Money, from 66 to 40; Helen W. Magalhaes, from 72 to 80; Mary M. Morrison, from 28 to 92.

RICHMOND.

Schedule B2.—Mary B. Heard, from 1 to 23. Schedule B1—Sara R. Bernstein, from 18 to 16; Margaret McDonagh, from 16 to 21.

Promotions from Schedule B1 to Schedule B2.—Mary L. Norton, 31; Deborah E. Macdowell, 37; Marie L. C. McNally, 87; Miriam E. Douglass, 112; Matilda F. Pyburn, 110.

BUSINESS TROUBLES.

CAFE DE PARIS, INC.—A petition in bankruptcy was filed yesterday against the Cafe De Paris, Inc., restaurant, Times Square, by George S. Ludlow, attorney for these creditors: Henry Phipps, $500; H. L. Herbert & Co., Inc., $433, and Ward Baking Co., $187. B. W. Brown and W. A. Hirsch were appointed receivers. The liabilities are estimated at $250,000, and the concern says its assets will total about the same.

DOOLEY, SMITH & CO.—A petition in bankruptcy has been filed against Dooley, Smith & Co., a New York corporation, jobbers in export trade and importers, 135 Front Street, who had a branch in San Juan, P. R., by these creditors: The Pigo-Sayre Co., $600; Godfrey N. Nelson, $488, and Leatherine Manufacturing Co., $40. The liabilities are stated to be $135,000 and assets $100,000.

JAMES F. EGAN, mason builder and contractor, of 162 West Twentieth Street, has filed a petition with liabilities $32,552 and assets $23,738, the largest items of which are accounts $20,052. Among the outstanding accounts due him are the Volunteer Hospital, Inc., $6,980; M. O. Rhinelander, $6,866; Sage Foundation Homes Co., $1,287; United States Government, $243, and City of New York, $145. Among the creditors are Candee, Smith & Howland Co., $2,349; M. J. Callahan Co., $2,090, and William P. Youngs & Bros., $1,090.

ALBERT LEE, an author, of 1,245 Madison Avenue has filed a petition with liabilities $6,241 and assets $1.60 cash. He has a contract with the Shubert Theatrical Co., which he considers of no value, for the production of a play called "Miss Phoenix," and a contract with Harper Bros. for royalties on these books: "Four for a Fortune," "Tommy Toddles," "He, She, They," and "Track Athletics."

SAM KATZ, clerk, of 132 Essex Street has filed a petition with liabilities $83,787 and no assets. Among the creditors are Israel and Louis Satkowsky, $5,500; Joseph Bulova, $3,840, and the Jefferson Bank, $2,500.

FREDERICK A. FISHER.—A petition has been filed against Frederick A. Fisher, doing business as the Fisher Furniture Company at 26 East 125th Street, by these creditors: H. Livingston & Sons, $474; Joseph Goldstein, $846, and Morris Lipps, $395. Mr. Fisher made an assignment on Jan. 26 to Job E. Hedges, and yesterday Judge Mayer appointed Mr. Hedges receiver, bond, $7,500, with authority to carry on the business for ten days. Assets are estimated at $15,000.

CHARLES A. SHEIDY, liquor dealer, of 134 East 125th Street, has filed a petition, with liabilities of $13,507 and assets of $470 in cash, which is in the hands of the Banking Department. Among the creditors are the Bernheimer & Schwartz Pilsener Brewing Company, $2,052, and Fishel & Levy, $1,760.

GAETANO BUONOCARE.—A petition has been filed against Gaetano Buonocare, trading as G. Buonocare, importer of Italian products, 282 Washington Street, by these creditors: Steinhardt Bros. & Co., $550; F. Vitelli & Son, $150, and Fantini & Latarraca, $84. The liabilities are $3,500 and the assets $2,500.

BENJAMIN SOMERVILLE, a city employe, of 745 Jennings Street, the Bronx, has filed a petition, with liabilities of $1,882 and assets of $75.

JAMES FLANAGAN, a bartender, of 300 East Seventy-fifth Street, has filed a petition, with liabilities of $4,720 and no assets.

IRVING SIRKUS.—Schedules of Irving Sirkus, dealer in dress goods, 162 Ridge Street, show liabilities of $18,422 and assets of $1,410.

M. S. GLOBE & SON, INC.—Schedules of M. S. Globe & Son, Inc., wholesale candy dealers at 803 East 171st Street, show liabilities of $8,415 and assets of $3,672.

LOUIS MOUND.—Schedules of Louis Mound, dealer in men's furnishing goods, 803 Eighth Avenue, show liabilities of $5,489 and assets of $2,000.

ISIDOR EINZIG.—Schedules of Isidor Einzig, dealer in dry goods, 137 Avenue A, show liabilities $2,234 and assets $1,864.

MAURICE MEISLER.—Schedules of Maurice Meisler, dealer in women's and men's furnishing goods, 2,208 Eighth Avenue, show liabilities $4,182 and assets $2,665.

ROBERT T. HAINES.—Judge Mayer has granted a discharge from bankruptcy to Robert T. Haines, an actor, of 66 West Forty-sixth Street, who filed a petition on Feb. 6, 1913, with liabilities $4,895.

JOSEPH MEDAL.—After several weeks of work on the part of Joseph Medal, haberdasher, who operates stores at 688 Grand Street and 552 Second Avenue, and his attorneys in an endeavor to put through a composition settlement of 25 cents on a dollar, the effort has proved fruitless, as it appears that Mr. Medal has not been able to raise sufficient funds for the purpose. Consequently, the affairs will be settled in the bankruptcy courts. It is understood that 163 creditors are involved, nearly all of whom are New York firms.

RISE OF YEAR'S EXPORTS.

WASHINGTON, Jan. 28.—Exports during the calendar year 1913 exceeded those of 1912 by more than 3.5 per cent., while imports were 1.4 per cent. less, according to figures made public to-day by the Bureau of Foreign and Domestic Commerce.

The excess of exports over imports in 1913 was $692,127,531, against $581,144,938 in the year previous. This excess was larger than in any preceding calendar or fiscal year since 1908.

JUDGMENTS.

The following judgments were filed yesterday in New York County, the first name being that of the debtor:

Agid, Sale—B. Angel et al., $768.
Bechter, Albert—C. Bloch, $200.
Berkelman, George—P. J. Groll Construction Co., $117.
Barry, Samuel M.—E. J. Bennett, $291.
Braunstein, Julius—J. Donnelly, $10,132.
Bergman, Jacob—L. Diamond et al., $804.
Beckett, Freda, guardian—City of New York, costs, $181.
Brennan, Raymond—Story & Clark Piano Co., $496.
Cohen, Samuel—J. Stellman, $519.
Cox, William F.—H. Finn, $282.
Same—M. Berman, $958.
Dixon, James M.—N. Y., N. H. & H. R. R. Co. et al., costs, $108.
Donovan, Ralph J.—Arctic Freezing Co., $520.
De Angelis, Phil—Brentwood Pines Hotel and Villa Co., $168.
Easton, George C.—R. L. Curtis, $296.
Elker, Thaddeus B.—M. Simmons et al., $1,341.
English, Allan—City of New York, costs, $107.
Fernbach, Max—J. B. Sills et al., $155.
Fischer, Abraham—T. Kucharchik, $294.
Friedman, Benjamin—E. Kaufman et al., $113.
Fleming, John J.—E. Wyler, $426.
Gerleit, Lizzie D.—J. H. Kerkmann, $9,794.
Goodwin, Hugh F.—Frank J. Lennon Co., $259.
Gavin, James, administrator—City of New York, costs, $148.
Hill, George W.—J. B. Combs, $281.
Hine, Wm. S.—M. D. Mason et al, $162.
Hirsch, Louis—M. L. Post, $354.
Huy, George—A. Rose, $727.
Hackett, Chauncey E.—M. Goetz, $105.
Honig, Louis—C. Deitsch et al., $163.
Joel, Israel—S. Hyman, $314.
James Cecil—S. J. Bloomingdale et al., $279.
Kornbluth, David—Isaac Schorr—M. Deixler, $114.
Kutsukian, John—S. Borchardt, $641.
Klein, Nathan—L. C. Smith & Bros. Typewriter Co., $100.
Katz, Jack and Herman—D. McLean, $446.
Lugar, Frank—M. H. Birge & Sons, $458.
Lane, Thomas J.—Julius Kessler & Co., $126.
Lewis, Joseph D., and Adolph Klemt—Dent Realty Co., $1,261.
Markert, John—City of N. Y., costs, $228.
Mackenzie, Charlotte L.—Franklin Simon & Co., $3,644.
Murphy, Wm. M., adm.—City of N. Y., costs, $124.
Nussbaum, August—A. Clobusch, $238.
O'Malley, Francis J.—Board of Education of N. Y., costs, $100.
O'Donnell, Mary—City of N. Y., costs, $107.
Peet, Frank M.—Oriental Bank, $18,000.
Pfizer, Charles, Jr., or Charles, and Charles Pfizer, Jr., Co., Ltd.—Erie Trust Co., $7,648.
Ralph, Reuben L.—R. A. Schwab, $474.
Ross, Louis—J. J. Binder, $534.
Richman, Abraham—S. Richman, $486.
Spencer, James—J. W. Matthews & Co., $131.
Shepherd, Ethel D.—F. W. Schoenmaker, $439.
Smith, Mamie, and Giuseppe Macovara—People, &c., $500.
Schroeder, Millis L.—Acker, Merrall & Condit Co., $108.
Same—Same, $197.
Vance, Harvey—A. Volker, $131.
Vitolo, Cungetta—N. Y. Butchers' Dressed Meat Co., $147.
Vassollo, Luigi, and Luigi Soverie—People, &c., $1,000.
Same—Same, $1,000.
Vozikas, Athanaseos P.—E. A. Manikas, $156.
Vitelli, Diohisio—R. E. Lee et al., $288.
Weston, Clifford—A. Keena et al., $122.
Weir, Martin—City of N. Y., costs, $114.
Williams, Estate, costs, $108.
Whitehouse, Ethel—S. Lowenstein, $1,111.
Ziegfeld, Florence, Jr.—M. A. Bowe, $228.
Adler Theatre Co.—Schumsky, $1,058.
Asbestos Shingle Slate and Mat Finishing Co.—Title Guarantee and Trust Co. et al., $5,671.
Free Realty Co.—Weinstein Bros., Inc., $1,542.
City Boroughs Realty Co.—D. Gottlieb, $3,664.
Continental Asphalt Paving Co., Empire State Surety Co., and United States Fidelity and Guaranty Co.—City of New York, $1,908.
Eagle Iron Works—Manhattan Rolling Mill, $214.
George Fuller Co.—M. Husick, $702.
Home Decorating Co., Inc.—Peter H. Reilly & Bro. Co., $108.
Lord Electric Co.—City of N. Y., costs

OBJECT TO PROPOSED PURE FABRICS ACT

Merchants Tell Why, in Their Opinion, Such Legislation Will Be Mischievous.

DEFECTS POINTED OUT

When and Why Substitutes Have to be Used in Different Articles of Wear.

A number of prominent business men appeared yesterday afternoon before the Legislative Committee of the Merchants' Association to discuss the so-called "pure fabric" bill now before Congress. All except one were agreed that the measure if enacted into law, would be inoperative and mischievous. Several of the speakers favored a law similar to the British "Merchandise and Marks act," which provides penalties for any kind of misrepresentation of goods, whether by advertisement or oral statement, and fixes liability on all guilty persons, from the manufacturer to the retailer. The committee, together with several of those present yesterday, will appear before the Congressional committee in opposition to the bills.

Chairman E. D. Page, of the Legislative committee, presided. The first speaker was W. J. Schepp, Chief Chemist and Textile Expert of the National Cloak and Suit Company. He favored the bills and said his company had already complied with their requirements.

Daniel P. Morse, of Morse & Rogers, said the bills were impracticable. He quoted from one of them—the Lindquist bill—a statement that leather impregnated with glucose and various salts shall be deemed "adulterated leather," and added that, in order to find this out, shoe manufacturers would have to establish a chemical department, and that even then the work required could not be done. His firm, he said, made 20,000 pairs of shoes a day, and it would be impossible to examine every side of leather to discover if it came within the definition referred to.

To the same purport were some remarks of J. S. Coward, another shoe manufacturer, who added that even a pair of women's slippers selling for $14, and made of the best obtainable materials, would also be branded as adulterated.

R. K. MacLea, of the Parker Cotton Mills Company, opposed the bills. He thought the law should forbid the wrongfully marking of goods as "all wool" or "all silk," but especially should it be made unlawful to brand American goods as imported or the reverse. Misrepresentation should be put down.

F. R. Chambers of the Rogers, Peet Company also called attention to the weaknesses of the measures. When it came to wool, for example, he said there was no way of distinguishing whether the wool in a piece of cloth had been used before or not. Yet the Lindquist bill calls "pure wool" only sheep's wool which has not previously been used in the manufacture of any other article or fabric.

A silk manufacturer present called attention to the provisions of the same bill as to the "weighting" of silk. This would prevent the material from being described as a "pure silk." He added that things had changed with regard to silks since the days of years ago. Then a woman would get a gros grain silk dress and would wear it a long time. It would go to the tub and be washed, and in due course it might be given to the servant girl. Nowadays, silks have become more common in use, and they are cheaper, and are more frequently renewed. This has been partly the result of the "weighting."

The Chairman said the percentages of cotton in mixed goods was often a difficult matter to determine. It could not be told from the amounts put in the goods originally, because the finishing processes sometimes drew out more of the wool and, at other times, more of the cotton. Then, too, some woolen goods were rather improved by an admixture of certain kinds of cotton.

John P. Wood, President of the National Association of Wool Manufacturers, gave instances in which foreign substances were used to improve goods.

Others present called attention to the impossibility of having the name of the manufacturer on every article, especially in goods that were cut up and made into parts of garments.

Besides those mentioned above the following were present at the hearing: Charles W. Hindson of the Turner Halsey Company; C. Ruston, Jr., of James E. Kelser, Inc.; Samuel Pearsall of Stavert, Zigomalas & Co.; H. P. Beach of Hearn & Son; G. W. Dickinson of the Lorraine Manufacturing Company, Pawtucket, R. I.; Fritz Hill of the Empire Silk Company, Ramsay Peugnet, Arthur J. McKeon of Dr. Jaeger's Sanitary Woolen System Company, Charles S. White of Converse & Co., Ancell H. Ball of Best & Co., Henry S. Higgins of the Clark, Hutchinson Company; H. A. Hatch of Deering, Milliken & Co.; J. C. Stumpf of Butler Brothers, and C. A. Strenil of Rusch & Co.

The Duty on Perfumes.

The Government has decided not to accept as final a recent decision of the Board of United States General Appraisers granting a low rate of duty on so-called Lanza perfume. While the case decided by the board arose under the Tariff act of 1909, the Treasury Department is desirous of having the principle of the classification of this line of goods on the higher duty basis affirmed by the court of Customs Appeals, in order that importations under the new Tariff may be included in the heavy duty claimed by the Government.

NEW INCORPORATIONS.

Special to The New York Times.

ALBANY, Jan. 28. — Incorporated to-day:

Stephen A. Powell, Inc., paper mfr.; $100,000; W. M., S. A., and Stephen A. Powell, Jr., Essex.

S. Kraus & Bro., wines, &c.; $400,000; David Rieser, Herman and Sigmund Kraus, 94 Bwy.

Medrick Company, restaurants, cafes; $100,000; R. F. Barnum, Minnie Miller, Ellen Kilbourn, 62 W. 127 St.

Ballon Mfg. Corp., mercantile; $50,000; W. J. and J. Ennisson, G. G. Ballon, 111 Leonard St.

Hilenmere Operating Co., restaurants, hotels, &c.; $25,000; Louis Frankel, A. C. Knoeller, Eugene Cable, 55 W. 32d St.

International Spray Co., air brushes, dust blowers, &c.; $10,000; Howe, Frank Giorgio, Tony Laurla, 1,261 58 St., Bklyn.

Reliable Engineering Co.; $10,000; M. P. Sartaty, A. W. and C. C. Eddy, 569 4th St., Bklyn.

Non Despotic Publishing Co., Niagara Falls; $10,000; L. A. Campbell, H. P. Dann, A. L. McFarlane.

Bell Goods Co.; $10,000; Bessie Zuowden, Abram Goldberg, Aaron Newmark, 1,770 Mad. Av.

Superman Cigarette Corp.; $10,000; H. J. Forman, M. S. Adams, H. E. Tyler, 1,451 B'way.

Dudley-Squire Co.; insurance, realty; $10,000; T. A. Duffey, C. B. and Reginald H. Squire, 25 William St.

Bklyn. Shield & Rubber Co.; $50,000. H. P. and L. H. Rindskipf, Emanuel Newman, 391 Fulton St., Bklyn.

Dayte-Emery Independent Oil Co., Binghamton; $25,000. Lewis Emery, R. Herbert, and R. M. Deyo.

Libby-Armatage Co., Syracuse; leather, wood, metal goods, fabrics; $25,000. G. B. Armatage, B. L. and Henry Libby, Rochester.

Bling Real Estate Co.; $10,000. H. E. Ernest, F. and O. V. Bling, 107 W. 109 St.

Seller-Blanchard Co., Binghamton; coal, coke; $25,000. P. E. Zaun, C. N. Blanchard, G. W. Seller, 1,620 Av. N, Bklyn.

Marcs Feature Film Co.; $10,000. David Greenbaum, J. D. Lipkins, N. E. Berzen, 163 Lodg Av.

Dixon Mfg. Co.; tools, &c.; $10,000. Sarah Whitenew, Adolph Lembchin, A. J. Golden, 295 Stanhope St., Bklyn.

Capital increases: H. D. Walbridge & Co., N. Y., $500,000, to $1,000,000; Import Sales Co., $5,000, to $15,000. Tremont Waist & Blouse Co., N. Y., $5,000, to $10,000; Wright St. Battery Co., N. Y., $100,000, to $350,000; Eccles Lumber Co., Bklyn., $10,000, to $20,000. Authes-National Bluebird Bros. Co., Bangor, Me., mfg., mechanical, &c., $100,000. Rep. C. O. Blaisdell, 90 W. St.; Simplex Auto. Co., Wilmington, Del., $1,500,000. Rep., C. T. Newburg, 240 W. 59 St.

Dissolutions: Kehr Theatre Co., Buffalo; States Island & Man. Realty Co., Franmor Realty Co., N. Y.; 712-714 Washington St. Co., N. Y.; H. A. Pierce Elec. Light Co., N. Y.; Universal Varnish Drying System, N. Y.; Fort Leyden Milk & Cheese Co.

THE TRADES COMMISSION.

Reasons Why Merchants Object to the Bill Creating It.

Several prominent merchants in the local dry goods market said yesterday that they would oppose the Wilson Trades Commission bill which was recently made public, when it came up for consideration.

Section 3 of the bill, which provides that merchants must from time to time furnish the proposed commission with data concerning the vital points of their business, under pain of a heavy fine, is the part of the bill that is most strongly objected to, though it is maintained that a wonderful avenue for graft will be opened up by Section 4 if the bill becomes a law. This section says, "that the information so obtained shall be a public record, and the commission shall, from time to time, make public such information in such form and to such extent as it may deem necessary." It is maintained that the right to make any of this information public, and particularly the phrasing that gives the commission power to make as much of it public as it sees fit, would be an excellent club for unscrupulous politicians to hold over the merchants' heads in getting contributions of various kinds.

The part of Section 6 which in effect requires business men in any part of the country to Washington, or to any other point at which a hearing is to be held, under the commission's power of subpoena, is also under fire. It is contended that this provision might draw a man from his business for an indefinite period, when it needed him worse than the commission did. The fact that "witnesses whose testimony is taken under the provisions of the bill shall severally be entitled to the same fees as are paid for like service in the courts of the United States," is said by no means to lessen the severity of the requirements just outlined.

The bill's references to incriminating testimony is also causing concern, though, on the whole, the merchants think that many features of the bill are contrary to the Constitution. For this reason they think that it will ultimately be kept off the National statute books.

COMMODITIES MARKETS

The grain markets developed pronounced strength in yesterday's trading, wheat advancing ⅝c and equalling the high record of last week. Corn closed 1c@1¼c net higher, and vats ¾c to ⅞c higher. The cotton market closed net 4 points lower to 2 points higher.

WHEAT.

Predictions of a cold wave over a large part of the Winter wheat belt, where temperatures recently have been unseasonably high, caused a sharp early covering movement in the wheat market, and prices advanced ⅝c and equaled last week's high record, which marked the top of the recent upward movement. The firmness in corn also exerted more or less influence on sentiment, and while trading was less active during the latter part of the day, prices held most of the gain and closed at ⅝c net higher. The foreign news was not very encouraging to holders and held out little prospect of an active export demand, but the superior quality of the American wheat this season is believed to assure a fairly active demand from Europe, as the crop in Argentina is mostly of low grade, and high-grade wheat will be wanted for export. It was said that out of the holdings of Canadian wheat in bond in the United States the greater part has already been sold and will be shipped in February, and that the remainder is in very strong hands, while holders of Canadian wheat generally are not disposed to sell at present prices. American hard wheat is still being offered in fair volume, and recently there has been some reduction in premiums for red wheat. The foreign markets were rather heavy in tone, and sentiment abroad was influenced by a sharp decline to Argentina, where country offerings were larger and shippers were more disposed to meet competition of other exporting countries. The International Institute at Rome estimated the Argentine crop at 131,000,000 bushels, which would provide for an exportable surplus considerably in excess of recent private estimates. In the local cash market No. 2 hard Winter wheat was quoted at 99¼c, cost, insurance, and freight, to arrive; No. 2 red, $1.01¼ elevator; No. 1 Northern Manitoba, $1.00¾, free on board; No. 1 Northern Duluth, $1.03, free on board.

NEW YORK PRICES.

	High.	Low.	Close.	Prev. Close.	Year.
May	1.00 7-16	1.00 3-16	1.00⅝	1.00 1-16	99 1-16
July	.....	.....	97½	97⅝	97¼

CHICAGO PRICES.

May	94⅛	93⅝	93⅞	93⅛	93
July	89⅛	88⅞	89⅜	88⅛	90⅝

CORN.

The corn market developed pronounced strength and at the close was 1@1¼c net higher. The advance was due primarily to a sharp covering movement prompted by further buying on the part of a leading house in the West which recently has been conspicuous on the bear side. Rumors of export sales, as well as claims of small stocks in country elevators and fears of damage to the corn in cribs by the warm, mild weather, were also used with considerable effect. Foreign news was bearish, and while there was a private cable from Argentine claiming damage by locusts, Broomhall said that the crop is now practically made and Argentine corn was being offered in the local market at 67½c, prompt shipment, and 67¼c for May shipment. In the local cash market No. 3 yellow corn was quoted at 71½c, cost, insurance, and freight, to arrive.

CHICAGO FUTURE MARKETS.

Corn—	High.	Low.	Close.	Prev. Close.	Year.
January	....	....	63¾	62¾	....
May	67⅛	66¼	67¼	66¼	51⅛
July	66⅛	65¼	66⅞	65⅝	52⅜

OATS.

The oats market was only moderately active and prices were firmer in sympathy with wheat and corn, but there appeared to be little pressure from any source and final prices were near the top with net gains of ¾ to ⅞c. The local cash market was steady; standard white quoted at 44½ to 45c; No. 2, 45 to 45½c; No. 3, 44 to 44¾c; No. 4, 43c to 44c; ordinary clipped white, 44 to 46c; fancy clipped white, 45 to 47c, all elevator.

CHICAGO—FUTURE MARKETS.

Oats—	High.	Low.	Close.	Prev. Close.	Year.
May	40⅛	39⅝	40	39⅝	33⅜
July	39⅝	39⅛	39⅜	39⅜	34⅛

PROVISIONS.

The market for hog products was under considerable pressure most of the day, with further selling credited to packing interests and in sympathy with lower hog markets in the West. The firmness in corn caused a partial reaction, however, and late in the day the market was steady. Receipts of hogs at Chicago were 35,000; estimated for Thursday, 26,000; Kansas City received 10,000 and Omaha 12,500.

CHICAGO FUTURE MARKETS.

Lard—	High.	Low.	Close.	Prev. Close.	Year.
January	11.12	10.72	10.72	10.72	....
May	11.12	11.02	11.07	11.10	10.27
Ribs—					
January	11.22	11.22	11.22	11.22	....
May	11.62	11.50	11.57	11.57	10.32
Pork—					
January	....	....	21.40	21.30	....
May	21.70	21.45	21.55	21.55	19.37

COTTONSEED OIL.

Trading in the cottonseed oil market was moderately active, but orders were quite evenly divided and price changes were narrow, final quotations being 4 points net lower to 1 point higher. There was moderate early selling in the near months in anticipation of liberal tenders on February contracts on Monday, but the undertone was rather heavy at times, owing to the easier feeling in the lard market. Crude oil was steady, but the demand was inactive and it was said to be rather difficult to make sales. The cash positions showed little change, with buiness of a moderate routine character.

The range of contract prices in the local market was as follows:

	High.	Low.	Close.	Prev. Close.
Spot	.....	.....	7.00@7.25	7.00
January	7.00	7.00	7.06@7.15	7.00
February	7.09	7.09	7.09@7.08	7.11
March	7.15	7.15	7.15@7.16	7.16
April	....	....	7.22@7.23	7.22
May	7.36	7.32	7.32@7.34	7.35
June	....	....	7.40@7.44	7.40
July	7.53	7.50	7.51@7.52	7.51
August	7.64	7.62	7.63@7.64	7.62

COTTON.

The cotton market made a pretty steady showing early yesterday, but bullish trade advices failed to create any general buying movement, and prices later eased off under realizing and rather less favorable late spot reports from the South. The close was barely steady, net 4 points lower to 2 points higher. The market opened steady at a decline of 1 to 3 points in sympathy with rather lower Liverpool cables, but quickly rallied on foreign buying, scattered covering, and a little support from local or Southern sources which became more active following reports from Liverpool that China was a heavy buyer of goods in Lancashire. Active months sold about 4 to 6 points net higher, but after the close of the English market demand tapered off somewhat, and the market turned rather easier under realizing. An easier turn in New Orleans promoted the selling later, and closing prices were practically the lowest of the day.

Practically all the private reports received from the South, so far as they were made public at least, continued extremely favorable to spot demand and well maintained prices. The somewhat easier ruling of the late market in New Orleans, however, suggested that spots were offering a little more freely, and three or four of the larger Southern spot markets were ⅛c lower. Otherwise there was nothing to indicate any change in the spot situation, and the continued free offerings of cotton bills reported in the foreign Exchange market suggested no immediate falling off in the export movement. A month or so ago exports were running rather heavily, sales behind last year, but have recently been catching up, and at the close of business yesterday were only 36,000 bales behind last year's figures. Private cables reported the early decline in Liverpool to some hedge selling and Continental liquidation, but said that during the day it had been absorbed by purchases against spinners' takings. Press advices reporting a probability of further reductions in the Bank of England discount rate encouraged the predictions of gradually expanding trade under the influence of easier money, and advices from the domestic goods market continued to indicate a fair demand in an absence of accumulated stocks.

The local market for spot cotton was steady and unchanged at 12.90 for middling upland; sales, 1,000 bales; delivered on contract, 300 bales.

Range of contract prices in the local market was as follows:

	High.	Low.	Close.	Prev. Close.
January	12.30	12.22	12.22@12.24	12.24
February	.....	.....	12.24@12.26	12.25
March	12.52	12.44	12.44@12.46	12.46
April	.....	.....	12.30@12.32	12.32
May	12.31	12.23	12.24@12.25	12.25
June	12.19	12.19	12.19@12.20	12.23
July	12.23	12.18	12.18@12.19	12.21
August	12.01	11.97	11.97@11.99	11.99
September	.....	.....	11.58@11.61	11.61
October	11.60	11.53	11.54@11.56	11.54

COFFEE.

COFFEE.—Prices were lower, opening at a decline of 4 to 3 points and closing at about the bottom with a net loss of 8 to 12 points. The easier feeling appeared to be due to a show of weakness in Europe, where the Havre market closed at a net decline of ¾ franc, and Hamburg ⅝ to 1 pfening lower. Receipts in Brazil, while steadily decreasing, are not falling off as rapidly as is usual at this time of the year, and it is now apparent that the Santos receipts during January will equal if not exceed the estimate of 600,000 bags. The Brazilian markets were generally steady and cost and freight offers were comparatively little changed. Santos 3s and 4s being quoted at 11.75@11.95; 4s at 11.60@11.80, 4s and 6s at 11.40@11.60, and Rio 7s at 9.15@9.35.

The local spot market was inactive and ⅛c lower with Rio 7s quoted at 9½c.

Contract prices follow:

	High.	Low.	Close.	Prev. Close.
January	.....	.....	9.14@9.16	9.22
February	9.16	9.16	9.14@9.16	9.22
March	9.32	9.22	9.23@9.25	9.34
April	.....	.....	9.35@9.37	9.46
May	9.55	9.47	9.48@9.49	9.59
June	.....	.....	9.58@9.59	9.69
July	.....	.....	9.68@9.69	9.79
August	.....	.....	9.75@9.76	9.86
September	9.91	9.82	9.83@9.85	9.94
October	.....	.....	9.88@9.90	9.99
November	.....	.....	9.93@9.95	10.04
December	10.05	10.00	9.98@10.00	10.10

COUNTRY PRODUCE MARKETS.

BUTTER.—Receipts yesterday, 7,016 packages. Another decline of 1c in practically all grades of creamery, both fresh and held, and at the lower rates, trade is still extremely dull. Prices weaker in tone. Creamery, extras, 28@28½c; firsts, 26½@27½c; seconds, 24@26c; thirds, 23@23½c; held, extras, 27@28c; firsts, 25½@26½c; seconds, 23½@25c; thirds, 22@23c; State dairy, finest, 27½@28c; good to prime, 26@27c; common to fair, 20@24c; process, extras, 23½@24½c; firsts, 22@23c; seconds, 21@21½c; imitation creamery, firsts, 23@24½c; factory, current make, firsts, 21@21½c; seconds, 20½c; thirds, 19@20c; packing stock, 20@20½c; current make, No. 2, 20c; No. 3, 18@19c.

CHEESE.—Receipts yesterday, 692 boxes. Feeling firmer and recent sales indicate about ½c advance on all grades of whole milk cheese. State, whole milk, held, specials, 15@15¼c; average fancy, 17½@17¾c; State, whole milk, fresh, specials, 17¼@17½c; average fancy, 17¼c; undergrades, 14½@17c; State, whole milk, daisies, held, best, 18c; poor to fair, 16@17c; young Americas, held, 17½@17¾c; Wisconsin, whole milk, daisies, fancy, 17½@17¾c; twins and flats, fancy 17½@18c; Wisconsin, whole milk, Young Americas, fancy 17¼c; State, skims, held, specials, 13½@14½c; held, good to choice, 11@12½c; fresh, specials, 12@12¼c; skims, fresh, good to choice, 10½@11¼c; skims, poor to fair, 6@10c; skims, full skims or badly defective, 1½@6c.

EGGS.—Receipts yesterday: 5,919 cases domestic. Imports: 1,169, 120-doz. cases. The market is unsettled and the tone irregular. Advices indicate increasing supplies. A recent estimate of the mainteme reserve stock is being steadily depleted, and a considerable increase will soon be needed. Fresh gathered, extras, dozen, 34@36c; extra firsts, 32½@33c; firsts, 31½@32c; seconds, 30@31c; dirties, 27@28c; checks, 23@25c; refrigerator, firsts, 30c; seconds, 28½@29½c; lower grades, 23@28c; State, Pennsylvania, and near by, hennery whites, fine to fancy, large, 38@40c; gathered whites, fine to finest, large, 38@39c; State, Pennsylvania, and near by, whites, fair to good, 36@37c; small or otherwise defective, 34@35c; Western, gathered, white, 34@37c; State, Pennsylvania, and near by hennery brown, 35c; gathered brown and mixed colors, 32@34c; fresh, foreign, 120-doz. cases, good to prime, 27@31c; refrigerator, 120-doz. cases, poor to good, 25@27c; limed, 120-doz. cases, fair to prime, 24@26c.

MISCELLANEOUS MARKETS.

BEEF.—Wholesale prices for Western beef cuts showed no change yesterday.

SUGAR.—The refined sugar market was quiet and unchanged. The raw sugar market was quiet, but the undertone was firm. The London beet sugar market was quiet and unchanged.

MOLASSES AND SYRUPS.—There was a fair demand for molasses to cover old contracts, and prices were unchanged. Syrups were more active yesterday, but prices remained at previous levels.

RICE.—No change was noted in the local rice market, and while there was only moderate demand, prices were held steadily in sympathy with the South.

FLOUR AND MEAL.—The market was again inactive yesterday, but the upturn in wheat caused a firmer tone and resulted in a little better inquiry.

OILS.—Refined petroleum and linseed oil were steady and unchanged.

NAVAL STORES.—The turpentine market was a trifle steadier, but the demand was still moderate. Rosin and tar were steady and unchanged.

THE BUSINESS WORLD

COMMERCIAL PAPER.

Yesterday .....4@4½% for the best names
Tuesday .....4@4½% " " "

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Gray Goods Market Strong.

According to a well-known local converter of cottons, the gray goods market is daily getting into a stronger position. Stocks in first hands are by no means great, excepting, perhaps, in isolated cases, and the way the demand for finished goods is picking up shows that stocks in the hands of jobbers and retailers are far from full. Many of the orders being received by the converters are calling for quick deliveries, which is taken as an indication of still greater strength to come. The converter in question was unwilling to discuss the price situation in detail, but said that his branch of the trade was having no difficulty in geetting good figures on the really novel goods that they are turning out.

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Embroidery Men Optimistic.

Optimism is the keynote now in the embroidery field. For the first time in several months the demand is said to be taking on a really active aspect, though it is not yet all that could be desired. The retail trade is beginning to take merchandise in good shape, and the manufacturing trades are also showing a disposition to buy liberally. The bulk of the present business is being taken on novelties, in which sheer cloths, especially voiles and transparent muslins, both in flouncings and narrow goods, play prominent parts. The financial condition of the buying firms seems to reflect the improved business reported, merchants say, and collections are improving almost daily. In the lace field the same optimistic feeling prevails, and a really big season in light goods, particularly shadow and net effects, is anticipated. Fashions are said to be favorable to this class of goods, and reports from various parts of the country say that light laces of novel design and construction are generally moving well.

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Hypothecating Accounts.

The Legislative Committee of the National Association of Credit Men is endeavoring to arrange a meeting of the legislative committees of the various branch associations in the State to consider the bill now being prepared to protect manufacturers and wholesalers against customers who hypothecate their accounts receivable without letting their creditors know what they are doing. It was said yesterday that the idea of the conference would be to work out a tentative bill that would be fair and applicable in all parts of the State, and for other States to follow after providing the move was successful. The principal point to be guarded against, it is intimated, is drawing a bill that will embody something that the courts may hold unconstitutional in case of protest by the financial companies which buy these accounts. It is said to be an open secret that some of these companies are strongly against the provisions of the proposed bill that require publicity in connection with the workings of their business.

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Wondering About Design Bill.

While trying to appear unconcerned about it, many members of the cotton converting trade are said to be pondering deeply the possible effect on their business of the bill recently introduced in Congress to protect commercial designs from being pirated. Many of the designs used in this trade, especially in the novelty end of the business, are either copies or adaptations of French patterns. Practically none of the converters have a staff of designers, they getting their inspiration from the style and design service that is furnished by foreign houses engaged in that particular business. One requirement of the bill in question provides for the registration of foreign designs in this country by manufacturers who are located in a country which has a reciprocal relation with the United States, and it is this provision that is causing the wonder as to the future. If the designs that ordinarily are sent here to be copied or adapted are registered, it means that fruitful source of ideas will be cut off. The fact, however, that a design is registered for cotton does not hinder it from being copied in silks under the new bill, and vice versa. This fact is quite a consolation to some of the trade.

NO RUSH IN STEEL BUYING.

January Purchases Were for Replenishment, Iron Age Says.

There is a tendency to exaggerate the improvement in the iron and steel trade since the first of the year, according to The Iron Age, which says:

There is now so much of a tendency to overdraw the improvement in iron and steel that exact statements seem tame. What is most plainly shown by recent buying is the extent to which stocks of finished steel were used up in the lean weeks following September. The January business, that has been so well thought of, in contrast with that of November and December, has been largely replenishment. Manufacturing customers of steel, in particular, have had to make up for many weeks of underbuying.

The Iron Trade Review says:

Improvement in the volume of finished steel buying is being sustained generally on the scale that first appeared several weeks ago, and there is every continued betterment in mill operations. Conservatism, however, marks the situation, and with railroad buying a conspicuously absent factor, the disposition of the industry is to move cautiously either in entertaining price advances or in expecting a steady progress toward wide prosperity. Some improvement, perhaps, 20%, is irregularly, with the lighter lines making the best showing. Structurals in this respect reflect the lack of railroad support.

A Ruling on Baling Wire.

The Treasury Department has issued orders to custom officers regarding the classification to be accorded under the new Tariff law on baling wire used as cotton ties. It is held that hoop or band iron or steel, cut to lengths, and which can be identified as cotton ties, is free of duty under paragraph 509. When the ties cannot be identified as bindings for bales of cotton, they are to pay duty at the rate of 10 per cent. ad valorem under paragraph 107. Wire described as annealed, is held properly subjected to duty under paragraph 114, at 15 per cent.

Cigars Must Come Here Direct.

The Board of United States General Appraisers laid down the rule yesterday that products of Cuba, in order to receive the benefit of the 20 per cent. reduction in duty provided for in the treaty between the United States and the Cuban Republic, must be in the form of direct shipments.

BUSINESS NOTES.

At a meeting of the Board of Directors of the National Association of Clothiers Tuesday resolutions were adopted expressing the thanks of the association for the courteous treatment shown the President and other members of the organization while in London recently. The members referred to were officially entertained by the Wholesale Clothing Manufacturers' Association of Great Britain and Ireland and were given a dinner at the Hotel Cecil, in London. The association's Secretary has been instructed to send a copy of the resolutions, in proper form, to the English organization.

E. M. Sostman, resident buyer for the May Department Stores Company, which operates stores in St. Louis, Denver, Cleveland, Akron, and Pittsburgh, has moved the New York offices of the company from 4 Washington Place to 37 West Twenty-sixth Street.

The annual dinner of the Wholesale Men's Furnishings Association will be given at the Aldine Club, 206 Fifth Avenue, on Feb. 19, at 8 P. M. It is understood that the association will invite District Attorney Whitman, Judge Mayer, and other prominent officials to address the members on the occasion.

Max Lowenthal & Sons of Rochester, N. Y., manufacturers of staple and fancy knit goods, have opened a New York office and salesroom at 377 Broadway. Max Neiman is in charge.

TEXTILE SITUATION GOOD.

Wool and Cotton Goods Markets Show Steady Improvement.

Special to The New York Times.

BOSTON Jan. 28.—The American Wool and Cotton Reporter will say tomorrow:

"There has been a slight decrease in sales of wool during the last week, largely due to the fact that stocks of domestic wools have become very much depleted. The statistical position of wool is the strongest in years.

"There has been a slight advance in the quotations on worsted yarns.

"Cotton yarn prices, except in isolated instances retain the firmness of the last two weeks, though buying is reported not to be as general this week as during the week previous.

"Knit goods manufacturers have been a little shy of the market this week, with the result that the market in knitting yarns has not shown its usual activity.

"The cotton goods market is improving in normal manner, and it is confidently expected that conditions will be very satisfactory before the season is completed.

"The situation on women's wear is completely overshadowed by the developments on serges, but there is a very conservative condition existing, which will undoubtedly work out satisfactorily in the near future.

"The textile situation in general is much improved. Several of the large factors have received orders on staples, which it is claimed will require the operation of their entire equipment throughout the season."

CAN EXPORTS $20,000,000.

Salmon, Chiefly Alaskan, Led in 1913, Next Fruits, Then Meats.

WASHINGTON, Jan. 28.—Exports of canned goods from the United States in 1913 approximated $20,000,000, according to the Department of Commerce. Meats, fruits, vegetables, dairy products and fish made up the principal articles of export. Salmon, chiefly Alaskan, was the largest single item—80,000,000 pounds, valued at $7,000,000. Fruits came next, then meats and vegetables.

Canned beef showed a marked falling off in exportation, about half as much as in 1912.

To End Undervaluation.

John P. Wood of William Wood & Co., Philadelphia, President of the National Association of Wool Manufacturers, was in the local market yesterday. It is understood that Mr. Wood is head of the committee representing various textile associations that is investigating undervaluations in both the imported yarn and the imported fabric markets. It was said that the downward revision of tariff on these goods had opened the way to all sorts of possibilities of fraud.

Approves Bischoff Bank Closing.

Supreme Court Justice Seabury approved yesterday of the voluntary dissolution of the Bischoff Banking House at 287 Broadway, but ordered that advertisements of the dissolution must continue up to March 15. The petition said that on Jan. 20 two-thirds of the stockholders agreed to wind up the bank, which had on deposit $24,471, and $250,000 capital.

FOREIGN TRADE OPPORTUNITIES

Further information may be obtained from the Bureau of Foreign and Domestic Commerce, Washington, D. C., and at the branch offices, 315 Custom House, by giving the number of the item referred to.

12,423. CANALIZATION SCHEME.—The Mayor of a foreign city desires the names of Am. capitalists who would undertake a system of canalization in the city in question. The city at present possesses water works, tramways, and an electrical station, but has recently settled on a plan for installing a canalization arrangement.

12,424. SAW BENCHES SUITABLE FOR LOG CUTTING. A British firm desires to negotiate with an Am. mfr. of saw benches suitable for log cutting of ordinary forest wood of large diameter.

12,425. RAW COTTON.—A request has come for the names of Am. exporters of raw cotton.

12,426. METAL BEDS.—An Am. mfr. states that a correspondent in a Mediterranean country is anxious to secure a line of metal beds from the U. S.

12,427. HOG LARD, PRESERVED FOODS, AND FRUITS.—A South American firm would like to form business relations with Am. mfrs. and exporters of hog lard, preserved foods, and fruits in cans or in glass and porcelain jars.

12,428. MOTOR TRUCKS.—A firm established in India, the Red Sea coast, and East Africa desires to purchase one or more gasoline motor trucks, capacity about 3 tons, the rear wheels protected by flat iron tires.

12,429. FLOWER SEEDS.—A member of a foreign Gov. would like to receive catalogues of flower seeds, such as bulbs, rose bushes, American Beauty roses, &c.

12,430. METALLIC ROOFING, CEILINGS, &c.—A Bishop abroad is preparing to complete a college and requires immediate estimates on metallic roofing, gutters, ceilings, &c., for the college buildings and an annexed church building. These are two and three story structures, about 195 by 80 feet. The Bishop desires this material early in March, hence all estimates should be accompanied by samples and prices, either cost, insurance, and freight, certain city, or free on board steamers or cars, N. Y., in the latter case specifying transfer charges in N. Y., so estimates may be compared, cost, insurance, and freight, dock or on board steamer.

12,431. MOLDING FOR CEMENT OR CONCRETE.—An officer of engineers of the India Gov. desires to be placed in touch with mfrs. of moldings for cement or concrete, to be used for balustrades, ornamental work, coping stones, and other similar work.

Weather in Cotton and Grain States

Special to The New York Times.

WASHINGTON D. C., Jan. 28.—Forecasts: N. and S. Carolina—Rain Thurs.

Fri., prob. rain, colder in w. and at night in e.; increasing s. and s. w. winds.

Ga.—Fair, warm Thurs. Fri., prob. rain, colder in n. and w.; inc. s. e. to s. winds.

Fla.—Fair Thurs. Fri., rain, except in s., colder in n. w.; moderate e. winds, except brisk s. e. to s. over the n.

Ala., La., Miss.—Cloudy Thurs., rain at night or Fri., much colder Fri.; brisk s. to s. w. winds, bec. n. w. Fri.

Tex.—L. rains Thurs, colder in n., with a cold wave at night. Fri., fair, colder, much colder in s.; brisk s. w. winds, shifting to n. w.

W. Tex.—Fair, colder Thurs., cold wave by night in Pan Handle. Fri. fair.

Utah—Fair Thur. and Fri.

Oklahoma—Much colder and fair Thur, cold wave at night. Fri., fair; brisk to high n. winds.

Ark.—Rains Thur. or at night, a cold wave by Fri. morning. Fri., fair.

Tenn.—Cloudy Thur.; rain at night or Fri.; much colder Fri.

Ky.—Rain Thur. Fri. snows, much colder with brisk to high n. w. winds.

Ohio—Rain Thur. Fri. snows, much colder; brisk s. winds bec. n. w. and high by Fri.

Ind.—Rain Thur., a cold wave, Fri. snows, colder; brisk shifting winds, bec. n. w. and high.

Ill.—Rain Thur., prob. turning into snow in n.; a cold wave at night. Fri. fair; brisk shifting winds, bec. n. w. and high.

Lower Mich.—Rain Thur.; colder at night. Fri. snows, cold wave; brisk shifting winds, becoming n. w. and high.

Upper Mich.—Rain or snow and colder Thur.; cold wave at night. Fri. snows, colder in e. portion; brisk to high shifting winds bec. n. w.

Wis.—Snow in n., snow or rain in s. Thur.; colder with a cold wave in w., and at night in e.; high shifting winds, bec. n. w. Fri. fair, colder.

Minn.—Fair in w., snow in e., colder with a cold wave and high n. and n. w. winds. Fri. fair and cold.

Iowa—Snow in w., rain turning into snow in e. Thurs., cold wave and high n. w. winds. Fri., fair, cold.

Mo.—Rain Thur., prob. turning into snow in n. and w. cold wave in n. w. and at night in e. and s. Fri., fair, colder; brisk to high n. w. winds.

N. Dak.—Fair, colder Thur. Fri., fair.

S. Dak.—Fair, colder Thur., with a cold wave. Fri., fair.

Neb.—Fair Thur., preceded by snows in s., colder, with a cold wave. Fri., fair and cold.

Kans.—Snows Thur., with a cold wave; high n. winds. Fri., fair.

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ATLANTA—Keely Co.; J. Rolestone, white goods; C. F. Cantwell, silks, trimmings; C. H. Smith, carpets; R. E. O'Donnelly, general mdse; J. W. Farlow, notions, gloves; 69 5th Av.

BALTIMORE—Baltimore Overall Co.; S. Rosenbloom, piece goods; Grand.

BALTIMORE — Goldenberg Brothers; D. Rosenberg, silks; Grand.

BALTIMORE—Armstrong, Cator & Co.; W. P. Whitthorne, laces, ready to wear; 200 5th Av.

BOISE—Falk Wholesale Co.; H. L. Falk, general mdse.; 43 Leonard; Wellington.

BOSTON—W. Filene's Sons Co.; C. G. Sheffield, children's, misses' coats; Mrs. G. Phillips, dresses, costumes; Miss N. Jones, infants' caps; H. Levy, waists, (basement) 116 W. 32d.

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N. Y., Susquehanna & W. 1-Ref. 5s, 1937	
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Coal River	1-4s, 1945
Fort Worth & Rio Grande	1-4s, 1928
Cincin., Dayton & Ironton	1-5s, 1941
Illinois Central St. Louis Div.	1-3s, 1951
Iowa Central	1-5s, 1938
St. Joseph Ry., Lt., H.& P.	1-5s, 1937
Syracuse Light & Power	5s, 1954
United Elec. Co. of N.J.	1-4s, 1949

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FINANCIAL MARKETS

Prices React Under Profit Taking—New Security Issues Under Negotiation.

A little more trading was done on the Stock Exchange yesterday than on Tuesday, but the dealings were carried through on a somewhat lower level of prices. Buying was less aggressive than on any other day since the January rise set in and outside realizations and professional selling made more impression upon quotations. Except in a very few issues, the Rock Island securities being among the exceptions, the losses which prices encountered during the day were not great. Those who felt the need of accounting for the further moderate reaction on other ground than that this was a natural sequel to a somewhat prolonged advance found the reason for the day's set-back in the decision which was handed down Tuesday afternoon by the Interstate Commerce Commission. Overnight consideration of that matter confirmed a good many in the impression that it could reasonably be inferred that the commission would require the railroads to exhaust other means to improve their net income before it would consent to a general advance in freight rates.

If this decision really means prolonged delay in bettering the net income position of the railways it offered far too large an explanation for the relatively unimportant downward swing of prices yesterday. What this decision seems to do for one thing, however, is to strengthen the impression that this question of railroad rates is a very large one and one not likely to be settled in off-hand fashion. It has all along been plain that those who have expected a very early decision in this case were building this hope on rather slim ground. It is because it has been recognized in railroad circles that the case would probably be very deliberately considered by the Interstate Commerce Commission that the hope has lately been expressed that the commission would make special effort to shorten the time of consideration as much as was consistent with the importance of the question.

In the bond as well as in the stock market there was a lessening of the eagerness with which securities have recently been purchased. For the most part though prices held firm and it was indicated that bonds have been moving rapidly into the hands of ultimate consumers. Apparently the stage will soon be reached at which new issues in some quantity will compete for attention with established issues. A number of railroads and other corporations are in negotiation with bankers, but in a number of these cases agreement has yet to be reached on the question of prices. Borrowing corporations are, of course, intent upon gaining the fullest possible advantage from the change for the better which has come about in the investment market. On the other hand the issuing houses are believed to be desirous of fixing such terms for new issues as will assure their immediate success, with a view to avoiding the twofold disadvantage of overburdening the market with new issues and of inviting declines below the price of issue. It is thus sought to make the best possible use of the conditions which have lately developed in the investment market. These now offer reasonable promise of an opportunity during coming months to replace a large amount of temporary financing by permanent issues.

Consols again moved forward and London discounts were carried further on the road which they have lately been traveling toward great ease. With the open market rate down to 2¼ per cent. it was thought reasonable to look today for a reduction in the Bank of England rate from 4 per cent. to 3 per cent. It was almost universally expected that the rate would be reduced at least to 3½ per cent. The relative firmness of the Paris discount market hardly suggests a reduction in the rate of the Bank of France, but if the English rate is cut to 3 per cent. conditions will be indicated which will point toward an early lowering of the French rate from the present abnormally high figure of 4 per cent.

The day's usual summaries of conditions in the steel trade again make it plain that the steel industry has got a considerable distance away from the pronounced depression which existed at the end of December, although The Iron Age finds occasion to remark that the tendency to overdraw the improvement makes exact statements seem tame. It notes, though, that the larger steel companies have this week come up to a 65 per cent. basis of ingot production, the mills in the Pittsburgh district doing better as a whole than those in some other centres of the industry. The improvement which has taken place this month, this authority finds, has been largely due to the replenishment of stocks which were drawn on to an abnormal extent during the closing months of last year.

MONEY AND EXCHANGE.

	High.	Low.	Last.	Ren'l
On Call	2	1¾	2	1¾
A year ago	3	2¾	2¾	2¾
Since Jan. 1	10	1¾	..	..
Same period, 1913	5	2¼	..	..

	60 days.	4 mos.	6 mos.
On time	2½@3	3@3½	3½@4
Commercial paper (prime bills)	4		4¼@4½

	Exchanges.	Balances.
Clearings	$353,160,896	$25,391,415
Sub-Treasury debit balance		$271,305

Banks lost since Friday, $4,567,000.

Rates Abroad.

	Discount.	Money.	Check on London.
Berlin	2¾	1	20 m 48 pf
Paris	3½	3½	25 f 19 c
London	2¼@2¾	1½@1¾	..

FOREIGN EXCHANGE.

The range for demand sterling was:

	High	Low	Last
Yesterday	$4.86	$4.8535	$4.8590
A year ago	4.8765	4.8750	4.8750
Since Jan. 1	4.8695	4.8550	.....
Same period 1913	4.8780	4.8570	.....

Foreign exchange closing rates were:

	Demand.	Cable.
London	$4.8590	$4.8620
Paris	5.18¼–3-64	5.18¼
Berlin	94⅝+1-32	94 15-16+1-32
Switzerland	5.15⅜–5-64	5.15⅜–1-32
Holland	40.25	40.25
Belgium	5.21¼–1-16	5.21¼–1-64

Bankers' Time Bills.

	60 days.	90 days.
London	$4.84	$4.83½
Paris	5.21¼–1-16	5.23¼+1-16
Berlin	94¼	94¼

Commercial Time Bills.

	60 days.	90 days.
London	$4.8350	$4.8250
Paris	5.21⅞	5.23¾
Berlin	94⅝–1-32	94 1-16+1-32
Amsterdam	39.93	39.80

Domestic Rates.

Rates on New York were:

	Prem.		Prem.
Chicago	25c	San Francisco	50c
St. Louis	Par	Montreal	62½c
Boston	Par	St. Paul	15c

BAR SILVER QUOTATIONS.

London, 26¼d per ounce, off ¼d; New York, 57½c, off ¾c.

TOPICS IN WALL STREET.

Few January Note Issues.

Of the new security issues put out so far in January over 12½ per cent. have taken the form of short-term notes, whereas in January last year temporary financing of this kind made up 57 per cent. of the total issue of railroad and industrial securities. No more striking illustration could be afforded of the great change for the better which has come about in the investment market since the close of last year. Moreover, the aggregate in security issues this month has fallen far below that of the same month a year ago. It was a matter of comment in bond market circles yesterday that whereas the demand has largely increased, the output was considerably reduced in contrast with the early weeks of 1913. Figures compiled by The Journal of Commerce give this month's issues up to this date as $86,407,000, compared with $149,869,000 last January. The issues maturing in February are placed at $41,570,000, compared with $30,272,000 in February last year.

***

The Rise in British Consols.

Consols advanced yesterday to 74⅞, or to within less than a point of the highest price of last year. The gain since the end of December now amounts to 3½ points. The course of consols supplies a highly summarized reflection of the great swings of the financial markets. The following figures show how consols have moved in comparison with the French rentes:

	British Consols.	French Rentes.
Yesterday	74⅞	85.87½
December 31, 1913	71¾	85.37½
High last year	75⅝	89.50
Low last year	71	83.

Rentes have improved substantially from the low point of last year but not so much compared with the end of December. Paris is, as is well known, the market in which money rates have been receding more slowly than elsewhere from the unusual firmness which prevailed last year.

***

More Gold from Canada.

Another $2,000,000 gold was received by the Merchants' National Bank from Canada yesterday. While gold has been going out to Paris it has been coming in from the Dominion in smaller lots but to a considerable aggregate. We have in fact gained from Canada a little over half of the $6,000,000 which we have exported to France. To-day's statement of the Bank of France is expected to show an increase of over $2,400,000 gold, including one instalment of the gold which has been shipped from New York.

***

Opening for Bank Abroad.

A report that American bankers have been considering the establishment of a bank in St. Petersburg, while not confirmed, served to call attention to the need for an American financial institution in Russia. Trade between this country and Russia has not reached the volume of the business done with the other powers, but the smallness of the total is charged in part against the absence of facilities, and a good banking connection, with a manager who would look after trade possibilities, would be expected to develop reciprocal relations. At the present time banks in this country draw on Berlin or Paris for Russian account. Under the Czar's requirements the Westinghouse Electric Company and the International Harvester Company, both of which do a good business in Russia, have to manufacture their machines within the empire, but there are large exports of American cotton to Russia, and imports of considerable size in fish and other products. There is a certain amount of banking which has to be done in connection with the arrival of Russian immigrants, and an international banker said yesterday that a joint institution, representing not only banks in New York, but in Pittsburgh, Boston and other centres, should be able to pay good returns.

***

A Division of Opinion.

There were at least two ways of looking at the Interstate Commerce Commission's remarks upon the railroads' application for a freight advance, which accompanied a decisoin bearing upon the special allowances that have been made to industries having their own sidings. The unthinking optimist's way was to disregard the Commission's warnings to the carriers to straighten out their affairs before expecting their 5 per cent. increase, and to read only the Commission's declaration of principles, which promised that the Commission would not shrink from granting an advance should the need for one be shown. The other view, which gained more adherents as the decision was subjected to closer analysis, held that the Commission had flatly stated its unwillingness to allow a horizontal raise until the railroads took advantage of every opportunity for conserving their revenues. The stock market leaned strongly toward the latter view.

***

Gain for Tobacco.

In the list of price changes as a result of yesterday's dealings nearly all of the important issues lost ground, but American Tobacco stood out in sharp contrast with the rest of the list. An expectation of a special dividend to be paid from the Imperial Tobacco Company holdings after the annual meeting in March, was responsible for an advance of 2¾ points in American Tobacco shares.

PUBLIC UTILITY SECURITIES.

	Bid.	Asked.
American Light & Traction	350	354
American Light & Traction pf	106	108
Adirondack Electric Power	17	19
Adirondack Electric Power pf	47	50
American Gas & Electric	77	81
American Gas & Electric pf	47	49
American Power & Light	70	72
American Power & Light pf	80	85
American Public Utilities	50	52
American Public Utilities pf	75	77
Appalachian Electric Co	8	10
Appalachian Power Co. pf	35	38
Bangor Ry. & Elec. Co	42	45
Bangor Ry. & Elec. Co. pf	117	120
Cities Service	99	101
Cities Service pf	74½	75¼
Colorado Power Co	16½	19
Colorado Power Co. pf	79	83
Commonwealth P. R. & L	57	58
Commonwealth P. R. & L. pf	78	80
Consumers' Power Co. pf	90	95
Cumberland Co. Power & L. Co	50	55
Cumberland Co. P. & L. Co. pf	96½	97½
Denver Gas & Electric gen. 5s	91	95
East St. Louis & Suburban Co	25	27
East St. Louis & Sub. Co. pf	62	65
Electric Bond & Deposit pf	92	..
*Electric Bond & Share Co	97½	100
Empire District Electric 5s	77	82
Empire District Electric pf	70	75
Federal Light & Traction	24	28
Federal Light & Traction pf	71	75
Gas & Electric Securities	100	115
Gas & Electric Securities pf	80	85
Lincoln Gas & Electric	27	31
Montana Power Co	45	46
Montana Power Co. pf	98	99
Northern Ontario Light & Power	10	18
Northern Ontario Light & P. pf	50	63
Northern States Power	104½	104¾
Northern States Power pf	79½	80
Ozark Power & Water	30	35
Pacific Gas & Electric	89½	40½
Pacific Gas & Electric pf	86	88
Portland Ry., Light & Power Co	53	54
Republic Ry. & Light Co	20	22
Republic Ry. & Light Co. pf	74	77
Southern California Edison	89	91
Southern California Edison pf	97	100
Standard Gas & Electric	9½	10
Standard Gas & Electric pf	31	32
Tennessee Ry., Light & Power	15½	16½
Tennessee Ry., Light & P. Co. pf	68	70
United Light & Rys	84	86
United Light & Rys. 1st pf	77	80
United Light & Rys. 2d pf	75	78
United Utilities Co	25	30
*United Utilities Co. pf	97½	101
Utah Securities	15½	19½
Western Power	75	80
Western Power pf	93	97

OUTSIDE SECURITIES

Curb Market Rather Quiet, Due to Lessened Trading in the Oil Stocks.

The outside security market was quiet although there was some expansion of trading in the industrial list. This was offset to some extent by lessened dealings in the oil groups. Of the latter Standard Oil of Ohio showed the greatest change—a net loss of 5 points. In the industrial list United Cigar Stores was more active than recently and closed the day with a gain of 1¾ points. Kelly Springfield Tire rose 2 points on small dealings.

Transactions reported were:

INDUSTRIALS.

Sales.		Open.	High.	Low.	Last.
450..	Bay State Gas	¼	¼	¼	¼
1,000..	B.-Am. Tob..	23½	23½	23	23
300..	B.-A. T., new	23½	23½	23¼	23¼
200..	Houston Oil..	16¼	16½	16¼	16½
120..	Kelly S. Tire	56	58	56	57
170..	K. S. Tire pf.	128	128	127	127
320..	Int. R. t. c..	10	10	9⅜	9⅜
1,500..	Man. Tran....	1 3-16	1¼	1 5-16	1¼
700..	Marc. of Am..	5⅝	5⅝	5⅝	5⅝
205..	Max. Motors..	5	5	4¾	4¾
55..	M. M. 1st pf..	28	28	27½	27½
1,000..	*Mays Oil ...	20	20	20	20
375..	Pond S. & R..	2¼	2¼	2¼	2¼
1,000..	Riker-Heg'm'n	7⅞	7⅞	7⅞	7⅞
8,000..	U.C.S.Co.,Am.	95	95⅝	95	95¼
100..	do pf.	115	115	114	114½
190..	Willys Overl'd	65	65	63½	63½

STANDARD OIL SUBSIDIARIES.

1,600..	A.-A. Oil, new ..	15	14¾	14⅞
8..	Atlantic Refin'g	805	805	815
..	Borne-Scrymser	300	315	300
..	Buckeye Pipe Line	179	181	181
..	Chesebrough Mfg	675	685	675
..	Colonial Oil	120	120	130
..	Continental Oil	225	230	227
..	Crescent Pipe Line	60	63	61
..	Cumberland P. Line	65	70	65
..	Eureka Pipe Line	338	342	340
..	Galena-Signal Oil	182	185	181
..	Galena-Signal Oil pf	135	140	135
..	Indiana Pipe Lines	142	145	142
..	National Transit	45	44	46
..	New York Transit	320	325	324
..	Northern Pipe Line	127	130	129
..	Ohio Oil	158	160	158
..	Prairie Oil & Gas	433	457	453
..	Solar Refining	375	385	375
..	Southern Pipe Line	253	256	255
..	South Penn. Oil	328	332	330
..	S. W. P. P. Lines	158	162	158
..	Standard Oil (Cal)	280	284	286
..	Stand. Oil (Cal) r'ts	16½	17⅛	16½
..	Standard Oil (Ind.)	468	472	464
..	Standard Oil (Kan.)	470	480	470
..	Standard Oil (Ky)	865	875	865
..	S. Oil (Ky.,) new	225	230	225
..	Standard Oil (Neb.)	475	485	475
..	Standard Oil (N. J.)	418	420	417
..	Standard Oil (N.Y.)	182	183	183
..	Standard Oil (Ohio)	375	380	380
..	Swan & Finch	295	305	295
..	Union Tank Line	98	100	99
..	Vacuum Oil	213	216	215
..	Washington Oil	58	62	60
..	Waters-Pierce Oil	3,200	..	3,200

TOBACCO STOCKS.

	Jan. 28. Bid.	Asked.	Jan. 27. Bid.	Asked.
American Cigar	145	150	143	150
American Cigar pf	90	92	90	92
Am. Machine & Fdy.	75	85	75	85
British-American	23	23¼	23¼	23¾
British-Am., new	23¼	23¾	23¼	23¾
Conley Foil	270	290	270	290
Johnson Tin & M	170	190	170	185
J. S. Young	140	150	140	150
MacAndrews & F	180	190	180	190
MacAndrews & F pf	92	102	92	102
Porto Rico-Am. Tob	225	230	225	230
P. R.-Am. 6% scrip	125	135	125	135
R. J. Reynolds	245	255	245	255
R. J. Reyn. 6% scrip	100	102	100	102
Tobacco Products	85	88	85	87
United Cigar Stores	91½	95¾	93¾	94¼
Un. Cigar Stores pf	111	115	112	115

MINING STOCK QUOTATIONS.

SAN FRANCISCO.

Alpha Con	.02	Julia	.02
Andes	.03	Kentucky Con	.02
Belcher	.39	Mexican	1.12½
Best & Belcher	.05	Occidental Con	.70
Caledonia	1.17½	Ophir	.11
Challenge Con	.10	Overman	.02
Chollar	.01	Savage	.07
Confidence	.50	Seg. Belcher	.07
Con. Cal. & Va.	.16	Sierra Nevada	.07
Con. Imperial	.02	Union Con	.08
Crown Point	.35	Utah Con	.02
Gould & Curry	.02	Yellow Jacket	.35
Hale & Norcross	.07		

TONOPAH.

Jim Butler	.97	Comb. Fract	.11
McNamara	.11	D'field Daisy	.03
Midway	.41	D'field Bl. B	.03
Mizpah Exten	.37	G'field Con. M	1.62½
Montana	1.23	G'field Merger	.13
North Star	.42	Jumbo Exten	.21
Rescue Eula	.12	Lone Star	.02
Tonopah Exten	1.90	Silver Pick	.07
Tonopah Merger	.66	Vernal	.04
West End	1.45	Nevada Hills	.41

GOLDFIELD.

Atlanta	.18	Round Mountain	.41
Booth	.03	MANHATTAN.	
C. O. D.	.04	Man. Con	.04
		Man. Big Four	.13

COLORADO.

	Bid.	Asked.		Bid.	Asked.
Dr. J'pot	6¼	6½	Jackpot	5¾	6
Elkton	50	51½	McKinney	58¼	60
El Paso	286	288	Old Gold	1	2½
Findlay	..	2½	Portland	102	105
Gold Dol.	5	7	Vindicator	82	83½
Isabella	9¾	10	R. B. H.	3	4

NEW YORK CITY BONDS.

		Wednesday. Bid.	Asked.	Tuesday. Bid.	Asked.
4½s	March, 1963	105	105½	105¼	105¾
4½s	May, 1957	105½	105½	105½	105½
4½s	Nov., 1957	105½	105½	105¼	105¾
4½s	May, 1917	101¾	..	101¾	102½
4½s	Nov., 1917	101¾	..	101¾	102½
4½s	Mar., 1930-60	101¼	102	101¼	102
4½s	Mar., 1962	100¼	100⅝	100¼	100⅜
4½s	Sept., 1960	100¼	100⅜	100¼	100⅜
4s	May, 1959	97	97½	96¾	97⅛
4s	Nov., 1958	97	97½	96¾	97⅛
4s	May, 1957	97	97½	96¾	97⅛
4s	Nov., 1956	95½	96¼	95½	96¼
4s	Nov., 1955	95½	96¼	95½	96¼
4s	Nov., 1936	95½	..	95½	96¼
4s	1915-1919	98½	100	98½	100
3½s	Nov., 1954-5	85¾	86	85¾	86
3½s	May, 1954	85¾	86	85¾	86
3½s	1960-1964	84¾	85¾	84¾	85¾

THE TREASURY STATEMENT.

Special to The New York Times.

WASHINGTON, Jan. 28.—Receipts and expenditures:

	Jan. 27.	Month.	Fiscal Year.
Customs	$1,098,198	$19,568,839	$178,178,757
Int. rev. ord.	1,050,992	20,768,539	184,869,668
Corp. tax	11,927	248,887	8,087,154
Miscel'neous	92,528	5,188,140	30,849,76
Tot. repts.	$2,251,646	$45,784,068	$398,983,847
Exp'ditures	$3,852,287	$41,566,969	$416,470,787
Deficit	$1,200	$4,171,083	18,626,589

STOCKS OUT OF TOWN.

BALTIMORE.

STOCKS.

Sales.		High.	Low.	Last.
175..	A. C. L. of Conn	260	253	260
50..	Balt. Elec. pf	44	44	44
25..	Cons. Power	106½	106½	106½
9..	Cosden & Co	110	110	110
331..	Elkhorn Fuel	20	19¾	20
25..	Exchange Bank	162	162	162
20..	Fidelity & Deposit	154½	154½	154½
860..	Houston Oil ctfs	16⅝	16½	16¾
5..	Houstn Oil pf. ctfs	59	59	59
10..	Merch.-Mech. Bank	32¾	32¾	32¾
22..	Nor'l. Ry. & Light	24¾	24¾	24¾
35..	Penn. W. & Power	68	68	68
240..	Un. Ry. & Electric	26½	26½	26½

BOSTON.

MINING.

Sales.		High.	Low.	Last.
175..	Alloues	88	87¾	87¾
1,580..	American Zinc	21¼	20¾	21⅛
1,115..	Arizona Commercial	5	4¾	4¾
4,470..	Butte & Superior	36	35¼	35½
245..	Calumet & Arizona	67¼	67¼	67¼
22..	Calumet & Hecla	432	430	430
170..	Copper Range	39	38½	39
210..	East Butte	12⅜	12⅛	12⅛
44..	Franklin	4¼	4¼	4¼
840..	Granby	83¾	82¾	83¼
40..	Hancock	19½	19¼	19¼
25..	Indiana	5¾	5¾	5¾
10..	Island Creek	48	48	48
1,145..	Island Creek pf	86¼	86	86
95..	Isle Royale	21½	21½	21½
85..	Lake	9¾	9¾	9¾
30..	La Salle	4⅞	4⅞	4⅞
1,535..	Mayflower	9	8	9
115..	Mohawk	45¼	45	45⅛
390..	New Arcadian	3⅜	3⅜	3⅜
485..	North Butte	29	28⅜	28¾
175..	North Lake	2¼	2¼	2¼
2,815..	Old Colony	5 7-16	4⅜	5
105..	Old Dominion	52½	52¼	52¼
80..	Osceola	79	78¾	78¾
335..	Parrot	20⅜	20	20⅛
150..	Santa Fe	2⅛	2⅛	2⅛
121..	Shannon	6⅞	6⅞	6⅞
25..	Shattuck	28	28	28
5..	St. Mary's Land	36	36	36
300..	Superior & Boston	2¼	2 5-16	2⅜
25..	Superior Copper	28¼	28¼	28¼
35..	Trinity	5	5	5
100..	Union Copper Land	1½	1½	1½
275..	U. S. Smelting	42¼	42	42
1,978..	U. S. Smelting pf	48¾	48⅛	48⅛
900..	Utah Apex	2¼	2	2⅛
670..	Winona	3⅜	3⅜	3⅜
5..	Wolverine	45	45	45

RAILROADS.

11..	Boston & Albany	192	192	192
132..	Boston Elevated	84¾	84	84½
14..	Boston & Maine	50¼	50	50¼
50..	C. J. & S. Y. pf	105½	105½	105½
20..	Fitchburg pf	93	93	93
25..	Mass. Elec	12½	12½	12½
10..	Old Colony	160	160	160
25..	Union Pacific	161	161	161
12..	West End St. Ry	73	72½	72½

MISCELLANEOUS.

410..	Am. Ag. Chem	55	54	54
224..	Am. Ag. Chem. pf	96	96½	96
76..	Amoskeag pf	100	100	100
1,085..	Am. Pneu. Service	3½	3	3½
775..	Am. Pneu. Serv. pf	21	19½	21
130..	East Boston Land	13	12¾	13
68..	Edison	257½	257½	257½
122..	General Electric	147¼	146¾	147
80..	Mass. Gas	93¼	93	93¼
184..	Mass. Gas pf	93	92¾	93
2..	McElwain pf	102	102	102
41..	Mergenthaler	214¾	214½	214½
17..	Mexican Tel	3½	3	3
35..	Miss. River. P. pf	68½	68½	68½
41..	N. E. Tel	140½	140	140
10..	Nor. Tex. Elec. pf	96	96	96
48..	Swift & Co	106¾	106¼	106¾
35..	United Fruit	168	167	168
855..	United Shoe Mach	55¾	55½	55½
250..	United Shoe Mach. pf	28¾	28¾	28¾

BONDS.

$4,500..	A., G. & W. I. 5s	67	66	67
9,000..	Cent. Vt. 1st 4s	83	83	83
1,000..	Mass. Gas 4½s, 1929	96	96	96
500..	Miss. River P. 5s	85½	85½	85½
2,000..	N. E. Tel. 5s, 1932	101	101	101
3,000..	Un. Fruit 4½s, 1925	94¼	94¼	94¼
1,000..	West End 4s, 1916	98¾	98¾	98¾
1,000..	West. Tel. 5s	98¾	98¾	98¾

BOSTON CURB CLOSING PRICES.

	Bid.	Asked.		Bid.	Asked.
Bay S. G.	17	18	Houghton	3½	4
Begole	1 1-16	1¼	La Rose	1⅞	2
Bohemia	1⅝	2	Majestic	24	26
Bost. Ely	51	53	Mex. Met	22	24
Butte & L	28	30	Nev. D	1½	1⅝
Cactus C	1½	2	New Balt	1	1¼
Calaveras	1¼	1⅜	Ohio	38	42
Chief C	1	1¼	Oneco	1	1¼
Con. Ariz.	40	47	Raven	13	15
Corbin C	1	1⅛	So. Lake	4½	5
Cortez M	25	30	S. W. M.	1	1½
Davis-D	2	2¼	U. S. Ext.	40	45
First Nat.	3¼	3¾	Yukon	2⅜	2½
Hollinger	16¾	17½			

CHICAGO.

STOCKS.

Sales.		High.	Low.	Last.
20..	Chi. Pneu. Tool	54¼	53½	53½
2,555..	Chi. Rwy., Series 2	33¼	31⅞	33¼
200..	Chi. Rys., Series 3	8	7½	..
25..	Commonwealth E.	134	133½	134
55..	Diamond Match	101	100	100¼
20..	Harr. S. & M. pf	105	105	105
150..	Illinois Brick	68¾	68¾	69
110..	National Biscuit	134	134	134
306..	Union Carbide	146	145	145
231..	Swift & Co	106¼	106¼	106½
250..	U. S. Steel	66	65½	66
50..	Public Service pf	97	97	97

BONDS.

$7,000..	Chicago Rwy. 5s	99½	99	99½
27,000..	City Rwy. 5s	100¾	100¼	100⅝
3,000..	Chi. Pneu. Tool 5s	92¾	92½	92½
17,000..	People's Gas 5s	99¾	99½	99¾
27,000..	Met. 1st 4s	78¼	78	78¼
1,000..	Chicago Ry. 5s	81	81	81
1,000..	Swift 5s, old	100	100	100
10,000..	Swift 5s, w. i	97	96¾	97
1,000..	Edison 5s	101⅝	101⅝	101⅝
5,000..	Chi. Tel. 5s	100¾	100¾	100¾

PHILADELPHIA.

STOCKS.

Sales.		High.	Low.	Last.
1..	American Gas	102	102	102
20..	American Rys	39¾	39¾	39¾
259..	Cambria Steel	50¾	50¾	50¾
987..	Elec. Storage Bat	50¾	50¼	50¾
685..	General Asphalt	67¾	67¾	67¾
77..	General Asphalt pf	78	77¾	78
82..	Ins. Co. of N. A	22½	22½	22½
12..	Keystone Tel. pf	55½	55½	55½
60..	Lehigh Nav	84¼	84¼

American Manufacturing
H. B. Claflin, Com. & 2nd Pfd.
Aeolian-Weber P. & P. Pfd.
Tenn. Ry. Light & Power Pfd.
Adirondack Elec. Power Common
Northern States Power Pfd.
Cities Service Common
Spartan Mills
Am. Real Estate Pfd. & 6s
Southern Calif. Edison 5s
Saginaw City Gas 5s
Mississippi Val. Gas & Elec. 5s
Denver Gas & Electric 5s
Muskogee Gas & Electric 5s

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LOS ANGELES PACIFIC COMPANY
First Refunding Mortgage Gold Bonds.
Notice is hereby given that, pursuant to the provisions of Section 9, Article Fourth, of the Mortgage from this Company to the Union Trust Company of San Francisco, Trustee, dated January 3, 1910, this Company has set apart out of the net income derived by it from the lines of railroad therein mortgaged, the sum of $5,000 to be used to redeem said bonds, and that bonds issued under the said mortgage will be redeemed therwith. Bids are hereby invited for the surrender of said bonds at prices to be named by the bidders, to the amount of $5,294.58 in the Sinking Fund.
Such bids should be presented to this Company at its office in the City of Los Angeles, California, on or before the 11th day of February, 1914, at 12 o'clock, noon, and should be endorsed "Bids for surrender of Los Angeles Pacific Company First Refunding Mortgage Gold Bonds."
PACIFIC ELECTRIC RAILWAY COMPANY.
By PAUL SHOUP, President.
Dated Los Angeles, Cal., January 14, 1914.

New York, January 21, 1914.
To the National Bituminous Coal & Coke Company, New York.
The undersigned, Trustee under Indenture or Trust Deed, dated August 1, 1911, executed by the National Bituminous Coal and Coke Company, providing for the issue of $2,000,000 of "First Mortgage Twenty-Year Sinking Fund Profit Sharing Six Per Cent. Gold Coupon Bonds," does hereby, pursuant to Section 2 of Article Ten of said Indenture or Trust Deed, resign the trusts created thereby, such resignation to take effect on April 21, 1914, unless the Board of Directors of your Company shall, prior to such date, accept this resignation and appoint a successor trustee, in which event such resignation shall take effect immediately upon the appointment of such successor trustee.
TRANSATLANTIC TRUST COMPANY,
By H. B. FONDA,
Vice-President.
Attest:
JOS. BALLAY,
Assistant Secretary.

NEW YORK STOCK EXCHANGE

WEDNESDAY, JAN. 28, 1914.

	Stocks, (Shares.)
Total sales Jan. 28, 1914	456,554
Same day last year	374,048
Total year to date	8,731,226
Same period last year	7,607,067
Average closing price 50 stocks, with day's net change	72.08 —.34
Same day last year	76.77 —.15

	High.		Low.	
This year's range to date	72.99	Jan. 23	67.50	Jan. 3
Same period last year	79.10	Jan. 9	75.00	Jan. 17
Range year 1913	79.10	Jan. 9	63.09	June 10
Range year 1912	85.83	Sep. 30	75.24	Feb. 1

Closing. Bid.	Ask.	Sales.		First.	High.	Low.	Last.	Net Chge.
22⅝	22⅞	500	Alaska Gold Mines	22⅞	23	22⅝	23	+ ⅛
12⅞	13	500	Allis-Chalmers Mfg.	12⅞	12⅞	12¼	12⅜	— ⅛
75¼	75⅝	27,150	Amalgamated Cop.	75⅛	75⅞	74⅝	75⅝	...
96	96½	600	Am. Agri. Chem. pf.	96	96	96	96	...
26½	27	300	Am. Beet Sugar	26⅝	26⅞	26½	26½	— ⅛
138	...	100	Am. B. S. & F. pf.	139	139	139	139	+ ⅝
34	34⅛	13,350	Am. Can	34⅛	34⅞	33⅝	34	— ⅜
95⅛	95½	500	Am. Can pf	95⅞	96⅛	95⅞	95¾	— ⅜
49⅝	50	1,100	Am. Car & Fdry	49⅛	50	49⅛	50	+ ⅞
114½	116	300	Am. Car & Fdry pf.	114	115	114	115	—1
83⅞	84½	10	Am. Coal Products	84½	84½	84½	84½	...
41¾	42½	300	Am. Cotton Oil	43	43	42⅝	42⅝	+ ⅛
106	110	100	Am. Express	110	110	110	110	...
25	26	200	Am. Ice Securities	25	25¼	25	25¼	...
11	11⅛	1,700	Am. Linseed	11¼	11⅝	11	11	...
31	32	100	Am. Linseed pf	31⅝	31⅝	31⅝	31⅝	+ ⅝
34⅜	35¼	900	Am. Locomotive	34⅝	35⅝	34⅝	35⅛	— ⅛
8	10¼	200	Am. Malt	9	9	9	9	— ⅛
69¼	69½	1,800	Am. Smelt. & Ref	69⅝	70	69	70	+1
104	106	200	Am. Smelt. & R. pf.	104⅜	104⅝	104	104	—1
168⅝	170	500	Am. Snuff	168½	168⅝	168¼	168¼	+2⅜
34	35	100	Am. Steel F'dries	34	34	34	34	— ⅛
107½	108	800	Am. Sugar Refin	108	108	107¼	107¼	— ⅛
123¾	123⅞	2,400	Am. Teleph. & Tel	123⅝	124⅛	123½	123⅝	— ⅛
246	247	1,750	Am. Tobacco	246	249½	246	248½	+2½
104½	105	200	Am. Tob. pf., new	104⅛	104⅝	104½	104⅝	— ⅛
19	23	100	Am. Woolen	20½	20½	20⅛	20⅛	+ ⅛
82	85	60	Am. Woolen pf	85½	85½	85	85	...
36½	36⅝	5,900	Anaconda Cop. Co	36½	37⅛	36⅜	36⅝	— ⅛
21	25	400	Assets Realization	20	21	20	21	+ ⅛
99¼	99⅝	1,140	Atch., Top. & S. F.	99⅛	99⅝	99¼	99⅝	+ ⅛
100¼	100½	325	Atch., T. & S. F. pf.	100⅛	100⅛	100⅛	100⅛	+ ⅛
123	124	200	Atlantic Coast Line	124½	124½	124	124	+ ½
105¼	...	100	Baldwin Loco. pf.	105	105	105	105	+ ½
97⅜	97⅞	4,600	Baltimore & Ohio	98⅛	98⅝	98	98	+ ⅛
37	37⅛	900	Bethlehem Steel	37	37⅝	37	37¼	— ⅛
77	77½	300	Bethlehem Steel pf.	80	80	77½	77½	...
91¼	91½	520	Brook. Rapid Tran.	91⅜	91⅝	91½	91½	...
127	129	100	Brook. Union Gas	127½	127½	127½	127½	— ⅛
28¼	29⅛	100	Butterick Co.	28½	28⅞	28½	28½	— ⅛
28	28¼	500	California Petrol'm	27½	28	27⅞	28	+ ⅛
69⅜	69¾	300	California Pet. pf	68	68⅝	68	68⅜	+1¼
211½	211¾	8,800	Canadian Pacific	212¼	213⅝	211¼	211¼	—1¼
27½	28½	600	Central Leather Co.	28⅛	28⅛	27⅝	27⅝	— ⅛
96½	97½	100	Cent. Leather Co. pf	97½	97½	97½	97½	+ ⅛
66½	66⅝	1,800	Chesapeake & Ohio	67	67¼	66¼	66½	+ ⅛
14	14¼	200	Chicago Gt. West'n	13⅞	14	13⅞	14	— ⅛
32	32⅞	100	Chi. Gt. West'n pf	32	32	32	32	—1
105	105¾	2,500	Chi., Mil. & St. P.	105⅛	105⅞	105	106⅛	— ⅛
140	141	100	Chi., M. & St. P. pf	141⅞	141⅞	141½	141⅞	— ⅛
134	134¼	700	Chi. & Northwest'n.	188⅝	134⅞	133⅝	134	— ⅝
41	41¼	2,600	Chino Copper	41½	41⅝	41	41	— ⅛
32½	32¾	800	Col. Fuel & Iron	32⅝	32⅝	32⅜	32⅝	+ ⅛
61¼	62	100	Col. & South. 1st pf.	62	62	62	62	+ ½
136¼	137	1,400	Consolidated Gas	136¼	137	136¼	136¼	— ⅛
12½	12⅝	12,125	Corn Products Ref.	12½	13	12⅜	12⅝	+ ⅜
71	72	1,500	Corn Prod. Ref. pf.	69¾	71½	69¾	71½	+1¼
98	99¼	100	Deere & Co. pf	98	98	98	98	+ ⅛
158¾	159½	200	Del. & Hudson	159¼	159¼	158	158	...
30	33	200	Den. & Rio Gr. pf	30	30	30	30	...
18	18¾	450	Distillers' Secur	18	18⅝	18	18⅝	+ ⅜
31¼	31⅝	5,400	Erie	31⅝	31¾	31⅝	31⅝	+ ⅛
48½	48⅞	500	Erie 1st pf	48¾	49	48⅝	48⅞	— ⅛
38½	39½	400	Erie 2d pf	39	39	39	39	—1
15	17	100	Federal M. & S.	15	15	15	15	...
146	147	200	General Electric	147⅛	147⅛	147	147	— ⅛
46	47	200	General Motors	46	46	46	46	+ ⅛
84⅝	85¼	312	General Motors pf	85	85	85	85	+ ⅛
22½	22⅞	1,200	Goodrich (B. F.) Co.	22	22⅜	22¼	22½	+ ⅛
86½	87¼	200	Goodrich pf	86½	87	86½	87	+ ⅛
128¾	128½	950	Great Northern pf.	128⅝	128⅝	128⅝	128⅝	— ⅛
37½	38	1,200	G. N. certs. ore prop.	38	38⅛	37½	37½	— ⅛
50	50¼	5,200	Guggenheim Explor.	49	50¼	49	50	+ ⅛
113	113⅜	800	Illinois Central	114	114⅛	114	114	— ⅛
16½	17	950	Inspiration Cop.	16⅝	16⅞	16½	16¾	— ⅛
15½	15⅝	800	Inter.-Met. v. tr. ctfs.	15⅞	15⅞	15⅝	15⅝	— ⅛
61⅜	61½	1,400	Inter.-Met. pf.	62	62	61½	61½	— ⅛
30	35	100	Int. Agricultural pf.	34	34	34	34	—1
108	110⅞	750	Int. Harvester, N.J.	111¼	111¼	110	110	...
108	109⅞	100	Int. Harvester Corp.	110¼	110⅞	110¼	110¼	— ⅜
116	117	180	Int. Harv. Corp. pf.	116½	116½	116½	116½	— ⅛
9⅜	9¾	150	Int. Paper	9¾	9⅞	9⅝	9⅞	+ ⅛
37⅜	38⅝	25	Int. Paper pf	37½	37½	37½	37½	...
8	9¼	100	Int. Steam Pump	9	9	9	9	— ⅛
26¼	30	100	Int. Steam Pump pf.	26½	26½	26½	26½	+ ⅛
26⅝	27	600	Kan. City Southern	27	27	26⅝	27	+ ⅛
61½	62	200	Kan. City South. pf.	62	62	61¾	61¾	+ ⅛
85½	87	100	Kayser (J.) & Co.	86	86	86	86	+ ⅛
20	21	200	Lake Erie & W. pf.	21¼	21½	20¼	20½	— ⅝
154¼	154⅝	1,100	Lehigh Valley	154¼	155	154¼	154¼	— ⅝
224	228½	200	Liggett & Myers	226	227	226	227	+5
116½	120	100	Liggett & Myers pf.	117⅛	117⅛	117⅛	117⅛	+1⅝
36	38¼	100	Loose-Wiles Biscuit	36	36	36	36	— ⅛
170	174	300	Lorillard, (P.) Co.	170	170	169⅞	170	+4
138	138⅜	180	Louis. & Nash.	139	139	139	139	— ½
68½	69¾	100	Mackay Cos. pf.	69⅜	69⅜	69⅜	69⅝	— ⅛
131	133	400	Man. Elevated	131	132	131	132	+2
65½	66¼	700	May Dept. Stores	65⅞	66	64¼	66	—1
64	64⅞	2,500	Mex. Petroleum	64½	65	63⅞	64	—1
24	24¼	1,100	Miami Copper	24	24¼	24	24¼	...
15¼	16¼	200	Minn. & St. L.	16	16⅛	16	16⅛	+ ⅛
130½	130⅝	300	M., St. P. & S. S. M.	131¼	131⅝	130⅝	130⅝	— ⅛
23	23⅜	300	Mo., Kan. & Tex.	23⅜	23⅝	23¼	23⅜	— ⅛
58⅝	59	300	Mo., Kan. & T. pf.	58½	59¼	59	59	— ⅛
27½	27⅝	5,600	Mo. Pacific	29¼	29¼	27½	28	— ⅛
134	134½	300	Nat. Biscuit Co.	134	134	134	134	—1
13	13⅜	100	Nat. En. & St. Co.	13	13	13	13	...
12¼	13	900	N. Rys. of M. 2d pf.	12⅞	12⅞	12½	12½	—1⅛
16⅛	16¼	600	Nevada Con. Cop.	16¼	16¼	16⅛	16¼	+ ⅛
67	69½	100	N. Y. Air Brake	69	69	69	69	+ ⅛
94½	95	2,500	N. Y. Central	95¼	95¼	94½	95	— ⅛
74	74⅝	4,900	N. Y., N. H. & H.	75	75	73½	74½	— ⅛
29¾	30¼	200	N. Y., Ont. & W.	30	30	30	30	...
104⅝	104⅝	900	Norf. & Western	104½	104⅝	104½	104⅝	+ ⅛
115⅝	115¾	3,255	Northern Pacific	115⅝	115⅝	115	115	— ⅛
26⅛	26¾	100	Pacific Mail	26⅜	26⅝	26⅜	26⅝	— ⅛
30	31	100	Pacific T. & T.	30¼	30¼	30¼	30¼	— ⅛
114¾	114⅝	3,144	Penn. R. R.	115	115	114¼	114¼	— ⅜
122	122½	1,800	People's Gas, Chi.	123	123	122¼	122¼	— ⅝
87½	88	100	P., C. C. & St. L.	87½	87½	87½	87½	...
21	21⅜	2,900	Pitts. Coal	21	22⅛	21	22	+1¼
91	91¼	5,880	Pitts. Coal pf.	90¾	92⅜	90	91	+ ¼
35⅛	35⅝	1,900	Pressed Steel Car	35⅛	35¼	35¼	35¼	— ⅛
102⅛	104	330	Pressed St. Car pf.	102	103½	102	103½	+2½
158	160	840	Pullman Co.	158½	159	158½	159	+ ⅞
3	3	100	Quicksilver	2⅞	2⅞	2⅞	2⅞	+ ⅛
30½	31	500	Railway Steel Sp.	30½	30⅝	30⅜	30½	...
97	99	100	Railway St. Sp. pf.	98	98	98	98	+1
18⅞	19	850	Ray Con. Copper	19	19	19	19	...
169⅝	169¾	111,500	Reading	169¾	171⅛	169¾	169⅝	+ ⅛
91½	92	800	Reading 2d pf.	92½	93	92	92	— ⅛
25⅝	26	1,100	Rep. Iron & Steel	26⅛	26⅛	26	26	— ⅛
88⅝	89	800	Rep. Iron & S. pf.	88½	88⅞	88½	88⅞	— ⅝
13½	13⅝	8,000	Rock Island Co.	13⅜	13⅝	13⅜	13⅝	—⅛
20½	20⅞	6,700	Rock Island Co. pf.	22⅜	22⅝	20⅝	20⅞	—⅛
15½	15⅝	500	Rumely, (M.,) Co.	15⅝	15⅝	15½	15½	— ⅛
85	86	200	Rumely, (M.,) Co. pf.	85⅝	85⅝	85½	85½	— ⅜
3¼	4	200	St. L. & San Fran.	4	4	4	4	— ⅛
26	26½	100	St. L. Southw.	26½	26½	26½	26½	— ⅛
19	19½	350	Seab. Air Line	19¼	19¼	19¼	19¼	— ⅛
52½	53	3,850	Seab. Air Line pf.	53¼	53¾	52¾	53	— ⅛
191¾	192	300	Sears, Roeb. & Co.	192	192	192	192	— ½
123	124½	100	Sears, R. & Co. pf.	128⅝	128⅝	123⅝	128⅝	+ ⅛
32	34	200	S.-S. S. & I. Co.	34	34	33½	33½	— ⅛
97¾	97½	14,540	Southern Pacific	98	98⅛	97⅝	97⅝	— ⅛
...	...	308	So. Pacific t. r.	103⅜	104	103⅜	104	— ⅛
26¼	26½	3,500	So. Railway	26⅝	26⅝	26⅝	26⅝	— ⅛
83⅝	84	1,600	So. Railway ext.	83⅝	83⅝	83½	83½	— ⅛
34½	36	100	So. Ry. pf. ext.	35	35	35	35	— ⅛
24½	25⅞	100	Standard Milling	25	25	25	25	— ⅛
34½	34¾	1,800	Studebaker Co	34¼	35¼	34¾	34¾	— ⅛
145	145½	1,700	Tennessee Copper	143⅝	146⅛	143½	145¼	+1⅛
14⅝	15	500	Texas Co.	15⅛	15⅛	15	15	—⅛
42⅝	43¼	1,500	Texas & Pacific	43	43½	42⅜	42⅜	— ⅛
11½	12⅜	100	Third Avenue	11¾	11⅞	11⅞	11⅞	— ⅛
6¼	6⅝	400	Tol., St. L. & W.	6¼	6⅜	6¼	6⅜	...
161¼	161⅝	36,450	Union Bag & P. Co.	160⅜	162	160⅜	161¼	— ⅛
84¼	84⅞	100	Union Pacific	84⅝	84⅞	84⅞	84⅞	— ⅛
21	22⅞	300	Union Pacific pf.	21⅜	22⅛	21⅜	21⅜	— ⅛
43	43¾	700	United Rys. Inv.	41½	43	41½	43	+1⅜
46	48	100	Un. Rys. Inv. pf.	47	47	47	47	+ ½
83	87	100	U. S. C. I. P. & F. pf.	85	85	85	85	+ ⅛
53¼	90	15	U. S. Express	55¼	55¼	55¼	55¼	...
56	56⅝	100	U. S. Ind. Alco. pf.	56¼	56⅝	56¼	56⅜	— ⅛
59	59½	3,800	U. S. Rubber	59⅜	59⅝	58⅝	58⅝	— ⅛
102	102¼	600	U. S. Rub. 1st pf.	102⅝	102⅝	102	102¼	— ⅛
65¾	65⅞	68,120	U. S. Steel	65⅝	66¼	65⅝	65⅝	— ⅛
111⅝	112	1,700	U. S. Steel pf.	112	112	111⅝	111⅞	— ⅛
53⅜	54	4,500	Utah Copper	54½	54⅝	53⅝	53⅞	— ⅛
31½	32½	300	Va.-Car. Chem.	31½	32	31½	32	+ ½
35	40	25	Vulcan Detin. pf.	40	40	40	40	...
10⅞	11¾	200	Wabash pf.	11¼	11⅝	11	11	—1
32½	35½	100	West. Maryland	33	33	33	33	—2
63¾	64¼	2,800	West. Union Tel.	64¼	64½	63¾	63¾	— ⅛
70	70¾	3,200	Westingh. E. & M.	71	71	70	70	— ⅛
5⅝	6	50	Wheel. & L. E.	6	6	6	6	...
20	21	300	W. & L. E. 1st pf.	20¼	20½	20¼	20½	— ⅛
9	10	100	W. & L. E. 2d pf.	10	10	10	10	— ⅛
99½	100	400	Woolw. (F. W.) Co.	99⅞	100	99⅞	100	+ ⅛
115	116	400	Woolworth pf.	115	115½	115	115½	+1

BONDS ON STOCK EXCHANGE.

Total sales Jan. 28, 1914	$4,047,500
Same day last year	1,862,500
Total year to date	79,048,400
Same period last year	49,237,000
Average closing price 40 bonds, with day's net change	89.19 —.17
Same day last year	92.10 +.06

	High.		Low.	
This year's range to date	89.36	Jan. 27	86.40	Jan. 3
Same period last year	92.31	Jan. 10	91.86	Jan. 2
Range year 1913	92.31	Jan. 10	85.45	Dec. 18

U S 3s, coupon 500 103
Jap Gov 4½s, ster 1 6,000 89
500 89
Rep of Cuba 5s 6,000 ..... 99¾
N Y State 4½s, when issued 105,000 ..... 107⅞
10,000 ..... 107⅞
2,000 ..... 107⅞
N Y Canal 4½s, when issued 30,000 ..... 107⅞
Va 6s, def, Brown Bros & Co ctfs 2,000 60
N Y City 3¼s, 1954 1,000 88
registered 1,000 ..... 85½
4s, 1957 6,000 ..... 97⅜
4s, 1958 2,000 ..... 97¼
4s, 1959 8,000 ..... 97⅛
4½s, May, 1957 1,000 ..... 103⅝
5,000 ..... 105½
Nov, 1957 4,000 ..... 105½
4½s, 1963 1,000 ..... 105¼
25,000 ..... 105½
registered 1,000 105
Am Ag Ch ev 5s 2,000 ..... 100⅝
Am Cotton Oil 5s 18,000 ..... 91½
Am Cot Oil 4½s 4,000 98
Am T & T col 4s 13,000 89
18,000 ..... 89¼
2,000 ..... 89⅜
5,000 89
conv 4½s 5,000 ..... 99½
10,000 99
50,000 ..... 98⅝
2,000 99
20,000 ..... 99⅛
5,000 99
10,000 ..... 98⅞
20,000 ..... 98⅞
1,000 99
5,000 ..... 98⅞
27,000 ..... 98¾
Am Tobacco 4s 5,000 97
Am Wr Paper 5s 1,000 75
Armour & Co 4½s 6,000 ..... 92½
3,000 92
A, T & S F gen 4s 11,000 ..... 95½
5,000 ..... 95¼
4,000 ..... 95⅜
17,000 ..... 95¾
2,000 95
2,000 ..... 95½
3,000 ..... 95⅝
20,000 ..... 94⅞
adj 4s 1,000 ..... 87½
stamped 3,000 ..... 87½
4,000 ..... 87¼
At, T & S F 5s 2,000 ..... 101⅝
conv 4s, 1955 1,000 ..... 99½
conv 4s, 1960 26,000 99
1,000 ..... 99¼
Atl Coast Line 4s 5,000 ..... 94¼
1,000 ..... 93⅝
5,000 ..... 93½
L & N col 4s 1,000 94
B & O pr lien 3½s 2,000 ..... 91½
1,000 ..... 91¼
gold 4s 1,000 95
7,000 ..... 94⅞
10,000 ..... 94⅝
conv 4½s 5,000 ..... 93⅞
500 ..... 94¼
37,000 ..... 93⅞
48,000 94
21,000 ..... 93⅞
5,000 ..... 93¾
P. Lake E & W. 8,000 ..... 87½
Beth Steel 5s 1,000 ..... 98½
1,000 98
1st & ref 5s 3,000 85
10,000 ..... 84⅞
Beech Creek 4s 5,000 ..... 95¾
Bklyn City R R 5s 2,500 ..... 101½
1,000 ..... 101⅜
B R T 5s, 1918 70,000 ..... 98⅜
11,000 ..... 98⅛
1,000 ..... 98¾
50,000 ..... 98⅞
gold 5s 1,000 ..... 103⅝
ref conv 4s 12,000 91
Bklyn U El 1st 5s 1,000 101
Canada So con 5s, Series A 2,000 ..... 105⅝
Carolina, Clinchfield & O 5s 3,000 ..... 99¼
2,000 ..... 99½
Cent Leather 5s 5,000 ..... 93½
4,000 ..... 93⅝
Cent Pac gtd 4s 2,000 ..... 93⅜
C & O fund 5s 2,000 ..... 99⅞
gen 4½s 15,000 97
7,000 s20f 96⅜
conv 4½s 100,000 84
6,000 ..... 64½
15,000 84
C, B & Q gen 4s 2,000 ..... 93½
3,000 ..... 93⅝
joint 4s 2,000 ..... 96⅜
18,000 ..... 96⅛
1,000 ..... 96⅜
1,000 ..... 96⅛
8,000 97
Ill Div 4s 4,000 ..... 95¼
11,000 ..... 95⅝
5,000 ..... 95½
Chi Gt Westn 4s 4,000 ..... 73⅝
Chi, Mil & St P gen 4s, Ser A 1,000 ..... 95½
gen 4½s, Ser B 5,000 ..... 80½
4s, 1934 7,000 ..... 80⅝
10,000 ..... 80⅜
gen 4½s 1,000 ..... 103⅝
conv 4½s 1,000 ..... 103⅛
1,000 ..... 102½
9,000 ..... 102⅝
21,000 ..... 102⅝
2,000 ..... 102⅜
C, M & P 5d 4s 25,000 ..... 92¼
Chi & Northwn deb 5s, 1921 2,000 ..... 102½
gen 3½s 20,000 ..... 88½
Chi Rwys 5s 5,000 99
C, R I & P gen 4s 2,000s20f 87¾
11,000 88
Chi, Rock Isl & Pac Ry ref 4s 1,000 80
4,000s20f 80
18,000 ..... 79½
8,000 79
10,000 ..... 78½
deb 5s 10,000 75
4,000 ..... 74¾
C, R I & P R R 4s 3,000 ..... 50¼
20,000 50
8,000 ..... 49¾
23,000 ..... 49⅝
5,000 ..... 49⅞
6,000 ..... 48¾
8,000 ..... 49⅜
1,000 49
16,000 49
1,000 ..... 48⅝
10,000 49
6,000 ..... 48⅞
33,000 49
13,000 ..... 48⅞
20,000 49
21,000 ..... 48⅝
10,000 ..... 48¾
25,000 ..... 49¼
6,000 49
1,000 ..... 49¼
5,000 ..... 49⅜
1,000 49
12,000 ..... 49¼
1,000 ..... 49¼
35,000 ..... 49¼
5,000 49
13,000 ..... 49¼
44,000 ..... 49¼
5,000 ..... 49¼
33,000 ..... 49¼
20,000 49
Colo Industrial 5s 8,000 81
1,000 ..... 81½
Col & So 1st 4s 2,000 ..... 92¼
ref & ext 4½s 5,000 ..... 92⅞
11,000 ..... 92⅝
Con Coal 5s 2,000 80
D & H deb 4s, 1916 32,000 ..... 98⅜
5,000 ..... 98⅝
5,000 99
2,000 ..... 98⅞
1st & ref 4s 1,000 ..... 95¼
Den & Rio Gr 1st & ref 5s 4,000 ..... 73½
5,000 73
Detroit Edison 5s 1,000 ..... 101⅛
5,000 102
1,000 ..... 101⅞
Detr Riv Tunl 4½s 1,000 ..... 96¼
Det Un Ry con 4½s 2,000 75
1,000 ..... 75¼
Dist Sec Corp 5s 4,000 ..... 65½
Du P de N P 4½s 1,000 83
1,000 ..... 83¼
5,000 ..... 83½
Erie 1st con 4s 1,000 ..... 86½
1st gen 4s 6,000 ..... 75⅞
Pa col tr 4s 10,000 ..... 90¼
cv 4s, Ser A 2,000 ..... 76¼
23,000 76
cv 4s, Ser B 10,000 ..... 74⅜
Ft W & D C 1st 6s 3,000 .....

COURT CALENDARS

CASES WILL BE CALLED IN THE ORDER GIVEN BELOW.
(c) This character means *versus* or *against*.

FEDERAL.

Supreme Court.

Theo. M. Crisp & D. H. Taylor of N. Y. C. admitted to practice.

187—USA., plff. in error, vs. S. Pelican et al. Leave granted to file additional memo. for plff. in error.

218—G. B. Priest et al., appel., vs. Trustees Town of Las Vegas. Submitted with leave to file briefs within two weeks.

219—Mo., Kan. & Texas Ry. Co., appel., vs. the US. Passed to be restored to call pursuant to Section 9, Rule 26.

220—C. J. Rixey, insane, by C. J. Rixey, Jr., appel., vs. R. H. Cox, Sergeant of Alexandria, Va. Continued per stipulation.

208—S. Lewis, petnr., vs. G. O. Frick, Immigration Insp., &c. Argument concluded for the petitioner.

215—Mitchell Store Bldg. Co., appel., vs. R. De V. Carroll, trustee, &c. Petition for writ of certiorari submitted for the appel.

192—The Diamond Coal & Coke Co., appel., vs. USA. Argument commenced for the appel.

Day call for Jan. 28: Nos. 192, 213, 214, 215 (and 216,) 217, 223, 224, 225, 226, and 227.

DISTRICT COURT—Hand, J. (Jury.)

Sykes<Agricultural Chem. Co. vs. Halstead<NY, NH, &c.
Meyer<NY, NH, &c.

Carp't & Pav. Tea.
In re junction Rlty.
Valentine<I M Marine
Wallin<NY, NH & H.

DISTRICT COURT—Ray, J. (Jury.)

Case on. Cauble<Central Vt. Ry.
DISTRICT COURT—Ray, J. (Equity.)
Case on. Hennessy<Wine Growers. No day calendar.

DISTRICT COURT—Hough, J. (Admiralty.)

Kohnweiler<T Brock't'n
Shannon<Pt. St. Bt
Richard Peck.
Red Star T & T Co<
Postal Tel Co.

Winter<SS Koranna.
White<SS Baltic.
Fill<Cunard SS.

STATE.

Court of Appeals.

DAY CALENDAR.
Zeley<Hammond.
McNally<Ga-F Lumb.
Luidley<Campbell.
Kingston<Gidon<
Kuhne & oths.
Keith, trus., <Cowen & Co.

Harriman & oths<Geer & ano.
Fleming<CNY.
Packard Co<same.
Colon & Co<E 18 St Bldg, &c.

NEW YORK COUNTY.

Supreme Court.

SPECIAL TERM.—Part I.—Giegerich, J.

Litigated motions.
Stand Distrib<Sturm.
Bishof<Bishof.
In re Horn.
Tafel<Tafel.
Kavanagh<Edison.
Da Rocco<Carnera.
Lawyers T<Monahan.
Carstang<CNY.
Brown<O'Connell.
In re Miller.
Porter<Dobbs.
Creighton<So B Auto L.
Ahlers<same.
Dalton<same.
Matter of Solomon.
Colum Mach & Sc<H. Koehler.
Fischer<Meloy.
Fisher<Miles.
Kerr<Kerr.
Dreyfus<Sulzb & Sons
Black<NY Rys.
Bajohr<Russell.
Timendorfer<Tim'd'fer
Post<Thomas.
Peop ex rel. Fuller<Lederle.
Halliday<Stallo.
Frank<Bord Con Milk.
In re Doctor.
Thompson<Thompson.
Bornstein<Faden.
Smith<Heaton.
Sackett<Riley.
Englander<Joline.
Steiner<NY Rys.
Ruegg<F B Stearns.
Strauss<Am Pub Assn.
Fyrdman<Mehafey.
M E Sterne<Coogan.
CNY<Le Beau.
Noble Clg Co<Sauder.
Rothbart<same.
Jamison-S Co<same.
Armour & Co<same.
Van Tuyl<Schwab.
Steger Piano<Mus Cou
Fichter<Fichter.
Wash Say B<Nor Bk.
Benson<Collins.
Hevenor<Havenor.

Coffin<Mass Bond, &c
Rambat't<same.
Y Detin<Assmann.
Same<same.
Goldman<Hoff.
Same<same.
People ex rel Grassi Bros<O'Rourke.
Levine<Essex & Lee.
Rosenthal<Precine.
Reynolds<Reynolds.
Hevenor<Hevenor.
Brandt<Ziegler.

PART II.—Seabury, J. Ex parte business.

PART III.—Newburger, J.—Motions.

Demurrer: Tachtadji<Marcoglow.
Undefended divorces:
Simon<Simon.
Herzog<Herzog.
Linderbaum<Linderbaum.
Meyer<Meyer.
Preferred cause: Public Bank<London.

Clinton<Marino.
Nicklen<Nickles.
McCann<McCann.
Alperowitz<Alperowitz
Ertler<Ertler.

General calendar:
Reilly<Frias.
Orth<Lasche.
Klein<Metz.
Beecher Mfg<Sokolow.
Adler<Wilner.
Leach<Leach.
Levinson Wrecking<Brand.
Trevan<Porter.
Edmonds<Lasche.
Hughes<Hughes.
Tucker Co<Tucker.

Levin<Mayer.
Rosenthal<Greenberg.
Hannahs<Hammond Type.
Norman<Federal M&S.
Norman<Norman.
Hughes<Stoutenburgh.
Spear<Chenkin.
Northern Bk<Jackson.
Katz<Katz.
Cerussi<Whisten.
Case on.

PART IV., case on; for the term; PART VI., case on; PART VII., case on; PART VIII., case on.

PART V., adjourned

PART I. (Criminal Calendar)—Davis, J. Motion: J. T. Wood.

Trial calendar: Hans Schmidt.
Case on.

PART II.—Erlanger, J.

Weidman<Senior.
Same<Same.
Mertens<Dyer.
The Mutual Bk<Slede.
Harris<Coon.
Brauer<Lawrence.
Hardman Tire, &c.<Kurras.

Van Vorst<Strong.
Haney<L V SS Co.
Evans<Smylie.
City Bk of Bayonne<Tollner.
Ill Surety<StephenCol.
Case on.

PART III.—Amend, J.

Dayton<3d Av RR.
Felbermann<Interurban Ry.
De Vitta<NY C, &c.
Katz<Fishman.
Gilman<Jones.

Harrison<NY C, &c.
Canto<422d St, &c, RR.
Klepek<Fraser.
Brandlik<Smith.
Case on.

PART IV.—Cohalan, S.

Van Oehsen<Laughlin.
Same<same.
Litsenberg's.
Bagley<CNY.
Cogilo<Bradley Const Co.
Bohanon<Hastings.
Waters<Hay Fdy & Iron Works.

Guckes<N Y Rys Co.
Grasso<Smith Met Bed Co.
Calabrisoto<Postal Tr Service, Inc.
Doerge<NY Ry.
Oehler<Hamburg-Am. Clear.

PART V.—Dugro, J.

O'Donnell<Brown.
Same<Cauldwell-Wingate.
Case on.

<Karamanlian<Westcott Exp.
Loghman<Brown Bros.

PART VI.—Gavegan, J.

Sandell<Panama Ry.
Kassakvitch<Pittsburgh Con Co.
Leonard<R & K.
McCaffrey<Haring.
Karwalski<Bermenson.

Rella<Cascio.
Murnen<Renard Co.
Zucker<Welsberg.
Petrillo<Rosander.
Fiske<Haff.
Gottlieb<City Court.
Cribbins<CNY.

PART VII.—Delany, J.

De Carvalho<Brunner.
Zebinski<Rosen'um.
Kriesel<CNY.
Kriesel<CNY.
Toland<Courtney.
Ryan<Same.
Ryan<Same.
Slaviz<N Amster'm G.
Hunsberger<Guar Tr.
Slominsky<B, Q Co & S Rys.
Fay<Marx.
Wallach<Same.

Pomerantz<Cushin.
Fisch<Fisch.
Johnson<St Phillips.
Gein<Coler.
Spritzer<Ahearn.
Allinat<Morrison.
Sullivan<CNY.
Sullivan<CNY.
Wallace<CNY.
Kaplan<Roosin.
Harris<Steel & Mas'y.
Case on.

PART VIII.—Adjourned for the term.

PART IX.—Ford, J.

Buch<Hafsky.
Leary<Yellow Taxi.
Kenney<Campbell.

Kensjewski<Hirsch.
Goodman<Warhelt P.
Case on.

PART X.—Hasbrouck, J.—Case on.

Mackey<Dooling.

TRIAL TERM—PART XI.—Goff, J.

Frank& Lambert, Inc, <CNY.
Gaffney<Herbert & Co.
Gugig<Lempert.
E Stanton<CNY.
M Stanton<same.
Larocque<Herald Co.
Fagan<Bradley Const.
Alpert<Morris.

Wolkowitz<Blecher Bros.
Loftus<CNY.
Hallion<CNY.
Bosco<Forbush.
Bosco<same.
Giordano<East Brew.
Pfeifer<Orback.

PART XII.—Hendrick, J.

Zimmer<Freund.
McGettrick<NY Rys.
Jakob<White F'p'l,&c
Shafer<Palke.
Same<same.
McKeon<Sherman.
Same<same.

Campo<Gilman.
Schulman<Goldberg.
Gerderick<NY Ry.
Williams<Herald.
Saverese<A. T. Skerry.
Case on.

PART XIII.—Page, J.

Bazik<Bradley Const.
Sullivan<Stearns & Co of N Y.
Mandel<NY&B Casket Co.
Michnick<Gossett.

Meagher<Hearn.
Jerkiewicz-Heidden Iron Const.
O'Sullivan<Greenb'm.
Ruddy<Radin.
Case on.

PART XIV.—Philbin, J.

Farley<Bronx Hotel.
Anderson<Weber.

Ryerson<Felber Eng Works.
Clear.

PART XV.—Whitaker, J.

Eagan<Com Trust.
Cook<Roth.
Scott & Fowler Co.<Wright.

NY St'm<Bradley Con
Tanenblatt<Hamilton Fire Ins. Co.
Case on.

PART XVI.—Donnelly, J.

Scanlon<Carrollan.
McCausland<Bogus.
F W Smith Contr Co<CNY.
Cohen<Ratner.

Century Tire Co<Mason.
Alpha Port Cement Co<Gaberial B Con Co
Steuer<Adler.
Case on.

PART XVII.—Pendleton, J.

Praelzer<Bach Fur.
Leopoldstadt<Mann.
Alexander<Trent Tile.
Same<Cambridge Tile Mfg.
Same<Nat Tile Co.
Same<O P Enameled.
Same<C'bridge Tile Mfg.
Hirsch<Freedman Bros Co.
Crogan<Persion.
Conway<McRae.
Hefferberth<Duckett.

Pragner<Smith.
Moore<N Am Accident
Hutchinson<Smith.
Margolies<Ariz Tur.
Rothereson<Rosenberg
Eckenroth<Parshelsky Bros.
Morgan<Bon Bon Co.
Ringler<Weiss.
Minzeheimer<Walker.
NY Assets Real<Demarest.
Reynolds<Bachner.
Case on.

PART XVIII.—Platzek, J.

Sykes<Shannon, Jr.
Wolfson<Am Druggist.

Augenblick<Israel.
Case on.

SURROGATES' COURT.

CHAMBERS.—Fowler, S.

Estate of:
Wills for probate:
Helena Van Blema.
Gottlieb Wilhelm.
Benedictus Bamberg.
Henrietta Colell.
Adolph Chapek.
Richard King.

Thomas P. Dinnean.

William Payne.
Frederick H Adee.
Henrietta Harris.
Clinton H Smith.
Milton Pembleton.

TRIAL TERM.—Cohalan, S. Contested will: Victor M Osborne (2.)

City Court.

PART I.—Schmuck, J.

Barnet<Eberhagen.
McGrath<Johnson Lighterage Co.
Carpenter<Fleetmann.
Picard<Kumber.
Sulzbacher<Elec Bk P.
Schafi<Hammer.
Hencken & W Co<Lee.
Greaner<Healey.
Levy<Lawrence.
Gutierrez<Garzia.
Dowd<Int R T Co.
Post<NY Transp. Co.
Judas<Naughton-M Co
Wilmerding<Baesm'ch
Seaman<Savoy Hold.
Dulin<Ward.
Rafferty<Conroy Bros.
Sedulsky<Ward Bread.
Rosen<Tremt Ir Wks.

Tahl<Levey.
Holtz<Auerbach.
Harris<US Gr L, &c.
Burns Street Burial.
Foyle<Felber Eng W.
Williams<Hegeman.
L & C Auto<Jdorf Auto
Same<same.
Muster<Puch.
Wear<Koehler.
Martin<N Y Rys.
Doyle<Kennedy.
Feldstein<Stuntz.
Herman Grace Co<Harde R.
Badette<Ross.
Burke<New Eng Nav.
Reynolds<Levy.
Kennedy<Wanamaker.
Berkowitz<Gerkin.

Booker<O. Daniels.
Murphy<Linch.
McCarthy<same.
Butler<N Y Edison.
Jonap<H. H. Stephens T.
Stoltz<Ft. Wash C.
Levine<Faer.
O'Neill<Lee.
Pearlman<Levy.
Mullaney<Merrill.
Beler<Colbert.
Hamilton<Howard.
Eisenstein<Whitridge.
Beer<Saun.
Epstein<Zahn.
Halle<Goldstone.
Duberstein<Wilburg.

Cohen<Kurz.
Quinn<N Y Edison.
Mernslew<Albert.
Katz<Litshitz.
Weinstein<Albert.
Hoffman<N Y Rys.
Merkel<same.
Duffy<same.
Zakean<Shamie.
Wenler<Whitridge.
Knauth<Rhinestone P
Davenport<Whitridge.
Steinberg<Shapiro.
Same<same.
Same<same.
Black<Cab & Taxi.
Case on.

PART II.—Green, J.

Slusa<McQueeney.
B'klyn Parlor S.<Sobel
Fishbein<Define Raincoat Co.
Bobi<Rude.
Fish<Horowitz.
Kushner<Cohn.
Runkle<Harris H Urin
Irons.
Freedman<P. S. Purchasing & D. Assn.
Warnick<Am A. News
Randall<Keystone Mat.
Dewey<Broad Const.
Baerenklau<Epron.
Jaffe<Harris.
Conrad<Schenker.
Bronson<Berryman.
Breslin<Gladstone.
Universal M T Co<Arrigoni.
Cohn<Cohen.
Clear.

Reynolds<Un D S Bk.
Wallace<Bunn.
Brown<Levinson.
Same<Same.
Bloch<Adrian.
Brown<Levinson.
Wedekind<Folding Bx.
Gelb<Miskind.
Stern<Edelstein.
Same<Same.
Resmick<L I Baron Co
Rubin<Kremich Com.
Paisley<Evans.
Prout<Gotham Const.
Same<Same.
Brown<Levinson.
Strauss<Morris P Est.
Cowen<Cronin.
Jonas<Charlton.
McWhorter<CrightonR
Ellman<629 Park Av.
Hochman<Becker.
Nat Surety Co<Heim.

PART III., case on; PART IV., case on; PART V., case on; PART VIII., case on.

PART IV., case on; Part VI., case on; Part VII., case on.

Referees Appointed.

SUPREME COURT—Seabury, J. McCarthy< First Preferred Realty Corp (2)—Warren Leslie. Perine<Zuelch—Charles L. Kingsley. Giegerich, J. Gottschalk<Thomas N Cuthbert. Van Boskerck<Stewart—Theodore K McCarthy. In re Daggett—Wilbur Larremore. Sam<Skinner—George H Hayes. E River Sav Inst<175 St & 3d Av Corp—Edmund J Titusdale.

Receivers Appointed.

SUPREME COURT—Seabury, J. James R Roosevelt<Inter City Land & Sc Co—Melvin G Palliser, Edw'd P Schaefer<Edward Sharum—Phoenix Ingraham.

KINGS COUNTY.

Supreme Court.

SPECIAL TERM—Part III.—Trials.—Manning, Nocton<Wallace.
Mason<Mason.
Magliocano<Humphries Constn.
Inquest: Euders<Euders.
Gordon<Gordon.

Highest No. reached, 660.

SPECIAL TERM.—Scudder, J. Litigated motions.

Kusiak<Nueg.
Fenshaw<Henshaw.
Distefano<B, Q C & S.
Hein, A, <NY Con RR.
Hein, M, <same.
Sebinz<BH RR.
Holmes, W, <B H RR.
Holmes, M, <B H RR.
In re Schlitt (Schiffer.)
Pansilvey.
Skouger<Skouger.
Schachner<Dunaif. et al.
Allaire<Allaire.
In re Winthrop St (Carlo.)
In re Stemm.
Berman<Berman.
Gerschner<Lundy & ano.
Maier<B H RR.
Lein<B, Q C & S RR.
Conklin<B, Q B H RR.
In re Rauch.
Peo ex rel Kenerson<Ruoff.
Stroebel<Rubenstein et al.
Sabella<Thomson.
Peo ex rel Kearns<Ruoff.
Taylor<Taylor.
Thompson<B H RR.
Hults<Jennings.
Edele<Beck et al.
In re Smith (Gordon.)
Mills<Roulston.
Tucker<Tucker.
Alper<Scharmann Bros.

Sand<Rodriquez.
Muskat<Muskat.
Hill<Staintor.
Tabor<Staintor.

Setteducati<Setteducati.
Trath<Faler.
Case on.

TRIAL TERM.—Page, J. Litigated motions.

Law<Mach Exch'ge.
Pacifico<Holbrook, Cabot & Rollins.
In re Haaf.
Foster<Homan et al.
In re Daprile.
In re Rubel, Nager & Rubel.
Van Tuyl, Supt,<Schurman et al.
Van Tuyl<Scharman et al.
Sulinski<McKeown.
In re Belmont Ave.
In re Pub P'ground.
In re Bklyn Ave.
In re 90th St.
In re East 98th St.
Rammauro<Ill Surety.
Consentino<same.
Cusano<Atl Stev'dor'g.
Piandome Fits<Nuova et al.
Popielasz<Chelsea F Mills.
Brown<Horton I C'm.
Belfon, M, <same.
McNally, M, <Am Sug Refining.
McNally, E, <same.
Abrams<Karp.
Mech Bk<B'ton B Rac Assn.
Connolly<Am Art Sign
Lyons<Johnston.
Tucker, Jr, <Clarke.
Flat Repairs<A W Blanchard.
Bklyn Eagle<same.
In re London.

PART I., Garretson, J.; II., Aspinall, J.; III., Kelby, J.; IV., Benedict, J.; V., Kelly, J.; VI., Kapper, J.; VII., Jaycox.

Block<Par Serv &c.
Dant<Rubenstein et al
Berkoff<Bleistift.
Lindsey<B, QCo & Sub RR.
Condon<Stoew Con.
Seifter<Am Bond'g.
Gross<Wood Mfg.
Yellow Pine Co<Kelly
Reinhard<Conron Bros
Smith<Stone Con.
Perretta<Undr Beef.
Hansen<Semple Co.
Kolacki<Am Sug Ref.
Siegler<Fire As, Phila.
Glunz<Rose.
Randall<Schult & ano.
Scott<Woolworth Co.
Connolly<Bloeth.
Kerr<BHRR.

Barnett<Huber Brew.
Rosenblum<Todd.
Nicholson<CNY.
Lindenberg<Kathan.
Belkin<Hickey.
Levine<Cohen.
Mitchell<Lawyers T.
Desbecker<Robert Gair.
Empire State Surety<Siebert et al.
Jones<U Cities Rlty.
O'Connor<Fuller et al.
Fox<Robins D Dock.
Cossentino<Van Iderstine & Son.
O'Neill<Int S'shine.
Sevierle<CNY.
Heath<Johnson.
Goldberg<Int R T.

The following causes, if marked ready, will be passed for the day:

Hyman<Stein.
Gerety<Cont P Wks.
Dehny<Same.
Maslanka<Am Mfg Co
Cowen<BHRR.
Livois<Holbrook, C & R.
Rosenberg<McLees & Bros.
Cohn<Smith et al.
Dulupe<Brush Mfg.
Sprinzer<Schwartz.
Roy<N Y & L I T.
Cristiano<Tunmore.
Ross<same.
Bierds<N Y Rys.
Finelli<Bliss.
Benson<Crane's Sons.
Olkin<Kramer Co & another.
Cusano<Casamassa.
Corrigo<Int R T.
Reiter<Hanson.
Levy<Nas R R.

Kolkebeck<same.
Farrell<same.
Dolhinow<same.
Forgione<S'chase.
Callahan<O'Neill et al
Zorn<Plant.
Spaulding<Schumacher et al.
Novi<Moore et al.
Stazione<same.
Ranzini<Depasto.
Walsh<Hennebique C.
Rothnagel<Con Gas.
Power<Orr Co.
Bossert<Price.
Costello<Orr Co.
Reisel<Michels.
Olsen<Stein.
Kelly<BHRR.
Manning<Nas R R.
McSherry<BHRR et al
Adt<BHRR.
Hunt<Knick Ice.

Highest No. reached, 2400.

SPECIAL TERM—Aspinall, J. Ex parte business.

CRIMINAL CAL.—PART VII.—Jaycox, J. Joseph Cassidy and Louis Walter, Jr.

Surrogate's Court.

WILLS.—Ketcham, S.

George M. Luther, August Young, Louis C. Candkaut, Arthur P. White, Emily Kolk, Emile C. Armstrong, Marcus Letezl, David Igelheimer, Robert M. Henderson.

Administration of: Mary Monahan.

Guardianship of: Rosenbluger Infants.

Accounting in the estates of: Charles Anderson, Augusta Wyand, John Frink, Ellen R. Reilly,

Charles Wilson, David J. Ryers, Ellen Byers, Anna Smith, Benjamin Feyer, Charlotte Wilson, Eloise B. Borum, Andrew F. Wilson,

Estates of: L. W. Lyons, Fred Hauck, Mary Haviland, Antonio Costerella, Ellen Fitzsimmons.

Contested calendar—Wills of: Louis Avelanskey, James McMahon.

County Court.

CRIMINAL CAL.—Part I.—Fawcett, J.

Rosalla Martellaro, Francesco Martinello, Carmella Pisano, Arthur Sandburg,

Louis Bianchi, Tony Francesco Policastro, Michael Breso.

PART II.—Dike, J.

Isadore Shankin, Joseph Fortgand, Grace Trimble, Samuel Kurtz, Frederick Norton, John Cronin.

John Hasbroke, John Rogers, Samuel Klavowitz, Clarence Hall, David Lachman.

PART III.—Addington, J.

Giuseppe Lonongino, John Colvitto, Sabino Carmillo, William Lombarti, William Coakley,

Edward Valentine, Joseph Amberg, Emanuel H. Gold, Henry Schmidt, Carmino Castigano.

CIVIL CAL.—Part IV.—Andrews, J.

Rourke<Rich.
Duffy<So Bklyn RR.
Soldner<Bittner.

Herganham<Nas E RR
Carolla<B H RR.
Finkenstein<Ward.

WESTCHESTER COUNTY.

County Court.

DAY CALENDAR—PART I., Mills, J.; PART II., Tompkins, J.

Cody<Bradley Con.
O'Connor<N Y C, &c.
Johnson<West St Ry.
Munnor<Terry & T.
Landati<P L & RR.
Kerry<O Daniels Co.
Tronzo<West St Ry.
Drake<Ellis.
People<Becker.

Hickey<N Y C, &c.
Saladino<NY, NH, &c.
Bloch<Adrian, &c.
Bieloch<Snare & T.
Same<Same.
Anickiarico<Padgett.
Hutchinson<McCaddon
Speczuski<Johnson&Co

These causes, if answered ready, will be passed for the day:

Scheidler<NY, NH, &c.
Lucarelli<O'B Con Co.
Garofano<Covino.
Phillips<NY, W&BRR.
Grim<Leh V Coal Co.
Mariotte<Kerbaugh, Linehan<Silver.
Cheney<Wilson.
Fried<Yonkers RR.
Rosenthal<Slad I Wks.
Totaro<NY, NH, &c.
Sheets<Yonkers RR.
Liberty Brew<Olt.
Teclaw<Waldorf-Ast.
Goodhart<Hasbrouck.
Conway<Wilson Bros.
Boughtean<Sarles.
Reilly<NY, NH, &c.
Mariotti<NY, NH, &c.

See<Ocean SS.
Tolaw<Davey.
Nichtern<West St Ry
Marejka<NatCon & C.
Tackman<LiebholdCon
Nicoletto<Whit, as rcr.
Wilson<Vil White Pl.
Anderson<Westdel.
Chubaroff<C'courseBld
Stainach Hards<Same.
Gardella<Pitts Con.
Soutaro<Int. RT.
Irvine<Fowler.
Connolly<Casey.
Valentine<NY Tel.
Stanley<Same.
Edwards<NYC, &c.
Gardner<NY, NH, &c.
Consiglio<Allen.

Highest number reached, 250.

QUEENS COUNTY.

Supreme Court.

TRIAL TERM.—Crane, J. Case on. No day calendar. Balance of calendar passed for the term. Highest number reached, 305.

County Court.

TRIAL TERM—Humphrey, J.

Days<Woodin.
Ellis<N Y & Q Co Ry.
Stavrakos<C I & B R.
Rustman<same.
Koster<same.
Sawy<EBRR.
Gottlock<B, Q Co & S Ry.

Grubel<Zimmermann.
Kent<EBRR.
Scherer<same.
Cronin<same.
Fischer<Webber.
Motion.
Haas<Woods.

Highest No. reached, 190.
Calendar passed until Feb. 2.

DECISION PLEASES ROADS.

Were Opposed to Rebates to "Tap Lines," Says President Rea.

Following the publication yesterday of the decision of the Interstate Commerce Commission, in which railroads making special allowances to shippers having "tap lines," or divisional railways of their own, were notified that such allowances must no longer be made, Samuel Rea, President of the Pennsylvania, issued a statement in which he pointed out that the carriers themselves had been desirous of ending these reductions. The commission said that the Pennsylvania alone paid out more than $1,000,000 a year to ten steel companies adjacent to its lines.

"It should be clearly understood that the decision does not contain any suggestion that the practices detailed therein constituted secret rebates," said Mr. Rea. "The commission itself makes this statement: 'It is proper to say that the whole matter was voluntarily brought to our attention by certain of these industries and the line railways which serve them. Demands of plant railways for larger allowances, the increasing number of industries that were incorporating railroad companies to take over the operation of their plants, tracks and locomotives with a view to demanding allowances, and the growing volume of complaint against the discriminations arising out of these relations between the line carriers and the industries so favored, together with certain formal and informal rulings by the commission in other cases, had combined to raise a doubt on the part of the carriers and the industries as to the legality of these allowances and free service.'

"The entire situation was laid before the commission three years ago, no method of solving the peculiarly complicated questions involved having been worked out.

"In the briefs filed by the Pennsylvania, New York Central, Baltimore & Ohio, and Erie the following suggestion was made:

"'The payment of any allowance for the performance of this service inevitably creates suspicion, gives rise to complaints and the only way to effectually deal with the problem is to abolish all allowances for the performance of this service, either by the industry itself, or the industrial railroad.'"

DELAYS ARE DANGEROUS.

When the Law Says Sixty Days It Means Just That Period.

Notice was served on Collectors and other officers of the customs yesterday by the Board of United States General Appraisers that applications for reappraisements and re-reappraisements will not be considered by the board unless they are filed with the tribunal within the statutory time of sixty days. The board's warning is the outcome of an application for a rehearing in an appeal to reappraisement by the Collector at San Francisco involving importations of lead arsenate pulp from Hemingway & Co., London. It appeared from the testimony that the Collector after signing the application held it in his office for 55 days after the original appraisement of the merchandise. It was then mailed to the board which received the appeal 66 days after the goods had been valued.

Judge McClelland points out in his decision, denying the collector's motion for a rehearing, that under the law the board should have received the appeal within 60 days in order to give it attention. The General Appraiser holds that the Collector had no right to delay the sending of the appeal to the tribunal.

FOR STOCKHOLDERS' UNION.

Herbert A. Scheftel Says Plan Has Grown In Favor.

Herbert A. Scheftel, whose proposal that the Chamber of Commerce take the initiative in organizing the stockholders of this country into a union for the protection of corporate rights has been rejected by the Executive Committee of the Chamber, announced yesterday that the movement had, nevertheless, gained wide publicity and favor.

Mr. Scheftel says that a number of individuals are prepared to contribute money and take up actively the organization of the Union. His proposal has grown into a wider plan than for mere political resistance, and now embraces the support of stockholders, shopkeepers, and business men generally. A similar organization has worked out successfully in Germany.

The Chamber of Commerce declined to undertake the formation of a protective association on the ground that it might be interpreted as a political movement.

Joseph Garrison's Estate.

The net estate of Joseph Garrison, of the Wall Street firm of Wagner & Garrison, and the husband of Theodosia Garrison, the poet, showed a deficit, according to an appraisal filed yesterday in the Surrogates' Court. He had bank accounts of $56, and his interest in the firm of Wagner & Garrison was appraised at $1,000. This gross estate of $1,056 was subject to deductions of $1,456. Mr. Garrison died on May 17, 1910.

BANKRUPTCY SALES.

IN THE DISTRICT COURT OF THE UNITED States for the Southern District of New York.—In Bankruptcy.—In the matter of JOHN EARLY, Bankrupt.

Notice is hereby given that pursuant to an order of the United States District Court for the Southern District of New York, the undersigned, Charles P. Sanford, the receiver in bankruptcy of John Early, bankrupt, offers for sale property, assets, and effects of said bankrupt.

The property to be sold consists of beds, davenports, parlor suits, carpets, rugs, chairs, tables, office furniture, and fixtures, together with the good will of said business, and the right, title, and interest of the receiver in the lease of said bankrupt.

The above-described property may be inspected on the premises of the bankrupt, 531 8th Ave., New York City, from Feb. 3rd to Feb. 5th, 1914, between the hours of 1 P. M. and 4 P. M.

Sealed bids for the above-described property, assets, and effects, in their entirety, may be submitted to the undersigned at their offices designated as below, on or before the 6th day of February, 1914, at 12 o'clock in the afternoon, at which time the bids will be opened by the receiver on the premises, No. 531 8th Ave., N. Y. City, and creditors may attend and express themselves in reference thereto. Each bid must be accompanied by a certified check or cash for at least 10 per cent. of the amount of the bid.

The receiver reserves the right to reject any or all bids, in which event the property will be sold at public auction on the premises, No. 531 8th Avenue, New York City, by said receiver, through Charles Shongood, U. S. Auctioneer, on the 9th day of February, 1914, at 10:30 o'clock in the forenoon, and the deposits accompanying the sealed bids will be returned within twenty-four hours after said bids have been opened.

Dated New York, January 28, 1914.

CHARLES P. SANFORD,
Receiver in Bankruptcy, 346 Broadway, New York City.

MARCUS HELFAND, Attorney for Receiver, 320 Broadway, Borough of Manhattan, N. Y. City.

IN THE DISTRICT COURT OF THE UNITED States for the Southern District of New York.—In Bankruptcy.—In the matter of THE AMERICAN SALESTHYL MANUFACTURING COMPANY, a corporation, a bankrupt.—Charles Shongood, U. S. Auctioneer for the Southern District of New York in Bankruptcy, will sell on Thursday, January 29th 1914, at 10:30 o'clock in the forenoon, at public auction at the office of the bankrupt, No. 78½ Pine Street, Manhattan Borough, New York City, all the assets of the American Salesthyl Manufacturing Company, above-named bankrupt, consisting of machinery, chemical apparatus, patent, etc. Said property may be inspected at the office of the bankrupt at the above address on arrangement with attorney for Trustee.

Dated New York, January 16th, 1914.

E. CROSBY KINDLEBERGER, Trustee.
JOHN J. CUNNEEN, Attorney for Trustee, 11 Wall Street, Manhattan Borough, New York City.
PETER B. OLNEY, Referee in Bankruptcy, 68 William Street, New York City.

IN THE DISTRICT COURT OF THE UNITED States for the Southern District of New York.—In Bankruptcy.—In the matter of LEVINE and OLTA:SH, trading as NATIONAL WOMEN'S WEAR CO., Bankrupt.—Charles Shongood, U. S. auctioneer for the Southern District of New York in Bankruptcy, sells Thursday, Feb. 5th, 1914, by order of the Court, at 10:30 A. M., at 91 West 19th St., Borough of Manhattan, assets of the above bankrupt, consisting of cloaks, suits, woolen piece goods, cotton piece goods, silks, satins, sateens, trimmings, Singer sewing machine heads, power tables, factory fixtures, safe, office fixtures, &c.

This sale will not interfere in any way with the settlement offered by the bankrupt.

Inspection Feb. 3d and 4th, between 10 A. M. and 4 P. M.

HARRY OSTERMAN, Receiver.
EUGENE L. BONDY, Attorney for Receiver, 366 Broadway, New York.

PUBLIC NOTICE.

CITY OF NEW YORK.
Board of Estimate and Apportionment.

Public notice is hereby given that at a meeting of the Board of Estimate and Apportionment held December 11, 1913, the following petition was received:

BEFORE THE BOARD OF ESTIMATE AND Apportionment.—In the matter of the application of DEGNON TERMINAL RAILROAD CORPORATION to the Board of Estimate and Apportionment of the City of New York for a franchise to cross certain streets in the First Ward of the Borough of Queens.

To the Board of Estimate and Apportionment of the City of New York:

Degnon Terminal Railroad Corporation, for its amended petition, respectfully presents to the Board as follows:

First—The petitioner Degnon Terminal Railroad Corporation is a corporation duly organized under the laws of the State of New York as a railroad corporation, its certificate of incorporation having been duly filed in the office of the Secretary of State of the State of New York on the 24th day of November, 1913, and the organization tax for the privilege of incorporating paid to the Treasurer of the State of New York, and a certified copy of the said certificate of incorporation having been duly filed in the office of the Clerk of the County of New York on the 26th day of November, 1913, that being the county in which its principal office is located, as stated in its said certificate of incorporation. A copy of the said certificate of incorporation is being published for three successive weeks in a newspaper published in the County of Queens, in which county the route of the said railroad is located, and publication will be completed on or before the 20th day of December, 1913. On or about the 22d day of December, 1913, your petitioner will make formal application to the Public Service Commission for the First District for a certificate of public convenience and a necessity, as is required by Section 9 of the Railroad Law.

Second—The route of your petitioner as set forth on its certificate of incorporation runs from a point near Davis Street to a point near School Street, both in the First Ward of the Borough of Queens in the County of Queens in the City of New York.

Third—Your petitioner is possessed of ample financial resources for the construction of its proposed road, which is to be a freight terminal railroad only, of standard gauge, and constructed mainly upon private property, but crossing certain streets of the City of New York as hereinafter set forth.

Fourth—Your petitioner purposes immediately to begin the construction and operation of its proposed railroad and desires a franchise and assent by the City of New York to the construction and operation of its tracks over and across several streets hereinafter particularly set forth, the centre lines of each track or double track being approximately stated and located as follows, to wit:

(1) A double track crossing Pearson Street about twelve (12) feet south of Meadow Street and parallel thereto, as shown on the annexed plan.

(2) A double track crossing Anable Avenue about twelve (12) feet south of Meadow Street in a slight curve, as shown on the annexed plan.

(3) A double track crossing Creek Street about twelve (12) feet south of Nott Avenue and parallel thereto, as shown on the annexed plan.

(4) A double track crossing Orton Street about twelve (12) feet south of Nott Avenue and parallel thereto, as shown on the annexed plan.

(5) A double track crossing Manly Street about twelve (12) feet south of Nott Avenue and parallel thereto, as shown on the annexed plan.

(6) A single track switch crossing Nott Street from a point on the westerly side of Davis Street about eight (8) feet west of Pearson Street; thence in a curved line to a point on the southerly side of Davis Street about seventy-five (75) feet west of Pearson Street, as shown on the annexed plan.

(7) A single track switch crossing Creek Street in a curved line from a point on the westerly side of Creek Street about three (3) feet south of the block between Pearson Street and Anable Avenue; thence to a point on the easterly side of Creek Street about two hundred and fifty-five (255) feet north of Hunterspoint Avenue, as shown on the annexed plan.

(8) A single track switch crossing Creek Street from a point on the westerly side of Creek Street seventy-two (72) feet south of Nott Avenue; thence in a curved line to a point on the easterly side of Creek Street about one hundred and sixty-seven (167) feet south of Nott Avenue, as shown on the annexed plan.

(9) A single track switch crossing Nott Avenue from a point about three (3) feet south of the southwesterly corner of Creek Street and Nott Avenue, running northerly to a point on the northerly side of Nott Avenue about sixty-five (65) feet east of Creek Street, as shown on the annexed plan.

(10) A single track switch crossing Nott Avenue from a point about three (3) feet south of the southwesterly corner of Creek Street and Nott Avenue, running northerly to a point on the northerly side of Nott Avenue about sixty-five (65) feet east of Creek Street, as shown on the annexed plan.

(11) A single track switch crossing Nott Avenue from a point on the southerly side of Nott Avenue opposite Dutch Kills Place about two hundred and twenty-five (225) feet east of the east side of Creek Street, running northeasterly in a curved line to a point on the northerly side of Nott Avenue about sixty-five (65) feet east of Dutch Kills Place, as shown on the annexed plan.

(12) A single track switch crossing Nott Avenue from a point on the southerly side of Nott Avenue about one hundred and fifty (150) feet west of Orton Street, running thence northeasterly in a curved line to a point on the northerly side of Nott Avenue, about fifty (50) feet west of Orton Street, as shown on the annexed plan.

(13) A single track switch crossing Nott Avenue from a point on the southerly side of Nott Avenue about one hundred and fifty (150) feet west of Orton Street, running thence northeasterly in a curved line to a point on the northerly side of Nott Avenue, about fifty (50) feet west of Orton Street, as shown on the annexed plan.

(14) A single track switch crossing Nott Avenue from a point about three (3) feet south of the southwest corner of Orton Street and Nott Avenue, running thence northeasterly to a point on the northerly side of Nott Avenue, about fifty-nine (59) feet east of Orton Street, as shown on the annexed plan.

(15) A single track switch crossing Nott Avenue at right angles midway in the block between Manly Street and Mount Street, as shown on the annexed plan.

(16) A single track switch crossing Nott Avenue at right angles midway in the block between Mount Street and School Street, as shown on the annexed plan.

(17) A single track switch crossing Anable Avenue at right angles midway in the block between Orton Street and Manly Street, as shown on the annexed pl

SHIPPING AND MAILS.

Miniature Almanac For To-day.

Sun rises..7:18|Sun sets..5:13|Moon sets..8:47

THE TIDES.

	High Water. A.M.	P.M.	Low Water. A.M.	P.M.
Sandy Hook	9:43	10:10	3:36	4:00
Governors Island	10:02	10:31	4:10	4:34
Hell Gate	11:52	12:21	5:50	6:14

Arrived—Wednesday, Jan. 28.

SS Olympic, Southampton, Jan. 21.
SS California, Glasgow, Jan. 17.
SS Rotterdam, Rotterdam, Jan. 17.
SS Minnetonka, London, Jan. 15.
SS Taormina, Naples, Jan. 14.
SS Kroonland, Antwerp, Jan. 17.
SS Christopher, Barbados, Jan. 20.
SS Havana, Havana, Jan. 24.
SS Burgermeister Petersen, Shields, Jan. 8.
SS Mineric, Barbados, Jan. 20.
SS Oruba, Antilla, Jan. 24.
SS Harmonides, Barbados, Jan. 19.
SS Comal, Mobile, Jan. 20.
SS Galileo, Hull, Jan. 10.
SS El Sol, Galveston, Jan. 22.
SS Concho, Galveston, Jan. 21.
SS Indranf, Swansea, Jan. 10.
SS Glenmay, Las Palmas, Jan. 1.
SS Mariner, Huelva, Dec. 31.
SS Geestemunde, New Orleans, Jan. 20.
SS Glenaen, Wilmington, Jan. 23.
SS Aagot, Dundee, Jan. 25.

Incoming Steamships.

DUE TO-DAY.

Escapa	Santa Marta	Jan. 20
Arcadian	Bermuda	Jan. 27
San Urbano	Southampton	Jan. 14
Narragansett	London	Jan. 13
Hova	Boulogne	Jan. 29
Grayson	San Juan	Jan. 21
Stiklestad	Gibraltar	Jan. 14
Guantanamo	Tampico	Jan. 19
Calabria	Naples	Jan. 12
Birkhall	Gibraltar	Jan. 15
Benedict	Para	Jan. 17
Proteus	New Orleans	Jan. 24
Arapahoe	Jacksonville	Jan. 26

DUE TO-MORROW.

Hudson	Fayal	Jan. 21
Esperanza	Havana	Jan. 27
Ancon	Cristobal	Jan. 23
City of Columbus	Savannah	Jan. 27
El Rio	Galveston	Jan. 24

DUE SATURDAY.

Philadelphia	Southampton	Jan. 24
France	Havre	Jan. 24
Tonawanda	Sunderland	Jan. 14
New York City	Swansea	Jan. 15
Jan Van Nassau	Haiti	Jan. 26
Advance	Cristobal	Jan. 24
Alamo	Galveston	Jan. 24
Lenape	Jacksonville	Jan. 28

Outgoing Steamships.

SAIL TO-DAY.

	Mails Close.	Vessels Sail.
Caribbean, Bermuda		1:00 A.M.
Siam, Argentina	9:00 A.M.	11:00 A.M.
Morro Castle, Havana	10:00 A.M.	1:00 P.M.
Altinagia, Inagua	1:00 P.M.	4:00 P.M.
Brasil, Para		7:00 A.M.
Graf Waldersee, Hamburg		1:00 P.M.
Cedric, Liverpool		12:00 M.
City of Montgomery, Savannah		3:00 P.M.

SAIL TO-MORROW.

Majestic, Southampton	6:30 A.M.	10:00 A.M.
Nickerie, Trinidad	11:30 A.M.	3:00 P.M.
Colon, Colon	11:30 A.M.	3:00 P.M.
Eastern Prince, Rio Janeiro	12:00 M.	3:00 P.M.
Algonquin, Turks Island	12:00 M.	3:00 P.M.
Matanzas, Santiago		12:00 M.
Pinar del Rio, Havana		12:00 M.
Apache, Jacksonville		1:00 P.M.

SAIL SATURDAY.

*G. Washington, Bremen		1:00 A.M.
Caronia, Madeira	9:30 A.M.	12:00 M.
Berlin, Gibraltar	8:30 A.M.	11:00 A.M.
Florizel, St. Johns	7:30 A.M.	11:00 A.M.
Arcadian, Bermuda	8:30 A.M.	10:30 A.M.
Oruba, Bermuda	9:00 A.M.	11:00 A.M.
San Juan, San Juan	9:00 A.M.	12:00 M.
Camaguey, Tampico	9:00 A.M.	12:00 M.
Tenadores, Jamaica	9:00 A.M.	12:00 M.
Havana, Havana	10:00 A.M.	1:00 P.M.
Oscar II., Copenhagen		2:00 P.M.
California, Glasgow		12:00 M.
Rochambeau, Havre		3:00 P.M.
Stampalia, Naples		11:00 A.M.
Sant' Anna, Naples		3:00 P.M.
Minnetonka, London		10:00 A.M.
Comal, Tampa		1:00 P.M.
Arapahoe, Jacksonville		1:00 P.M.
Grayson, San Juan		12:00 M.
Rio Grande, Brunswick		3:00 P.M.
Concho, Galveston		1:00 P.M.
Antilles, New Orleans		12:00 M.
El Occidente, Galveston		12:00 M.
City of Columbus, Savannah		3:00 P.M.
Prins August Wilhelm, Jamaica		2:00 P.M.
Laurentic, Havana		9:00 A.M.

*Mails close at 9 P. M. Friday.

By Marconi Wireless.

SANDY HOOK, N. J., JAN. 28.

SS France, Havre to New York, was 1,170 miles E. at 2 P. M.; due 31st, forenoon. French Line.

SS Philadelphia, Southampton to New York, was 1,300 miles E. at 4:50 P. M.; due 31st, afternoon. American Line.

SS Carmania, Liverpool to New York, was 1,486 miles E. at 5:40 P. M.; due Feb. 1, forenoon. Cunard Line.

SS Michigan, Antwerp to New York, was 680 miles E. at 10:15 A. M. for Feb. 1.

SS Cymric, Liverpool to New York, was 1,290 miles E. at 11 A. M.; due Feb. 1, forenoon. White Star Line.

SCOTLAND LIGHTSHIP.

SS Dakotan, Puerto Mexico to New York, was 455 miles W. of Sand Key at noon.

SS Evelyn, San Juan to New York, was 78 miles S. at noon.

SS Arcadian, Bermuda to New York, was 320 miles S. E. of Ambrose Lightship at noon.

SS Advance, Cristobal to New York, was 890 miles S. at 7 P. M.

SS Vestris, Buenos Aires to New York, was 1,647 miles S. E. at 10 P. M.

SS City of Columbus, Savannah to New York, was 47 miles S. W. of Diamond Shoals at 8 P. M.

SS El Rio, Galveston to New York, was 145 miles S. W. of Diamond Shoals at 5 P. M.

SS Proteus, New Orleans to New York, was off Diamond Shoals at 9:27 A. M.

SS Zacapa, Santa Marta to New York, was 270 miles S. at 7 P. M.

SS Grayson, San Juan to New York, was 385 miles S. at noon.

SS Alamo, Galveston to New York, was 739 miles S. at 6 P. M.

SS Esperanza, Vera Cruz to New York, was 90 miles N. of Jupiter at noon.

SS El Mundo, Galveston to New York, was 343 miles S. E. of Galveston Bar at noon.

SS Suriname, Puerto Barrios to New York, was 1,818 miles S. at noon.

SS Momus, New Orleans to New York, crossed South Pass Bar at 4:50 P. M.

SS Lenape, Jacksonville to New York, was 29 miles N. of St. Johns Bar at 7 P. M.

SS Guantanamo, Tampico to New York, was 168 miles S. at 7 P. M.

SS Radiant, Port Arthur to New York, was 123 miles E. of Sabine at 8 A. M.

SS Arapahoe, Jacksonville to New York, was 216 miles S. at 7 P. M.

SS City of Atlanta, Savannah to New York, was 154 miles N. E. of Diamond Shoals at noon.

SS Brilliant, New Orleans to New York, was 245 miles N. of Jupiter at noon.

Foreign Ports.

Arrived.

SS Provence, at Havre, Jan. 28.
SS Stephen, at Para, Jan. 27.
SS Roma, at Marseilles, Jan. 27.
SS Cleveland, at Gibraltar, Jan. 28.
SS Oceanic, at Plymouth, Jan. 28.
SS Indradeo, at Penang, Jan. 27.
SS Horatius, at Buenos Aires, Jan. 25.
SS Industry, at Montevideo, Jan. 26.
SS Fornebo, at Rotterdam, Jan. 26.
SS Nieuw Amsterdam, at Plymouth, Jan. 28.
SS Oceanic, at Southampton, Jan. 28.

Sailed.

SS St. Paul, from Southampton, Jan. 28.
SS Gunther, from Rio Janeiro, Jan. 26.
SS Vestris, from Barbados, Jan. 27.
SS Indrakula, from Penang, Jan. 27.
SS Orotava, from Southampton, Jan. 28.
SS Prinz Sigismund, from Port Morant, Jan. 23.
SS Karroo, from Calcutta, Jan. 28.

Passed.

SS Herm, New York for Odessa, passed Dardanelles.
SS Freienfels, New York for Cape Town, passed Ascension.
SS Lapland, New York for Antwerp, passed Lisard.
SS Maryland, New York for London, passed Brow Head.

Transatlantic Parcel Post.

Great Britain and Ireland—Close at 5 P. M. Jan. 29, SS Majestic.
Germany—Close at 5 P. M. Jan. 30, SS George Washington.
France—Closes at 5 P. M. Jan. 29, SS Majestic.
Austria—Close at 11:30 A. M. Feb. 7, SS Martha Washington.
Hungary—Close at 9:30 A. M. Jan. 31, SS Caronia.
Norway, Sweden, and Denmark—Close at 11:30 A. M. Jan. 29, SS Oscar II.
Italy—Close at 5 P. M. Jan. 30, SS Berlin.

Transpacific Mails

Hawaii, Japan, Korea, China, and Philippine Islands (via San Francisco)—China .....Jan. 29
Hawaii (via San Francisco)—Lialine..Jan. 29
Hawaii, Japan, Korea, China, and Philippine Islands (via San Francisco)—China .....Jan. 29
Japan, Korea, and China (specially addressed only) (via Tacoma)—Seattle Maru.....Jan. 29
Tahiti, Marquesas, Cook Islands, and New Zealand, and specially addressed mail for Australia (via San Francisco)—Tahiti .....Jan. 30

Pacific Mails.

Postmaster Morgan announces that mails of the following dates—Hongkong, Dec. 30; Yokohama, Jan. 16, and Honolulu, Jan. 20—which arrived at San Francisco per steamer China, were dispatched east at 10:20 A. M. Jan. 27, and are due in New York on the morning of Saturday, Jan. 31.

For Latest Shipping See Page 1.

VALUES NEARLY TREBLED.

One of the Disputes Over German Insertions and Embroideries.

A controversy between the New York representatives of Ludwig Bratvogel of Plauen, Germany, and the local custom authorities regarding the foreign market values of cotton net insertions and lace embroideries, which has been in progress several months, was brought one step nearer final settlement yesterday when Judge Howell, acting as a single General Appraiser sustained the heavy advances in values placed on the goods by Appraiser Higgins.

When the goods came up for examination and appraisal at the public stores, the Appraiser decided that the embroideries were invoiced at prices far below the prevailing foreign market values at the time of exportation to this country. He accordingly advanced the net insertions materially, while the lace embroideries in some instances were raised from the entered price of 1.42 marks per meter to 3.95 marks a meter. Flouncings entered at 1.80 were advanced to 5.24 marks per meter. Similar goods underwent a like process at the hands of the appraising officers.

The Collector exacted duty on the increased values, and the importers, whose name the officials decline to reveal, took an appeal for a reappraisement. Judge Howell now affirms the return made by the Appraiser. As a last resort, it was said yesterday, the Plauen manufacturer's agents here may take an appeal to a board of three General Appraisers.

NORTH GERMAN LLOYD
London—Paris—Bremen
¶ George Washington, Jan. 31
Prinz Friedrich Wilhelm..Feb. 17
†Kronprinzessin Cecilie..Feb. 21
*Barbarossa .....Feb. 26
†Kaiser Wilhelm II.....Mar. 10
*Gneisenau .....Mar. 12
†Sails at 1 A. M.
Steamers marked (*) indicates One Cabin (II.) to Bremen direct.
Baltimore-Bremen direct. One Cabin (II.); Wednesdays.
Sailings on SATURDAY for THE MEDITERRANEAN
Berlin .....Jan. 31
Prinzess Irene.....Feb. 14
Through rates from New York to Egypt, India and FAR EAST
South America Via Europe.
Independent Trips. Around the World
starting any time. $620.65 & up
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By the World-Famous Steamer
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SPRING CRUISE
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The Key to Europe

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LEAVE WINTER BEHIND YOU
Comfortably ensconce yourself in the through Pullman, and step right out into the sunshine and warmth of the most delightful climate in the world. THE RIGHT TIME to appreciate the joys of summertime is NOW, and the RIGHT PLACE is on THE FLORIDA EAST COAST.
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Nassau, Bahamas.....The Colonial
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†‡Graf Waldersee Jan. 31, 11 AM | Pres. Grant.....Feb. 14, 12 noon
†‡Pretoria.....Feb. 7, 9 AM | Amerika.....Feb. 19, 12 noon
Kais. Aug. Vic...Feb. 12, 11 AM | *†‡Pennsylvania..Feb. 21, 3 PM
‡Second cabin only. †Hamburg direct. *Brooklyn Pier.
MEDITERRANEAN
Madeira, Gibraltar, Algiers, Naples, Genoa
HAMBURG .....Feb. 17, 3 PM | **HAMBURG...April 4, 3 PM
CINCINNATI....Mar. 5, 3 PM | **MOLTKE.....April 16, 3 PM
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SURROGATE NOTICES.

RUTHERFORD, HENRY.—In pursuance of an order of Hon. Robert Ludlow Fowler, a Surrogate of the County of New York, notice is hereby given to all persons having claims against HENRY RUTHERFORD, late of Grand Isle, Vermont, deceased, to present the same, with vouchers thereof, to the subscriber, at his place of transacting business, at the office of Whitehouse & Co., No. 111 Broadway, in the City of New York, on or before the 2d day of March next.
Dated New York, the 22d day of August, 1913. CHARLES K. PHIPARD, Executor.
CHARLES FOX, Attorney for Executor, No. 66 Broadway, Borough of Manhattan, New York City.

MANSBACH, EMANUEL.—In pursuance of an order of Hon. Robert Ludlow Fowler, a Surrogate of the County of New York, notice is hereby given to all persons having claims against EMANUEL MANSBACH, late of the County of New York, deceased, to present the same with vouchers thereof to the subscriber, at its place of transacting business, No. 80 Broadway, Borough of Manhattan, New York City, on or before the 10th day of August next.
Dated New York, January 30, 1914.
UNION TRUST COMPANY OF NEW YORK, Executor.
MILLER, KING, LANE & TRAFFORD, Attorneys for Executor, 80 Broadway, New York City.

PROMPT DELIVERY FREE.
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SURROGATE NOTICES.

MULLER, MARGARET L.—In pursuance of an order of Hon. Robert Ludlow Fowler, a Surrogate of the County of New York, NOTICE is hereby given to all persons having claims against MARGARET L. MULLER, late of the County of New York, deceased, to present the same, with vouchers thereof, to the subscriber, at his place of transacting business, No. 111 Fifth Avenue, in the City of New York, on or before the first day of April, next, 1914.
Dated New York, the 5th day of September, 1913.
HENRY de FOREST WEEKES, Executor.
WEEKES BROTHERS, Attorneys for Executor, 45 William Street, Manhattan Borough, New York City.

IN PURSUANCE OF AN ORDER OF HON. Robert Ludlow Fowler, a Surrogate of the County of New York, dated August 25, 1913, notice is hereby given to all persons having claims against Thomas Aillbone Janvier, late of the County of New York, deceased, to present the same with vouchers thereof to the subscriber, at his place of transacting business, at the office of Alexander & Green, No. 165 Broadway, Borough of Manhattan, in the City of New York, on or before the 5th day of March next.
Dated New York, Sept. 2d, 1913.
HENRY SANDWITH DRINKER, Executor.
ALEXANDER & GREEN, Attorneys for Executor, 165 Broadway, New York City.

JACOBSEN, ANNA.—In pursuance of an order of Hon. Robert Ludlow Fowler, a Surrogate of the County of New York, notice is hereby given to all persons having claims against Anna Jacobsen, late of the County of New York, deceased, to present the same, with vouchers thereof, to the subscriber, at his place of transacting business, the office of De Forest Brothers, No. 30 Broad Street, in the City of New York, on or before the 17th day of May next. Dated New York, the 10th day of November, 1913. FREDERIC B. MORLOC, Executor. DE FOREST BROTHERS, Attorneys for Executor, 30 Broad Street, New York City, N. Y.

Robert Ludlow Fowler, a Surrogate of the County of New York:
Notice is herby given to all persons having claims against BERTHA FUCHS, late of the County of New York, deceased, to present the same with vouchers thereof to the subscribers at their place of transacting business, at the office of Stern & Pompan, No. 261 Broadway, in the City of New York, on or before the 2d day of March next.
Dated New York, the 20th day of August, 1913. EUGENE I. GOTTLIEB, IGNATZ GROSS, Executors.
STERN & POMPAN, Attorneys for Executors, 261 Broadway, Manhattan, N. Y. C.

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*Carmania.Feb. 4, 3 pm | Mauretania Mar. 18, 1 A. M.
*Campania.Feb. 18, 1 am | *Campania.Mar. 25, 1 am
Lusitania Mar. 11 1 A. M. | Lusitania Apr. 1, 1 A. M.
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Special Winter Cruises
RIVIERA-ITALY-EGYPT
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Czar...Feb. 7, 2 PM | Kursk.Feb. 28, 2 PM
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HOLLAND AMERICA LINE
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Twin-Screw Sailings Tuesday, 10 A. M.
*Potsdam.....Feb. 10 | *Noordam.....March 3
†New Amsterdam.Feb. 24 | *Ryndam.....March 10
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*America.Feb. 14, 11 AM | *Verona.Feb. 28, 11 AM
†Europa...Feb. 21, 11 AM | †Ancona...Mar. 2, 11 AM
New large twin-screw steamers, all outside rooms.
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Atlantic Transport
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N. Y.—London—Paris via Dover—Antwerp.
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OLYMPIC, Feb. 4, noon | OCEANIC.....Feb. 18
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New York, Que

THE REAL ESTATE FIELD

Times Square Owner Leases Building for More Than Was Paid for Property—Col. Ruppert Buys Fort Washington Flat—Riverside Drive Purchase —Seventh Avenue Corner Lease.

A lease has just been closed in the upper Times Square section in which the lessee pays nearly $1,000 a year more for the property than the owners paid for it about fifty years ago. The plot includes the three-story building at 1,562 Broadway, between Forty-sixth and Forty-seventh Streets, in the middle of the block on the east side and adjoining the eleven-story Palace Theatre building, which occupies a large plot to the north with a big theatre frontage on Forty-seventh Street, surrounding the southeast corner.

The plot has a frontage of but 20 feet by 80 in depth. It has been leased for twenty-one years by Sol. Bloom from George B. Burnett. The aggregate rental for the period will be close to $210,000, or about $10,000 a year. The price paid for the little plot by the Burnett family nearly half a century ago was $9,000. For many years the old house there was used as a family residence. It faces the square and is in the centre of a rapidly growing theatrical and business locality. Mr. Bloom has no definite plans for improving the plot, but he intends to erect a commercial structure which may be twelve stories high. He will not get possession until May 1, 1915.

Col. Ruppert Buys New Apartment.

The upper west side continued to furnish its quota of interest to the realty market of the day yesterday. In the Fort Washington district the new five-story apartment house on the southwest corner of St. Nicholas Avenue and 176th Street was sold by the Nehring Company, as brokers, for the T. & J. Smith Holding Company to Col. Jacob Ruppert. The plot is 56.9 by 100, and the property has been held at $140,000.

An interesting feature of the sale is that the apartment is one of the first fireproof non-elevator houses erected in that locality, Thomas Smith, President of the company, having been a pioneer in constructing this type of house in that rapidly growing apartment house centre. The sale of the house so soon after completion demonstrates the faith of the builders in that style of construction for investment buying. The house has stores on the ground floor.

107th Street Apartments Sold.

Edward C. H. Vogler has sold for a client of the Herman Arns Company to Charles Jagels 5 and 7 West 107th Street, two five-story apartment houses on lot 50 by 100, being 100 feet west of Central Park West.

Riverside Drive Apartment Sold.

Charles M. Rosenthal took title yesterday from the George F. Picken Construction Company to the ten-story apartment house known as Picken Court, at 706 Riverside Drive, being the southeast corner of 148th Street, a plot 99.11 by 165. The new owner takes the property subject to a $440,000 mortgage. In part payment he gave seventen houses and lots in the Flatbush section of Brooklyn, located on Nineteenth Avenue, Sixty-second and Sixty-third Streets. The Riverside Drive house figured in the deal at a valuation of $525,000.

Buys West Side Residence.

The four-story brownstone residence at 34 West Seventy-sixth Street, has been sold by Pease & Elliman, for Mrs. Joel Fisher, to a client for occupancy. The plot is 22 by 102, between Central Park West and Columbus Avenue. The house was built for the former owner and is one of the best in that locality.

Two Resales in Harlem.

Bernard Schlugel has resold the seven-story flat house, occupying a plot 100 by 112.6, on the northwest corner of 150th Street and Eighth Avenue. The buyer is an investor.

The five-story flat, occupying a lot 25.11 by 100 feet at 1,384 Park Avenue, has been resold by the Tilmil Realty Company, composed of Williams and Grodinsky, to an investing client of Samuel Fine.

Bronx Borough Sales.

The vacant plot, 50 by 150 feet, on the east side of Prospect Avenue, 190 feet north of Tremont Avenue, has been purchased by Morris Berkowitz, as attorney, for a builder.

In the Tremont section the Field Realty Company has purchased for investment, from Charles M. Rosenthal, 4,072 Third Avenue, a six-story structure, with stores, on a plot 41 by 100. The property was held at $65,000.

Brooklyn.

Thomas L. Hurley sold as attorney to Jacob Hasslach the premises known as 219 Montrose Avenue.

Estey Brothers, brass workers, whose plant was recently destroyed by fire, have purchased the John Perki iron foundry, on Union Avenue, Williamsburg. The main building is 75 by 100 and is situated on a plot fronting 200 feet on Union Avenue and running back 100 feet in both Frost and Withers Streets. A separate building 40 feet square, used for offices, is situated at the corner of Union Avenue and Withers Street.

The three-story garage building at 10 Ormond Place, at the corner of Putnam Avenue, has been sold by De Poix & Von Glahn, for Esther Smith of Rockville Centre, L. I., to the C. & C. Auto Company. The new owners will make extensive improvements on the building and occupy it.

Meyer Levenson has sold the four-story building at 207 Fortieth Street, lot 25 by 100, for the Legation Realty Company, and the three-story building at 887 Glenmore Avenue, lot 20 by 100.

Seventh Avenue Lease.

William J. Roome & Co. have leased for Mrs. Louise Wernert the entire building at the southeast corner of Twenty-second Street and Seventh Avenue to McEntee Brothers. The same brokers last week leased the northeast corner of Twenty-third Street and Seventh Avenue to John Bergin.

Oppenheim, Collins Addition.

Plans were filed yesterday for the eleven-story addition to the Oppenheim, Collins & Co. building at 33 to 39 West Thirty-fourth Street, between Fifth Avenue and Broadway. The addition will be erected at 56, 58, and 60 West Thirty-fifth Street, adjoining the Thirty-fifth Street frontage of the present structure, and will add sixty-two feet. The enlarged building will then cover the plot from 48 to 60 West Thirty-fifth Street. The cost is placed at $160,000 by the architects, Buchman & Fox.

$50,000 Apartment for Brooklyn.

Shampan & Shampan are preparing plans for a six-story apartment house to be erected on a plot 50 by 119.6 on the northwest corner of Grand Street and Rodney Street. The Keap Construction Company, as owners, estimate the cost at $50,000.

Realty Notes.

Harry Parker of 30 West Forty-second Street denies the recently published report that he leased or is connected with in any way the building at 39 South Street, corner of Coenties Slip. Mr. Parker, moreover, is not contemplating any removal from his present office.

Joseph T. Day will sell to-day in the Vesey Street salesroom among other properties a seven-story loft building in West Twenty-sixth Street; two private dwellings, one on East 120th Street and the other on West 129th Street; a business building on East Thirteenth Street, a block front at Tuckahoe, N. Y.; a tenement in Bath Beach, and three plots on 106th and 107th Streets near the East River.

George R. Read & Co. have leased to William C. Schumacher the studios at 138 West Fifty-fifth Street.

RESULTS AT AUCTION.

The Auction Offerings of Real Estate Yesterday Were as Follows.

AT 14 VESEY STREET.
By Joseph P. Day.

8th Av, 2,830 to 2,840, s e corner of 151st St, 179.1 to McComb's Place x203.5 to 151st St x96.7, three six-story tenements and stores on avenue; New York County National Bank against C. H. Peckworth et al.; Kellogg & R., attorneys; J. F. Couch, referee; due, $32,040; taxes, &c., $3,574; subject to five mortgages aggregating $139,000; to the plaintiff for $500 over prior liens.

129th St, 114 East, s s, 200.2 ft e of Park Av, 19.11x99.11, three-story dwelling; New York Life Insurance and Trust Co. against W. C. Rock et al.; Emmet & P., attorneys; H. E. Lippincott, referee; due, $5,435; taxes, &c., $606; to the plaintiff, for $5,500.

8th Av, 366, e s, 54.9 ft n of 28th St, 22x78, four-story brick stable; leasehold; Amelie Lambert against C. O. A. Perceval et al.; R. P. Beyer, attorney; Warren Leslie, referee; partition; to George Gregorius, the tenant, for $10,000.

South Ozone Park, L. I., Lawn Av, e s, 146.8 ft s of Liberty Av, 50x100, vacant; Amelie Lambert against C. O. A. Perceval et al.; R. P. Beyer, attorney; Warren Leslie, referee; partition; to the plaintiff for $250.

Houston St, 428 East, s, 111 ft e of Avenue D, 20.6x100.10, five-story tenement and store and four-story rear loft buildings; German Savings Bank against Isidor Berger et al.; Meyer Auerbach, attorney; F. K. Hoffman, referee; due, $16,129; taxes, &c., $1,229; to the plaintiff, for $17,750.

AT 3,208 THIRD AVENUE.
By L. J. Phillips & Co.

Bathgate Av, s e corner of Fordham Road, 100.5x82.5x100.7x82.5, two-story dweling and vacant; adjourned to Feb. 11.

TO-DAY'S AUCTION SALES.

Local and Suburban Realty Offerings in the Salesrooms.

AT 14 VESEY STREET.
By Joseph P. Day.

106th St, n s, 441 ft e of 1st Av, 285x100.11, 1 and 2-story buildings; also

107th St, s s, 363 ft e of 1st Av, 75x100.11, 3-story building; estate of Victor Klingenbeck, deceased.

129th St, 110-112 West, s s, 129.11 ft w of 6th Av, 41.6x98.9, 7-story loft building; exrs' sale, estate of Geo. V. N. Baldwin, deceased.

120th St, 5 East, n s, 83 ft e of Madison Av, 17x100.11, 3-story dwelling; vol. sale.

13th St, 18 East, s s, 242 ft e of 5th Av, 22x83.11x irreg., 3-story building; exr's sale, estate of Jonathan W. Cockcroft, deceased.

Tuckahoe, N. Y., block front, s s of Tuckahoe Av, between Main St and White Plains Road, 125x210x200x212, 2-story building and 1-story stable and vacant; tr's sale, estate of Peter Green, deceased.

Cropsey Av, 1,865-1,867, n s, 62.8 ft w of 19th Av, B'klyn, 31.8x111.9, 3-story flat; vol. sale.

125th St, 217, n s, 200 ft w of 7th Av, 16.8x99.11, 3-story dwelling; J. W. Sterling against E. M. Kirkpatrick et al.; J. A. Garver, attorney; Lyttleton Fox, referee; due, $8,514.50; taxes, &c., $355.

By Henry Brady.

139th St, 259 West, n s, 99.1 ft e of 8th Av, 19x99.11, 4-story dwelling; Equitable Life Assurance Society against H. D. Gobber et al.; Alexander & to., attorneys; T. L. & Britt, referee; due, $10,880.85; taxes, &c., $349.78.

By Herbert A. Sherman.

172d St, 510 West, n s, 100 ft e of Audubon Av, 48.4x95, 5-story tenement; A. H. Hastorf against M. I. Hennen et al.; House, G. & V., attorneys; A. K. Kuhn, referee; due, $4,821.77; taxes, &c., $1,250; sub. to a first mortgage of $40,000.

By J. H. Mayers.

24th St, 406 East, s s, 131.6 ft e of 1st Av, 25x98.9, 3-story tenement; William Hennings, exr, against F. P. Vigna et al.; G. B. Winthrop, attorney; A. M. Levy, referee; due, $16,954.17; taxes, &c., $429.10.

THE BUILDING DEPARTMENT.

List of Plans Filed for New Structures in Manhattan and the Bronx.

174th St, n s, 100 ft e of Audubon Av, for a five-story apartment, 45x82; Casa Dora Realty Co., (O. Colasuonno, President,) 311 East 119th St, owner; E. Roth, 507 5th Av, architect; cost, $45,000.

160th St, s s, 63.6 ft w of Fox St, for a two-story brick store and dwelling, 30x40; Normal Construction Co., (John Brown, 661 Tinton Av, President,) owner; Charles B. Meyers, 1 Union Square West, architect; cost, $10,000.

Lyman Place, w s, 192.65 ft n of 169th St, for a five-story brick tenement, 75x59.6; Gifford Building Co., (Oscar Pedersen, Gifford Av, Westchester, President,) owner; Harry T. Howell, 3d Av and 149th St, architect; cost, $50,000.

Alterations.

Items under $5,000 omitted.

77th St, 210 West, to a five-story stable; W. A. Williams, 210 West 77th St, owner; Minder & Hanrahan, lessees; C. H. Taub, 107 West 40th St, architect; cost, $15,000.

39th St, 25 to 33 West, to a fifteen-story building; United Engineering Society, premises, owner; H. G. Morse, 101 Park Av, architect; cost, $6,000.

56th St, 18 West, to a four-story dwelling; Dr. J. Bishop, 82 East 56th St, owner; G. J. Cavalieri, 3 East 44th St, architect; cost, $15,000.

84th St, 33 to 39 West, and 35th St, 48 and 60 West, to an eleven-story store and loft; Oppenheim, Collins & Co., premises, owner; Buchman & Fox, premises, architect; cost, $160,000.

REAL ESTATE TRANSFERS.

WEDNESDAY, JAN. 28.

With name and address of purchaser and attorney. When attorney's name is omitted address party of the second part.

Manhattan.

AVENUE B, 153, e s, 23x71; Beatrice Chasins to Golda Chasins, 153 Avenue B, (mtg $18,600,) Dec. 18; attorney, M. L. Chasins, 116 Nassau St.

BEEKMAN PLACE, 4, w s, 19x80; Jacob C. Brand, referee, to Rosa Wirth, Monticello, N. Y., (foreclosure Jan. 6,) all liens, mtg $8,000, Jan. 21; attorney, John D. Lyons, Monticello, N. Y. $1,500

BROADWAY, 481, w s, 26.4x200.1 to e s of Mercer St, (54.) 26.3x200.2; Joseph L. Buttenwieser to Julius B. Fox, 520 Ocean Av, Jersey City, b. and s., all liens, Sept. 9, 1912; address, 220 Broadway $100

SAME PROPERTY; Julius B. Fox to Joseph L. Buttenwieser, 300 Central Park West, all liens, Jan. 20; address, same $100

BROOME ST, 497, s s, 20.10x64.5, (foreclosure Jan. 12;) Martin J. Keogh, referee, to James M. Anderson, at Roxbury, Conn., trustee of James W. Anderson, deceased, Jan. 28; attorney, Hamilton Odell, 60 Wall St. $12,000

DUANE ST, 170, e s, 25x125; Connecticut Trust and Safe Deposit Co., executor, &c., of Amelia F. D. Childs, to Francis D. Childs, 388 Sigourney St., Hartford, Conn., ½ part, Dec. 31, 1913; attorney, H. C. Harding, 37 Wall St. $1

SAME PROPERTY; John A. Dieraisones to same, ½ part, Dec. 31; attorney, same.. $100

SAME PROPERTY; Francis R. Childs to same, quitclaim, Dec. 31. ..... $1

GRAND ST, s s, 75 ft e of Clinton St, 25x100; Kremruf Realty Co. to Martin Realty Co., 150 Nassau St, mtg $41,000, all liens, Jan. 6; attorney, A. L. Weltfisch, 150 Nassau St $1

NORTHERN AV, n e corner of 178th St, 92.6x100, foreclosure Nov. 20; Arthur D. Truax, referee, to Ambrose Realty Co., 135 Broadway, Jan. 28; attorney, New York Title Insurance Co., 135 Broadway. $115,000

POST AV, e s of Hawthorne St, 100x150; John H. Knapp to Sarah Bernstein, 241 West 108th St, (mtg $7,000,) Jan. 26; attorney, New York Title Insurance Co., 135 Broadway $1

RIVERSIDE DRIVE, 706, s e corner of 148th St, 99.11x105; George F. Picken Construction Co. to Charles M. Rosenthal, 241 Fort Washington Av, (mtg $440,000,) Jan. 27; attorney, New York Title Insurance Co., 135 Broadway $100

1ST AV, 129, w s, 24.6x50; Jacob Y. Brand, referee, to Rosa Wirth, Monticello, N. Y., all liens, (foreclosure Jan. 6,) mtg $23,000, Jan. 21; attorney, John D. Lyons, Monticello, N. Y. $2,000

3D AV, 1,608, w s, 27.8x73.11; Philipp Braunels to Katharina Braunels, 172 East 94th St, Jan. 21, (mtg $24,000;) attorney, George A. Steinmuller, 1,511 3d Av. $100

72D AV, w s, 49.11 ft n of 138th St, 50x100, (foreclosure Dec. 24;) Dawson C. Glover, referee, to Saranac Construction Co., 3,785 Broadway, Dec. 26; attorney, H. B. Davis, 52 Broadway $1,000

23D ST, s s, 175 ft e of 4th Av, 100x98.9; 22d St, n s, 200 ft e of 4th Av, 75x98.9; Frederick C. Beach and others to Beach-Gasper Co, Inc., 30 West 53d St, mtg $650,000, Jan. 26; attorneys, Gilbert & Wessel, 45 Cedar St $100

LOT ST, 138 West, e s, 19x102.2; A. Worrall Palmer to Elizabeth B., his wife, c. a. s., (mtg $20,000,) July 14, 1903; attorneys, Woodford, B. & B., 1 Madison Av. $1

98TH ST, s s, 95 ft e of Lexington Av, 37.6x100.11; Rebecca Goldberg to Isabella Sarasohn, 110 St. Nicholas Av, July 10, 1912; attorney, A. H. Sarasohn, 309 Broadway $1

156TH ST, n s, 378.6 ft w of Amsterdam Av, 39.3x99.11; Phoenix Ingraham, referee, to Paula Menn and others, 700 East 166th St, mtg $35,000, (foreclosure Jan. 6,) all liens, Jan. 7; attorneys, Johnston & J., 256 Broadway $1,000

156TH ST, n s, 417.9 ft w of Amsterdam Av, 39.3x99.11; Phoenix Ingraham, referee, to Paula Menn and others, 700 East 166th St, mtg $35,000, all liens, (foreclosure Jan. 6,) Jan. 7; attorneys, Johnston & J., 256 Broadway $10,000

160TH ST, s s, 475 ft w of Broadway, 100x100; P. & W. Holding Co. to Podivil Realty Co., 1,029 East 163d St, Dec. 7, recorded from Jan. 2, 1914; attorney, Hy. A. Blumenthal, 100 Broadway $100

Bronx.

ALBANY POST ROAD, s s, 70.5 ft w of Van Courtlandt Av, 92.10x irregular; Robert C. Wood to P. Erskine Wood, 118 East 36th St, Jan. 26; attorneys, Carter, L. & M., 54 Wall St $100

ALBANY POST ROAD, same property; Northwestern Construction Co. to same, Jan. 28; attorney same $100

CLASON POINT ROAD, n s, 178.10 ft n of Ludlow St, 100x irregular; Fritz Landenberger to Frederick Landenberger, Jr., 1,038 Union Av, Nov. 28, 1913; attorney, F. Landenberger, 1,038 Union Av. $100

LOTS 18 and 19, Block 31, map of Section 1 of Bathgate Estate; Viola M. O'Hara to John Zacco, 4,184 Bronxwood Av, Jan. 26, (mtg $900;) attorney, Title Guarantee and Trust Co., 176 Broadway $100

SCRIBNER AV, n s, 146.2 ft e of Balcom Av, 50x100; also Swinton Av, 125 ft n of Eastern Boulevard, 13.9x irregular; John R. Peterson to Emma N. Polak, 1,806 Arthur Av, Jan. 28; attorney, Emma N. Polak, 391 East 149th St $100

UNION AV, e s, 100 ft w s of 168th St, 50.2x96.10; Edward Miller to Emilie Miller, 15 Hamilton Av, Weehawken, N. J., Sept. 29, 1913; attorney, C. T. Moritz, 272 East 139th St $1

UNION AV, n e corner of 161st St, 40x100; Fanny Nathanson to Ralph F. Baxter, 620 East 163d St, Oct. 30, 1913; attorney, M. S. Schester, 94 Pine St. $100

WEBSTER AV, s s, 575 ft n e of Woodlawn Road, 25x123.7x25.3x127.2; William H. Hyam to Mellvin Realty and Construction Co., 2,000 Honeywell Av., (mtg $2,000,) Jan. 26; attorney, Lawyers Title Insurance and Trust Co., 160 Broadway $100

3D AV, 4,072, e s, 38x108.4x34.7x110; Lombardy Realty Co. to Field Realty Co., 501 5th Av, mtg $31,000, Jan. 21; attorneys, Söhmer & S., 277 Broadway $100

137TH ST, n s, 101.11 ft w of Cypress Av, 37.6x100; D. H. Jackson Co. to Lillian B. Taylor, 156 West 72d St, Jan. 16, (mtg $80,000;) attorney, Title Guarantee and Trust Co., 176 Broadway $100

213TH ST, n s, 80 ft w of 3d Av; —— to Bronx River x64.9x91x400; Liberato Gianfrancesco to Filemena Cipolla, 3,611 Bronx Boulevard, Jan. 28; attorney, R. C. Burlando, Williamsbridge Square $100

RECORDED MORTGAGES.

With name and address of lender and lender's attorney. Interest is at 5 per cent. unless otherwise specified.

Manhattan.

BOWERY, w s, 42.9 ft s of Bayard St, 22.10x 97.5; Charles Gaetjens to Clara Grove, 707 President St, Brooklyn, prior mtg $35,000, 1 year, 6 p. c., Jan. 28; attorney, Lawyers Title Insurance and Trust Co., 160 Broadway $40,000

NORTHERN AV, n e corner of 178th St, 92.6 x100; Ambrose Realty Co. to New York Mortgage and Security Co., 135 Broadway, Jan. 28, 5 years, attorney, New York Title Insurance Co., 135 Broadway $95,000

SAME PROPERTY; same to Hudson Mortgage Co., 135 Broadway, Jan. 28, prior mtg $95,000, 1 year, 6 p. c.; attorney, same... $25,000

POST AV, s s, 200 ft e of Hawthorne St, 100x150; Sarah Bernstein to John H. Knapp, 624 West 160th St, Jan. 27, 5 years; attorney, H. S. Cook, 38 Park Row. $6,000

1ST AV, 2,173, w s, 25x100; Madalena Trapini to Vincenzo Capozzo, 2,245 2d Av, June 19, 1913, due Feb. 19, 1914, 6 p. c.; attorney, Philip Baum, 149 Broadway $4,000

16TH ST, 345 West, 25x91.9; Rachel Lippi to Pearl Weinman, 264 West 113th St, Jan. 28, prior mtg $20,000, 3 years, 6 p. c.; attorney, Title Guarantee Co., 176 Broadway. $3,500

69TH ST, s s, 131.6 ft w of Columbus Av, 17x100.5; Clementine Sostman and another to Emigrant Industrial Savings Bank, 51 Chambers St, Jan. 28, 5 years; attorney, M. J. Scanlan, 51 Chambers St. $16,000

71ST ST, 203 West, 19.5x102; Harry W. McMann to Dry Dock Savings Institution, 341 Bowery, Jan. 28, due as per bond; attorney, Title Guarantee and Trust Co. 176 Broadway $17,000

69TH ST, s s, 372.6 ft w of Columbus Av, 102.2; Brixton Realty Corporation to Metropolitan Life Insurance Co., 1 Madison Av, Jan. 23, due March 1, 1919, 5½ p. c.; attorneys, Woodford, B. & B., 1 Madison Av. $320,000

120TH ST, n s, 100 ft w of Lenox Av, 50x 100.11, prior mtg $70,000; Aaron Guedalia to Emily Alcott, at County Club grounds, Westchester, Jan. 27, due April 27, 1914, 6 p. c.; attorney, New York Title Insurance Co., 135 Broadway $10,000

129TH ST, 406 to 412 West, 128x99.11; Manchester Construction Co. to Franklin Savings Bank, 656 8th Av, Jan. 28, 5 years, 2 mtgs, each $53,000; attorney, W. M. Powell, Jr., 7 Wall St. $106,000

139TH ST, s s, 40 ft e of 7th Av, 20x88.2; Hy. Armstrong et al to New York Title Insurance Co., 135 Broadway, Dec. 15, 1913, due Jan. 2, 1917, 5½ p. c. $5,000

176TH ST, s s, 100 ft w of Audubon Av, 150x87.1; Placid Realty Co. to Abel King and another, 148 East 65th St, prior mtg $110,000, installments, 6 p. c., Jan. 28; attorneys, Lese & C., 309 Nassau St. $13,000

Bronx.

WEBSTER AV, s s, 575 ft n e of Woodlawn Road, 25x123.7x25.3x127.2; William H. Hyam to Samuel Garland, 3,122 East 238th St, Jan. 26, 3 years; attorney, Lawyers Title Insurance and Trust Co., 160 Broadway. $2,000

SAME PROPERTY; Mellvin Realty and Construction Co. to Catherine A. Hyam, 811 McLean Av, Yonkers, N. Y., Jan. 28, due, &c, as per bond; attorney, Lawyers Title Insurance and Trust Co., 160 Broadway $600

222TH ST, n s, Lot 347, Map 347 and map of Wakefield, 100x114; Ruth Burke to Martin Suchy, 813 East 225th St; attorney, William A. Keating, 3,989 White Plains Road $1,000

RATTLESNAKE BROOK, centre line at n s of land of George Faile, 69x150x67x158; Alfonso Veltre to Hudson P. Rose Co., 32 West 45th St, Jan. 28, 1 year; attorney, H. P. Rose Co., 32 West 45th St. $600

WESTCHESTER AV, s e s, 85.1 ft s w of Hersche, 50x102x—x100; Thomas F. McGinnis to Anna Zimmermann, 447 East 170th St, Jan. 27, due as per bond; attorney, Lawyers Title Insurance and Trust Co., 160 Broadway $1,500

CARPENTER AV, w s, 69 ft s of 234th St, 28x102.6; William Garrett to Eastchester Savings Bank, 9 South 3d Av, Mt. Vernon, Jan. 27, 3 years, 6 p. c.; attorney, J. M. Bell, 9 South 3d Av, Mt. Vernon, N. Y. $3,500

SWINTON ST, e s, 125 ft n of Eastern Boulevard, 13.9x irregular; Emma N. Polak to Robert Miller, 560 West 165th St, Jan. 26, 3 years; attorney, M. J. Scanlan, 51 Chambers St. $300

RECORDED LEASES.

Manhattan.

With name and address of lessee.

CHRYSTIE ST, 211, store and basement; Cannariato Real Estate Co. to G. Cannizzaro, 12 Stanton St, 5 years from Aug. 1, 1913 ..... $720

LENOX AV, 103, store; Mayer A. Bernheimer and another to John Kenny, 111 West 115th St, 5 years from May 1, 1913; attorneys, B. & S. P. Brewing Co., 128th St and Amsterdam Av $3,000

LEXINGTON AV, 717, all; Isaac O. Blake to Michael Feinman, 252 East 52d St, 3 years from May 1, 1914 ..... $3,000

PARK AV, 817, store floor and part of cellar; Joseph Geisenheimer to Gor. &c., Bernard Witaskin to Max Angelson, 80 Market St, 3 years from Jan. 20, 1914; attorney, Sol Rogg, 217 East Broadway $720

21ST ST, 263 West, corner store; Julius Lichtenstein to James Marshall, 446 West 23d St, 10 years from Jan. 1, 1914; attorneys, B. & S. Brewing Co., 128th St. and Amsterdam Av $2,500

29TH ST, 205 West, all; Wm. Kohlmeier and another, executors, to Emile Bergnon, 205 West 29th St, 3 years from May 1, 1915; attorney, Jos. Senger, 206 West 30th St. $1,200

38TH ST, 114 West, first, second lofts; Times Square Improvement Co. to Reuben Sadowsky, 535 West End Av, 6 years from Feb. 1, 1914; attorney, M. Stein, 37 Liberty St. $3,600

45TH ST, 56 and 58 West, part of sixteenth floor; 56 and 58 West 45th Street Realty Co. to Robert D. Kohn, 651 West 162d St, 5 years from Feb. 1, 1914; attorneys, Kurzman & F., 25 Broad St. $2,250

69TH ST, 309 West, ground floor; Morris H. Petigor to Gaetano Quindigliano, 309 West 69th St, 5 years from Jan. 31, 1914; attorneys, Fitch, M. & G., 32 Nassau St. $696

111TH ST, 220 and 226 West, all; Jos. Shenk to Louis Rosenblatt, 71 East 97th St, 4 3-12 months from Feb. 1, 1914; attorney, J. D. Goldstein, 60 Wall St. $11,400

111TH ST, 230, 234, and 238 West, all; Jos. Shenk to Louis Rosenblatt, 71 East 97th St, 5 5-12 years from Feb. 1, 1914; attorney, same $16,600

111TH ST, 230 to 238 West, all; Morris Katz to Shenk Realty and Construction Co., 40 West 116th St, 4½ years from July 1, 1909;

BUILDING MATERIAL.

FIRE LINE

or STAND PIPE VIOLATIONS A SPECIALTY.

MONROE M. GOLDING, PLUMBER,

Tel. Col. 6227. 133 West 65th St.

attorneys, Morrison & S., 320 Broadway. $14,400

Bronx.

WASHINGTON AV, 2,240, n e corner of Fletcher Place, 481, corner store; Nora Construction Co. to Bernhardt C. Wenke, 1,076 Ogden Av, 10 years, from Aug. 2, 1913; attorneys, G., M. & M., 37 Wall St. $900 to $1,200

3D AV, 3,430, store; Constantino Calamari to Max Lebowitz, 3,430 3d Av, 3 years, from Jan. 1, 1914; attorney, 303 East 155th St. $780

163D ST, 792 East, store, &c.; Mario Heck to Bruno Raasch, 792 East 163d St, 5 years, from Oct. 1, 1913. ..... $360 and $420

MECHANICS' LIENS.

Manhattan.

AMSTERDAM AV, n w corner of 177th St, 84.4x160; National Fireproof Sash and Door Co. against Charles M. Rosenthal, owner; Brettholz Krumholz Construction Co., contractor $400

GRAMERCY PARK SOUTH, 12; P. Aguado Co. against Matilda O. Rhinelander, owner; James F. Egan, contractor $900

NEW 14 MINERS ST, s w s, 100 ft s e of Ave. A. Stern & Co., and A. Stern & Co., Inc., contractors $78

10TH AV, 100 and 102; William Klein against Michael McGuire, owner; Long & Hagan, contractors. $500

13TH ST, 241 and 243 West; Raisler Heating Co. against Louis H. Harris, owner and contractor $1,335

13TH ST, 241 and 243 West; Raisler Heating Co. against Louis H. Harris, owner and contractor $1,335

57TH ST, 162 to 172 West; Braunfels, Browning & Co. against West Side Construction Co., owner; Radley Steel Construction Co., contractor $94

115TH ST, 12 West; Herman First against Samuel Cohen, owner and contractor.... $37

230TH ST, s s, 255 ft e of Barnes Av, 50x 114; Standard Plumbing Supply Co. against Francesco Carbone, owner and contractor, (renewal) $37

Bronx.

CRESCENT AV, 636; Cornelius J. Gleason against Julius Rossick, owner and contractor $52

EAGLE AV, e s, 50 ft n of 156th St, 25x 72.9; the A. B. Keltz Fireproofing Co. against Ebling Brewing Co., owner; Feiber Engineering Works, contractor..... $415

OLD BOSTON POST ROAD, e s, 552.11 ft n of Bailey Av, 62.4x63.1x irregular; Attanasio Carralla Co. against Nicolo Parrinelli and Pietro Ventrola, owner; Filomena and Francesco Ventrola, contractors.... $277

TAYLOR AV, s e corner of Van Nest Av, 100x20; Christian Verndran's Sons against Jacob Cohen; owner and contractor.... $350

WEBSTER AV, 2,246 to 2,250; Charles Shapiro against Greystone Holding Co., owner and Harry B. Davis and P. Markowitz, contractors $16

150TH ST, s s, whole front Gerard Av to River Av, 150x200; Pelham Operating Co. against Henry L. Morris, owner; Radley Steel Construction Co., contractor; recd. 379

179TH ST, n s, whole front of Hughes Av to Belmont Av, 97.9x66.5x81.7; Charles Shapiro against Orlando Miscieno, owner and contractor $40

SATISFIED MECHANICS' LIENS.

Manhattan.

BROADWAY, 1,448 and 1,450; Manhattan Sand Co. against Forty-first Street Realty Co. and others, Aug. 13, 1913..... $228

BROOME, s w corner of 141st St; Shepard La Spina against Consolidated Improvement Co. and others, Nov. 25, 1913..... $137

3D AV, 325; Isidor Kramer against Harry Sandler and others, June 20, 1913..... $81

SAME PROPERTY; David Meyer against same, July 24, 1913..... $48

3D AV, 329; Isidor Kramer against same, June 20, 1913..... $23

SAME PROPERTY; David Meyer against same, July 24, 1913..... $111

126TH ST, 240 to 260 West; Joseph Cooper against Isidoro Cristaldi and others, Jan. 12, 1914, (by bond) $613

157TH ST, 540 West; Sussman & Gladstone against William N. Carpenter and others, Aug. 7, 1913, (by deposit)..... $238

163D ST, 1,609 to 1,619 East; Empire Tile Co. against Podgur Realty Co. and others, Dec. 3, 1913..... $884

LIS PENDENS.

Manhattan.

COLUMBIA ST, 119; 16th St, 415 West, and 121st St, s s, 175 ft e of 3d Av, 25x100; Gene Bruder against Jacob L. Isaacs and others, (action to set aside conveyance, &c.;) attorney, M. S. Hyman.

ST. MARK'S PLACE, 115; Rosina Alkier against Meyer H. Wolf and others, (foreclosure of mtg;) attorneys, Feltenstein & Rosenstein.

ST. MARK'S PLACE, 119; Chas. H. Bohland against Meyer H. Wolf et al., (foreclosure of mortgage;) attorneys, Feltenstein & Rosenstein.

TURNPIKE ROAD, leading from N. Y. to Boston, s s, intersec. n e s of Turnpike Road, leading from O'Dell's Landing, containing about six acres; Max Erlanger against Joseph S. Acker et al., (amended foreclosure and mortgage;) attorneys, Beckman, Menken & Griscom.

WADSWORTH AV, w s, 60.2 ft n of 185th St, 50x115; Ver Planck Estate against Comfort, Realty Co. and others, (foreclosure of mtg;) attorneys, Bowers & Sands.

WADSWORTH AV, w s, 110.2 ft n of 185th St, 50x115; Ver Planck Estate against New York Real Estate Security Co. and others, (foreclosure of mtg;) attorneys, Bowers & Sands.

WADSWORTH AV, w s, 160.2 ft n of 185th St, 54.5x115; Ver Planck Estate against James N. Rosenberg, receiver, and others, (foreclosure of mtg;) attorneys, Bowers & Sands.

2D AV, w s, 48 ft n of St. Mark's Place, 48 x120; Aaron Wartels against Samuel Augenblick Co. et al., (foreclosure of mortgage;) attorneys, Marks & Marks.

3D AV, 867; Robert Johnson, Inc., against Christine C. Hoppert, (action to foreclose mechanics' lien;) attorney, F. L. Cramer.

3D AV, 2,952, and Bergen Av, 693; Anton Prokopowicz against Ignatz Schwartz et al., (counterclaim;) attorneys, Phillips & Avery.

8TH ST, 55 West; Morris A. Hulett et al. against Arlington Estates, Inc., et al., (action to set aside deed;) attorney, J. G. Roe.

27TH ST, 515 West; Frederick Reifel against Wm. F. McCarthy and others, (amended foreclosure of mtg;) attorney, J. J. Phelan.

114TH ST, 334 to 338 East; Equitable Life Assurance Society of the United States against Alice Lederer and others, (foreclosure of mtg;) attorneys, Alexander & Green.

127TH ST, 126 West; Mildred Schwartz against Emma Barnett et al., (foreclosure of mortgage;) attorney, S. E. Neuman.

134TH ST, 45 East; Lena Michaels against Sarah McCormick, (foreclosure of mortgage;) attorney, J. O. Foote.

Bronx.

CHARLOTTE ST, 1,503; Charles K. Billings, as sub-trustee against Fleischmann Realty and Construction Co., (foreclosure of mortgage;) attorney, J. H. Seymour.

CLAY AV, 1,300; Allen Stone against Maxim S. Globe and others, (action to set aside deeds;) attorney, M. Shelmart.

LOTS 23, 24, 28, 29, and 31, map of property of heirs of Joseph Thwaites, deceased; Lawyers Realty Company against John Perry and others, (foreclosure of mortgage;) attorneys, Dean, T. & McB.

147TH ST, s e corner of Tinton Av, 100x50; Elizabeth C. Cornell against Henry Fox and others, (foreclosure of mortgage;) attorney, G. M. Boynton.

166TH ST, s s, 136.7 ft e of Washington Av, 25x101.3; Harry Zudek against Jacob Warschaw and others, (action to foreclose mechanics' lien;) attorneys, Kesansky & G.

EDUCATION NOTES.

The Board of Education yesterday retired Hiram B. Price, a teacher in the De Witt Clinton High School and George A. Sawyer, a teacher in the Commercial High School, Brooklyn. It also retired these elementary school teachers from schools noted: Manhattan—Mary E. Cameron, 17; Pauline Fisher, 64; Matilda Gutmann, 30; Eliza B. Harris, 51; Agnes W. Leslie, 39; Margaret J. Logan, 109; Anne L. Roy, 27; Pauline A. Shannon, 15, and Adelle F. Wetherbee, 17. The Bronx—Ellen Murray, Principal of Public School 38. Brooklyn: Ida L. Arnold, 126; Timothea A. King, 109; Jessie Scott Meath, 52; Victoria A. North, 133, and Clara N. Steutenburgh, 131. Richmond — Lillie C. Frary, 28. All of these retirements will date from Feb. 1.

Ernest L. Crandall was appointed yesterday as Principal of the Evening High School for Men and Charles F. Thellusson was appointed as Principal of the East Side Evening High School for Men.

It was decided yesterday to organize as an annex to Evening School 59, Manhattan, a class in common branches in the establishment of Morningdale Brothers, East Fifty-ninth Street, for their employes, to be in session from 8:30 to 9:30 A. M. five days a week.

The following appointments in the evening recreation centres for the season of 1913-14 were made:

Teacher of Physical Training—Helen F. Farrell.

Assistant Teachers of Physical Training—Marvin Becker, Irma C. J. Schmitt.

Junior Assistant Teachers of Physical Training—Albert W. Clarmon, Sam

Real Estate

Mortgage Loans.

$3,000	TO LOAN
$4,000	on
$4,500	FIRST MORTGAGE
$5,000	on
$10,000	BRONX PROPERTY,
$12,000	5 per cent. and 5½ per cent.
$20,000	Principals only.
$30,000	E. J. BUSHELL,
$50,000	149th St. & Courtlandt Av.

$70,000 on first mortgage, Bronx property, at 5% and 5½%, in amounts between $1,000 and $7,000. Byrnes, 774 East 179th St.

Abundance estates money for Manhattan mortgage loans. Owners only. 400 Times Downtown.

MORTGAGE MONEY.—Firsts, 5%; seconds, 6%. R. M. de Leeuw & Co., 15 Broad St.

Farms.

Will work farm on shares. Give full particulars. S 18 Times.

City Houses to Let—Unfurnished.

A.—510 WEST END AV., 4 stories, 2 baths, parquet floors; rent low. Caretaker.

To Let for Business Purposes.

Thirty cents a line.

26 JOHN STREET.

Three floors of about 1,200 square feet each; six-story fireproof building, with electric elevator and all improvements; good light and air; suitable for offices, showrooms, and manufacturing; rental $1,400 and $1,600 per floor; any reasonable offer will be considered. Apply to WM. A. WHITE & SONS,

Telephone 5700 John. 62 Cedar St.

Will sublet office, completely furnished, rugs and mahogany furniture, at $24 a month, if given privilege of retaining mailing address and deskroom during four hours each week; 200 feet from entrance to Grand Central Terminal. Call between 11:30 and 1 o'clock. Address Room 1,001, corner 43d St. and Madison Av.

DESIRABLE SITES.

WATER FRONT LOTS ON EAST RIVER. Vacant Lots Convenient and Well Located; LARGE LOFTS, FACING EAST RIVER. Apply Brookman Estate, 52 Exchange Place.

Desk Room.—Large roll-top desk, services stenographer, 50 telephone calls per month, towel supply service; full privileges of office; $25 per month. Room 141, 45 Broadway.

Two light lofts, 50x95, with or without power, non-fireproof; also one loft, 50x90, with power, fireproof building. A. Happell, 408 East 93d St.

Office space or desk room to let in light, well-equipped office; $10 per month. Room 1,513 North River Insurance Co. Building, 95 William.

17-19-21 WEST 31ST ST.

Several large store & loft rentals from $720 & up. WM. HARVEY SUPERINTENDENT.

BEST SMALL OFFICE on 5th Av.; front, sunny, light; new oak furniture; rent reasonable. POWELL, 235 5th Av.

Small private office to sub-let in Architects Building, 40th St. and Park Av., New York City. Room 916. Occidental Co.

Sub-let light show and desk room; reasonable rent. Inquire Room 1,709, 114 5th Av., between 12 and 4.

48d St., 13-15 East.—Parlor floor; will divide; business or studio; reasonable.

Part office to let; cheap rent. Hortwiz & Kaufman, 684 Broadway.

Offices, very light, steam heated, 109 Broad St.; $15 per month up.

Part of ofice in corner suite Metropolitan Building. Room 9,071.

Apartments to Let

Furnished.

Thirty cents a line.

West Side.

TO SUBLET, AT ATTRACTIVE RENTAL, SMALL HOUSEKEEPING APARTMENT OF SIX ROOMS, FURNISHED OR UNFURNISHED, FOR THE SEASON OR YEAR. ALSO HOTEL APARTMENTS, ONE TO FOUR ROOMS, WITH ONE OR MORE BATHS, FURNISHED OR UNFURNISHED, FOR LONG OR SHORT PERIODS. MADISON SQUARE APARTMENTS, 40 EAST 26TH ST.

A.—A.—CATHEDRAL PLAZA,
100 Cathedral Parkway, 110th, Columbus Av.
1, 2, AND 3 ROOMS.

Private bath, kitchenette, furnished, $30, $40, $50 up monthly; unfurnished, $25, $30, $40; elevator, hotel service; near "L" and Subway, references; special rates on lease.

Apartment to sub-let; handsome 2 room and bath apartment; parties gone South; also 3 room apartment, handsomely furnished, at a bargain; full hotel service. Hotel St. Louis, 34 East 32d St.

39th St., 52 West.—Suite, two rooms, bath, furnished or unfurnished; electricity, telephone extension; suitable studio, bachelor quarters; immediate possession.

Nicely furnished 7-room apartment, 2 baths, conveniently located, available Feb. 15. Apply Yorkshire, 562 West 113th St. corner of Broadway, Apartment 4 C.

Furnished corner apartment to rent at Van Dyck, 72d St. and Broadway, containing 9 rooms, 2 baths. Apply to Manager. Telephone 8547—Columbus.

4 ROOMS, COMPLETELY FURNISHED. Fine location, near Central Park; all improvements; elevator, telephone, &c. 5 West 104th St.

Furnished apartment, strictly high class, 5-6 rooms, 3 or 4 months; state price and location. W. L. H., Engineers' Club.

Artistically and completely furnished four-room apartment; convenient. Pringle, 612 West 185th St.

Bachelor apartment to let; references required. Telephone Plaza 7410. 59 West 56th.

East Side.

Comfortable, attractive apartment; large rooms and bath; steam heat, electric lights; refined, quiet locality; modern whitestone house; convenient transportations. Dr. Wolbart, 118 East 19th St.

Sublet, 89 East 27th St.—Two large, light, completely furnished rooms, kitchenette, bath; elevator; maid service; lease short or long period; $85 month. Sueing.

Apartments Wanted—Furnished

Thirty cents a line.

Housekeeping; 5 to 7 rooms; good light and air important; possession at once. P 360 Times Downtown.

Apartments to Let

Unfurnished.

Thirty cents a line.

West Side.

Duplex apartment to lease; sunny, spacious rooms, southern, eastern, and northern exposure; with or without hotel service. The Chelsea, West 23d St.

92d St., Near Park Av.—Top floor of private house, three or four beautiful rooms; bath; all improvements; one or two refined adults. Write to 74 East 92d St.

Bargain sub-lease; excellent new five-room apartment; near Riverside; convenient to 168th St. Subway. Avoca, 261 Fort Washington Av.

Sublet.—Claremont Court, 118th, 549 W.—Attractive; elevator; six rooms, front; southern exposure; near Subway, Riverside; $70. Apt. 9.

302 West 111th St.—Two and four elegant rooms, overlooking Central Park; bath, steam, electricity, telephone. Janitor.

TWO FOUR AND SIX ROOMS, $30-$55. High-class elevator apartments. 5 W. 104th.

Five rooms and bath, $40. 306 West 51st St.

Brooklyn.

One-half New York rent; 10 minutes from New York; excellent location on Brooklyn Heights; 11 Monroe Place; attractive, new; every convenience; service; one, two, and three rooms, with baths.

$42 HIGH-CLASS END APARTMENT $42. 6 light rooms; tiled bath; parquet floors; electric lights; walking distance Subway. Golden Realty, St. James's Pl., near Fulton.

Storage.

Thirty cents a line.

AMERICAN STORAGE CO.—Store your furniture, $3; moving, $3 van load; also boxing and shipping at moderate charges; send postal. American Storage Co., 604-608 West 48th. Telephone 2687 Bryant.

ANSONIA STORAGE.

Moving, packing, and shipping; automobile vans for long-distance moving; let us estimate. Send postal 137-139 West 79th St., or Tel. 3052 or 3053 Riverside.

Other Real Estate Advertisements on Preceding Page.

Purchase and Exchange.

Thirty cents a line.

A. S. BORG, 146 WEST 23D ST.

Highest prices for diamonds, platinum, old gold, silver, old teeth, pawn tickets; 25 to 50 per cent. for Provident tickets.

I pay highest cash prices for furniture, bric-a-brac, paintings, rugs, pianos. Myers, 115 University Place. 2298 Stuyvesant.

Absolutely highest price paid for old sealskin, Persian lamb, and other high-grade furs. M. Naftal, 69 West 45th St.

Machinery.

Thirty cents a line.

Electric motors, lighting and plating dynamos, bought, sold; also rented. GEO. BENDER, 122 Centre St., N. Y. City.

Lost

Thirty-five cents a line.

LOST—A pear-shaped emerald cabochon pendant, surrounded by diamonds, platinum chain, Saturday night, Jan. 17, 11 P. M. to 8 A. M., between Sherry's and 140 West 55th, thence to Healy's, 66th St. and return; $100 reward; no questions. Miss Joan Sawyer, 140 West 55th St.

LOST.—Jan. 25, lynx fur scarf, on Central Av. or Richmond Turnpike. Finder please communicate with Furlong, 68 Haven Esplanade, Tompkinsville, S. I. Telephone 1415 Tompkinsville. Reward; no questions asked.

LOST—Liberal reward for return of gold watch on bracelet that was picked up by a gentleman on 3d St., between 8th and 9th Avs., Brooklyn, on the evening of the 26th. Owner, 607 3d St., Brooklyn.

LOST—Tuesday, Jan. 27, either in Hoboken, vicinity of Lackawanna Station, Hudson Tube, or Waldorf-Astoria, New York, $32. If found please address Box 151, Summit, N. J.

LOST—In Subway, or vicinity 42d St. and Broadway, gentleman's gold, open face watch; initials "G. S. L."; Tiffany make; liberal reward. Little, 49 Claremont, N. Y. C.

LOST—Sapphire and pearl horseshoe, Saturday evening, Jan. 24, between 39th St. Theatre and Cafe de Paris. Reward if returned to C. M. Haley, 451 West End Av.

LOST—Sunday, Jan. 25, gold locket, chain; initials "R. I. I." reward. Helen Irish, 152 West 65th St.

LOST—Black fox muff, Astor Theatre, evening Jan. 27; reward. Reed Miller, 749 West End Av.

LOST—Downtown, purse containing money, Subway tickets, key; reward. Room 1,108, 26 Stone St.

LOST—1913 diary and railroad tickets; liberal reward. Goldsmith, 34 West 33d.

$100 REWARD

will be paid for the return of a blue leather cigarette case, three by four inches, with diamonds in upper left hand corner forming a square and within the square a name containing five letters set in diamonds; the case was lost at Ritz-Carlton, the Winter Garden, or between these points Thursday evening, Jan. 22, 1914. Address any information to M. W., P. O. Box No. 972, New York.

$100 REWARD

for solitaire diamond earscrew, lost Jan. 27, between 84th, 5th Av., 52d.
TIFFANY & CO., 5th Av., 37th St.

Public Notices

Forty cents a line.

THE EQUAL FRANCHISE SOCIETY APpeals for additional members, at $3 a year each, to help in the present campaign for the franchise for women. It is intended to give lectures and to extend the circulation of our traveling libraries. Further particulars on application to Helen C. Mansfield, President, 8 East 87th Street, New York.

Boarders Wanted

Twenty cents a line.

East Side.

9TH, 12 EAST, (near 5th Av.)—Desirable rooms, single, double; private bath; steam; excellent table; telephone; reasonable.

11TH, 29 EAST.—Desirable large front room; running water; heated; excellent table.

29TH ST., 38 EAST.—Rooms, with large closets; hot, cold water; parlor dining room.

53D ST., 37 and 52 EAST.—Rooms with board; table board; references.

63D ST., 23-30 EAST.—LARGE, SMALL, ATTRACTIVE ROOMS; EXCELLENT BOARD.

IRVING PLACE, 71.—Sunny front parlor; running water; also room and bath; phone.

MADISON AV., 71.—Large and small rooms; board gentlemen or families; references.

West Side.

39TH ST., 49 WEST.—One room and bath, with or without board.

49TH ST., 68 WEST.—Established 25 years; rooms, suites, baths, telephones; superior table.

54TH ST., 54 WEST.—Large, small rooms; first-class references.

57TH ST., 411 WEST, (Hotel La Grange.)—Choice accommodations; double rooms, (board two,) $15; single, $7.50; steam heated; superior cuisine.

57TH, 359 WEST.—Nicely furnished large, small rooms; excellent French board; telephone.

68TH, 74 WEST.—Desirable double, single rooms; private baths; Southerners accommodated; reasonable.

69TH, 111 WEST.—Educated Spanish young man would like congenial American roommate.

69TH, 111 WEST.—ELEGANT ROOMS; PRIVATE BATHS; TABLE GUESTS.

71ST, 62 WEST.—Double, single rooms; private baths; electricity, steam; excellent course dinner 50 cents; outside guests accommodated.

72D ST., 117 WEST.—Suite of rooms with bath; all conveniences. Telephone 8966 Columbus.

72D, 266 WEST.—Large sunny room; newly decorated; running water; refined surroundings; references.

72D, 263 West.—Sunny second-story room; private bath; hot water; heat; reasonable.

78D ST., 136 WEST.—Sunny single rooms, quiet, refined surrroundings; home table; references.

78D ST., 142 WEST.—Refined home; handsome large rooms; all improvements; reference exchanged.

76TH, 127-129 WEST.—Sunny double front room; reasonable, parlor dining; table guests.

76TH ST., 237-239 WEST.—Large, sunny room; running water; single room; excellent table.

76TH, 111 WEST.—Large, small, heated, attractive room, smaller room; choice table.

78TH ST. 301 WEST.—Handsomely furnished rooms; single or en suite; excellent table; home cooking; steam heat; electricity; references.

79TH ST., 114 AND 182 WEST.

Norece Hall and The Bonheur, residential hotels; attractive, homelike, unusual; Southern cooking; white maid service; steam heat; telephone in every room; booklet on request.

79TH, 122 WEST.—Beautiful, sunny, 2d floor room, electricity; French cuisine; references.

80TH ST., 140 WEST.—Attractively furnished rooms; single or en suite; southern exposure.

80TH, 141-143 WEST.—One large, one small room; refined, homelike; references.

80TH, 144 WEST.—Strictly high-class rooms; private bath; French cuisine; conveniences.

81ST ST., 129 WEST.—Large room; private bath; southern exposure; telephone; references; modcrate.

81ST, 158 WEST.—Single rooms; excellent table; parlor-floor dining; telephone; reference.

83D, 5 WEST.—Suites, single; steam, electricity, unusually good meals; telephone; references.

84TH, 53 WEST.—Beautiful rooms; private baths; excellent table; references exchanged.

84TH, 47 WEST.—Magnificent, warm room, private bath; attractive house; excellent board.

85TH, 333 WEST.—Large, attractive third floor front room, for two; all conveniences; private family.

90TH, 18 WEST.—Refined home can accommodate few people; excellent table; references.

91ST, 149 WEST.—Handsome rooms, single, en suite; desirable home; gentlemen or couple.

94TH ST., 148 WEST.—Second floor; large, small rooms; table guests; Southern cooking.

103D, 250 WEST.—Desirable accommodations; dentist, physician; attractive room; excellent board; refined home; 252 West, table board that is unsurpassed.

103D, Corner West End Av., 879.—Bright room; excellent meals; moderate; references.

113TH, 560 WEST.—Elegant room, southern exposure; suitable one, two; excellent cuisine.

114TH, 526 WEST.—Attractive single sunny rooms; excellent table.

121ST ST., 132 WEST.—Large, small rooms; steam; parlor dining rooms; American table.

149TH ST., 544 WEST, (Near Broadway Subway.)—"The Audubon," Washington Heights; long established; best recommended private family hotel; in nicest and healthiest section; vacancies, two large, bright rooms, 'phone, electricity, private bath, $25 for two, including first-class board; $5 every additional; another large room, $16 for two; smaller room for $8; parlor dining rooms; separate tables; every comfort. Tel. 2757 Audubon.

867 RIVERSIDE DRIVE,
near 157th St. Subway; NOT A BOARDING HOUSE, but conducted to make it a comfortable home for A FEW PEOPLE of refinement at VERY MODERATE rates; steam heated; private bath; unobstructed view of Hudson. Tel. 2362—Audubon.

BROTHER, SISTER, having unusual home, delicious meals, desire appreciative gentlemen, seeking exclusive home, to share. "Broadway," S 22 Times.

PROMPT DELIVERY FREE.
Want advertisements for The New York Times received at American District Messenger offices in New York City at office rates.—Adv.

Boarders Wanted

Twenty cents a line.

West Side.

Charming Winter Home,
Away from city and noise,
yet within 20 minutes from Manhattan;
grand location, overlooking city, country, sea;
cool in Summer, warm in Winter.
THE EVELYN LODGE,
Lovely, sunny rooms, suites, all outside, beautifully furnished, magnificent dining room, excellent chef and service; separate tables; everything sweet and clean; very attractive. Single, from $9; two, from $17, with meals. Take boat at Battery; fare 5 cents. 71 Central Av., Tompkinsville, S. I.

WEST END, 524, (86th Subway).—Floor, rooms, single, suite; excellent table; references.

Board Wanted

Twenty cents a line.

BOARD wanted by middle age man and wife in private family, west side. S 16 Times.

Country Board.

Thirty cents a line.

New Jersey.

PLAINFIELD, N. J.

Invalids, convalescents, and the infirm given every comfort and attention in refined, attractive home; expert masseur; graduate nurses; excellent table; special diets; mechano-therapy, physical culture, saddle horses. X, 1,014 Times.

Furnished Rooms

Twenty cents a line.

East Side.

9TH ST., 18 EAST, Between University Place and 5th Av.—Nicely furnished front rooms; telephone and bath.

16TH, 206 EAST.—Steam-heated room; running water, hot and cold; telephone.

17TH ST., 130 EAST.—Large and small well furnished rooms; private house; reasonable.

19TH ST., 134 EAST.—Large, sunny room; running water; telephone, bath; $6; references.

23D ST., 20 EAST, (Madison Square South.) Suite, two rooms and bath.

43D, 16 EAST.—HANDSOME LARGE, SMALL ROOMS; MODERN CONVENIENCES.

45TH ST., 16 EAST.—Handsome room, with private bath; single room; breakfast optional; references.

47TH ST., 5 EAST.—Large rooms; private baths; furnished, unfurnished; $6, $8 weekly.

48TH ST., 19 EAST.—Large, small, light rooms; all improvements; bath, steam heat; phone.

53D, 58 EAST.—Large, handsome rooms; connecting bath; southern exposure; suitable two people; unusual conveniences; electricity; telephone.

60TH, 110 EAST.—Handsomely furnished room; private bath; all conveniences; private family; telephone.

66TH, 58 EAST.—Unusual desirable office, reception rooms, for doctor and dentist.

122D ST., 72 EAST.—Single flat, eight large rooms and bath; sunshine in every room; steam heat; hot water; rent, $40.

IRVING PLACE, 14.—Front rooms; box spring beds; tiled bathrooms; absolute cleanliness.

LEXINGTON AV., 1,336, Near 53th St.—Parlor suitable manicure or chiropodist; also large rooms.

LEXINGTON AV., 586. — HOMELIKE ROOMS; BREAKFAST; REFERENCES; SELECT.

West Side.

14TH ST., 350 WEST.—ROOMS, WITH OR WITHOUT BOARD; PRIVATE BATH; REASONABLE.

59TH ST., 11 WEST.—Attractively furnished rooms; near bath; running water; southern exposure; select.

45TH ST., 156 WEST, (NEAR BROADWAY.) COMFORTABLE, NEWLY FURNISHED, HEATED ROOMS; RUNNING WATER; RESPECTABLE COUPLES; TELEPHONE; REFERENCES.

47TH, 41 WEST.—Steam-heated front basement bedroom; reasonable; would consider business proposition.

47TH, 1 WEST.—Front basement bedroom; reasonable; steam; telephone; would consider light business.

47TH ST., 41 WEST.—Front single room; steam, running water; telephone; select house.

47TH, 53 WEST.—Rooms, large, single, private baths; board optional. 4589 Bryant.

48TH ST., 65 WEST.—Newly furnished rooms; small; in quiet residence; $4; permanent only.

51ST ST., 354 WEST.—Large room; steam heated; special value; $4 weekly; reference.

52D ST., 250 WEST, (Near Broadway.)—Beautiful back parlor; other nice rooms; telephone. Pierce.

55TH ST., 251 WEST.—Attractively furnished large, small rooms; steam; bath; conveniences. 1476 Columbus.

56TH ST, 125 WEST.—Attractively furnished parlor bedroom and bath; every convenience. 6236 Columbus.

58D, 62 WEST.—Large, small, desirably furnished rooms; bath; modern conveniences; southern exposure.

58TH, 251 WEST.—Large, attractively furnished rooms; running water; all conveniences; 1476—Columbus.

56TH, 68 WEST.—Beautiful suite, rooms steam, hot water, private baths, telephone.

68TH, 68 WEST.—Large, attractively furnished, sunny rooms; private bath; select. 8826 Columbus.

68TH, 70 WEST.—Elegant large rooms, with or without private baths; references; telephone.

68TH, 62 WEST.—Sunny, large room; $6; ideal location; refined surroundings; references.

66TH ST. AND BROADWAY.—Exclusive handsomely furnished room and bath for two gentlemen; with or without meals. X 244 Times.

69TH ST., 120 WEST.—Large and small, handsomely furnished rooms; private baths. 5477 Columbus.

69TH ST., 143 WEST.—Attractive room; exclusive apartment, (near Broadway;) telephone, shower; breakfast. Wilde.

70TH ST., 36 WEST.—Beautiful, newly furnished rooms, running water; dressing rooms; homelike; electricity; also parlor floor.

70TH, 36 WEST.—Newly opened; beautiful furnished rooms; running hot, cold water; homelike

70TH ST., 100 WEST.—Extra large, handsome front rooms; conveniences; telephone Subway. "L": reasonable.

71ST, 282 WEST, (Corner West End Av.)—Scrupulously clean rooms, singly or en suite, furnished or unfurnished, for refined business people; running water, telephone, electricity.

71ST, 69 WEST.—Desirably furnished large, small rooms; private bath; parlor; telephone; Subway.

71ST ST., 71 WEST.—Attractive rooms; telephone; beautifully furnished; all conveniences; references.

71ST ST., 222 WEST.—Medium rooms; lavatory, bathroom adjoining; modern, private house; electricity.

RIVERSIDE DRIVE, 552, (Madrid.)—Beautiful room; Hudson view; newly furnished; elevator. Turner.

ST. NICHOLAS AV., 1,250, (178d.)—Large room; steam; small room; near bath.

TEACHER OR BUSINESS WOMAN.—Sunny room; refined family; exceptional privileges. S 23 Times.

WASHINGTON PLACE, 88.—Attractive sunny room; private apartment; modern conveniences; refined surroundings.

WEST END, 611.—Magnificent room; private bath; excellent plumbing; electricity; large closets; private family; near 91st Subway; references.

Brooklyn.

147 CLINTON ST., NR. SUBWAY.
Private family has nicely furnished room.

FLATBUSH—107 WOODRUFF AV.
Large, well heated room, near station.

Rooms Wanted—Furnished

Twenty cents a line.

YOUNG BUSINESS MAN wants warm room, west side, 72d or 96th St. preferred; state price. S 7 Times.

For Sale—Miscellaneous.

Thirty cents a line.

TYPEWRITERS RENTED
TYPEWRITERS RENTED
4 months for $5 and upward.
4 months for $5 and upward.
AMERICAN WRITING MACHINE CO., Inc.,
$45 Broadway, at Leonard St. Tel. 5480
956 Broadway, at 25d St. Franklin.
50 Nassau St., at Maiden Lane.
10 Barclay St. Tel. 6353 Cortlandt.

IMPERIAL FLOWER COMPANY,
50-cent boxes of flowers direct to consumer have removed to
GROUND FLOOR, 28 WEST 31ST ST.

Burlaps.—Barrel covers for sale cheap. Andres, 75 Allen St., New York.

Pianos and Organs.

Thirty cents a line.

Chickering upright piano, fine condition; cost $500; sacrifice for $125. Anguera, 816 W.

PROMPT DELIVERY FREE.
Want advertisements for The New York Times received at American District Messenger offices in New York City at office rates.—Adv.

Choice Selection

"The beautiful room I have secured was one of many offered by families who saw my advertisement in The New York Times," writes Frederick Greenberg of 515 West 110th Street. This advertiser also reports that ALL his replies came from just the class of people he sought.

The advertisement:

Gentleman wishes front room with private family, West Side, vicinity 116th St. K., 6 East 18th St.

Telephone your advertisement to The Times—Bryant 1000.

Furnished Rooms

Twenty cents a line.

West Side.

82D, 140 WEST.—Furnished rooms, large, small; private family; telephone; references.

85D, 11 WEST.—Warm, comfortably furnished rooms; quiet, refined home; meals optional.

86TH ST., 41 WEST.—Well-furnished double room, adjoining bath; unusually desirable; reasonable for two men.

86TH ST., (537 West End Av.)—Attractive rooms; exquisite neighborhood; breakfast optional; references.

86TH, 302 WEST.—Attractively furnished rooms; continuous hot water; refined private home.

93D, 63 WEST.—Desirable warm, sunny rooms; large; homelike; lavatories; housekeeping privileges.

94TH ST., (222 Riverside Drive.)—Nicely furnished, light room; steam, electricity; quiet, elegant apartment of young couple; breakfast optional. Apartment No. 2. Telephone 3157 River.

95TH ST., 19 WEST.—Parlor floor, furnished, unfurnished; doctor, musicales, other business; also large, light room; private bath; telephone.

95TH ST., 255 WEST.—Exceptionally large, comfortably furnished front room; high-class apartment. Linz.

95TH ST., RIVERSIDE DRIVE.—Large, beautifully furnished rooms; southern exposure; private family. D 110 Times.

9 WEST 96TH ST.

Large, smaller rooms; breakfast; owner's residence.

97TH ST., 209 WEST.—A comfortably furnished outside room in high-class elevator apartment; all modern conveniences; private family; Broadway Subway express one block; board optional.

97TH ST., 136 WEST.—Large room; private bath, parquet floors, Oriental rugs, electricity, vacuum cleaning; only refined professional party considered; highest references enchanged. 208T Riverside.

101ST ST., 16 WEST.—Attractive parlor suites; telephone, electricity, housekeeping; $7, $8. McNamara.

103D, 145 WEST.—Large, beautiful rooms, private house; convenient neighborhood; telephone; references.

107TH, 202 WEST.—Nice bedroom, running water; private family; gentleman. Apt. 8.

111TH ST, 605 WEST.—Pleasant, light room for gentleman; modern elevator apartment, Apt. 19.

118TH, 541 WEST.—Apt. 3; desirably furnished, medium room; all conveniences; gentleman; select; reasonable.

113TH, 523 WEST.—Rare opportunity those desiring high-class furnished rooms; reasonable.

115TH ST., 419 WEST.—Columbia University; light outside room; bath, shower; electricity; elevator; telephone. Lyman.

116TH, (Near Drive.)—Attractive, light room, adjoining bath; private family. X 246 Times.

118TH, 400 WEST.—Two attractive, sunny corner rooms, Morningside Heights; overlooking Park; magnificent view; celebrated restaurant; rooms $12; references.

118TH, 405 WEST.—Attractive, sunny rooms; elevator, shower, telephone. Apartment 41.

119TH ST., 121 WEST.—Double room; large closet; dressing room; running water; desirable neighborhood.

120TH, 434 WEST, (Apt. 8H.)—Two attractively furnished connecting rooms; east, south; gentlemen; permanent; call after 4 o'clock.

120TH, 414 WEST.—Opposite Columbia; large sunny handsomely furnished rooms; single, en suite. D.

122D ST., 201 WEST.—Desirable outside room in corner apartment; private family; convenient to "L" road, Subway, restaurants; references required; gentlemen preferred; reasonable. Hallock.

122D, 505 WEST.—Airy rooms; single, connecting. French-Spanish conversation; housekeeping. Varon.

122D, 135 WEST.—Large, attractive double room; adjoining bath; sunny; private house; reasonable.

122D, 540 WEST.—Large, homelike corner rooms. Telephone Morningside 4880. Apartment 51.

122D ST., 501 WEST.—Front room, bath, in quiet apartment; $4 weekly. Keating.

124TH, 541 WEST.—American family; elevator; Broadway Subway; gentlemen; $3.00. Apartment 21.

126TH, 160 WEST.—Newly furnished rooms, $7-$15 weekly, including Turkish bath.

127TH ST., 61 WEST.—Handsomely furnished rooms; private house; conveniences; moderate rates.

128TH, 147 WEST.—Large, attractively furnished front room, private residence; telephone; Subway. "L."

140TH, 559 WEST.—Light outside single room; heated; large closet; private family. Brown.

143D, 501 WEST.—Large, clean, comfortable front room; gentlemen; elevator. Apt. 27.

160TH, WEST, (25 Fort Washington Av.)—Comfortable rooms; single or en suite.

164TH, 548 WEST.—Magnificent elevator; telephone; piano; kitchen; lady; $4; references. O'Grady.

ALLERTON HOUSE, 300 WEST 22D ST.
(For Bachelors Only.)

Hotel and club conveniences at rooming house prices; new fireproof building; elevator; hot and cold running water in every room; tub and shower baths; all outside rooms; single rooms, $4 to $7 weekly; rooms for two, $8 to $8.50 weekly each.

HAMILTON TERRACE, 11, (141st, Convent Av.)—Dainty suite, dressing room, $6.50; residence.

LARGE ROOM, home conveniences, to one or two young women of companionable qualities; students preferred. S. S., Times Harlem.

RIVERSIDE DRIVE, 631, (West 148th.)—Pleasant room, bath, 'phone; reasonable; private house.

RIVERSIDE DRIVE, 552, (Madrid.)—Beautiful room; Hudson view; newly furnished; elevator. Turner.

ST. NICHOLAS AV., 1,250, (178d.)—Large room; steam; small room; near bath.

TEACHER OR BUSINESS WOMAN.—Sunny room; refined family; exceptional privileges. S 23 Times.

WASHINGTON PLACE, 88.—Attractive sunny room; private apartment; modern conveniences; refined surroundings.

WEST END, 611.—Magnificent room; private bath; excellent plumbing; electricity; large closets; private family; near 91st Subway; references.

Brooklyn.

147 CLINTON ST., NR. SUBWAY.
Private family has nicely furnished room.

FLATBUSH—107 WOODRUFF AV.
Large, well heated room, near station.

Help Wanted Female

Fifteen cents a line.

BOOKKEEPER.—Assistant bookkeeper wanted; state age, nationality, experience, and salary expected; knowledge stenography and typewriting desirable; give phone number if possible. P 372 Times Downtown.

BOOKKEEPER AND SECRETARY, charge of office, mail, &c.; highest references. Apply by letter only, C. A., 1,364 Broadway.

CLOAK MODEL wanted; experienced; size 36. Apply Room 705, 1,182 Broadway.

NURSE.—Experienced, between 30 and 40 years, to take charge of six weeks infant; salary $35; none but thoroughly competent need apply. Call, with references, Apt. 57, 619 West 127th St.

SPANISH YOUNG WOMAN wanted, well educated, bright, and understanding dressmaking, capable of making gramatical Spanish translations from the English. Apply W. C. Reed, Butterick Building, New York.

STENOGRAPHER and Typist.—Rapid and accurate; good grammarian; $6. D. B., 515 West 187th St.

TRIMMERS, MILLINERS; NONE BUT EXPERIENCED NEED APPLY.
SCHWARTZ'S,
685 8TH AV., NEAR 43D ST., N. Y.

YOUNG WOMAN residing in neighborhood to take entire charge of boy of 5, from 8 to 5:30 daily. Call 51 West 10th St.

Instruction.
Thirty cents a line.

A.—THE NEW YORK SCHOOL OF SECRETARIES, AEOLIAN HALL, 33 WEST 42D ST. SECRETARIAL COURSES ONLY. STENOGRAPHY, SECRETARIAL, ENGLISH, ACCOUNTANCY, AND SOCIAL AMENITIES. V. M. WHEAT, DIRECTOR.

A SPECIAL COURSE FOR TRAINING SECRETARIES at a reliable school. Registered and Inspected by the Regents of the University of the State of New York. Individual instruction; monthly payments. PRATT SCHOOL, 94 West 45th St. Known throughout the country for thorough work.

Help Wanted, Male

Fifteen cents a line.

ACCOUNTANT.—By a firm of accountants, a qualified accountant; some knowledge of fire insurance accounts necessary. Apply, giving references and salary required, P 377 Times Downtown.

AN ENERGETIC MAN may earn $100 monthly profits in the mail order business; spare time at first; send for particulars. Dept. B Mutual Opportunities Exchange, Buffalo, N.Y.

A.—SALESMEN WANTED; 100 GOOD LIVE SALESMEN; SALARY AND COMMISSION, FOR CITY OF NEW YORK; MUST BE REPRESENTATIVE MEN WITH SOME PERSONALITY. APPLY 10 A. M. ONLY AT 124 EAST 15TH ST., (GAS BUILDING,) FIFTH FLOOR. ASK FOR MR. L. CAMPBELL, MANAGER, NEW BUSINESS DEPARTMENT, MUNICIPAL LIGHTING COMPANY.

COLLECTOR.—For small accounts; must be familiar with New York and Brooklyn, and give full particulars with references in your reply. P 375 Times Downtown.

GIMBEL BROTHERS,
NEW YORK
REQUIRE THE SERVICES OF A THOROUGHLY EXPERIENCED PICTURE HANGER.
Apply at Employment Office, fifth floor, 32d St. side.

GIMBEL BROTHERS,
NEW YORK
REQUIRE THE SERVICES OF A THOROUGHLY EXPERIENCED JEWELER FOR GOLD AND PLATINUM WORK.
Apply at Employment Office, fifth floor, 32d St. side.

OUTSIDE SALESMAN for high-class pianos; piano experience not necessary, but must be producer and high-class man; liberal salary; permanent; references. S 5 Times.

SALESMEN, experienced, with reference, to handle a cheap line of muslin underwear in New York City and vicinity on commission basis. Anchor Muslin Underwear, 91 Mercer St.

SALESMAN.—Remunerative employment for well-dressed men over 40 selling household necessity direct to consumer; all sales based on introduction from one customer to other; commission. Schoenfeld, 53 West 15th.

SALESMAN wanted for N. Y. City manufacturing trade; salary or commission; embroideries and laces import only. Apply by letter, giving full particulars, Labhard & Co., 212 6th Av.

SALESMEN, experienced, with reference, to handle a cheap line of muslin underwear in New York City and vicinity on commission basis. Anchor Muslin Underwear, 91 Mercer St.

SALESMAN wanted of high standing, with New York department store trade, to represent a foreign manufacturer of high-grade hair ornaments; none but the best need apply; commission or salary. B 46 Times.

SALESMAN.—Man over 25; education and address; salesman first, then manager; guarantee and commission. Ryan, 156 6th Av.

SALESMAN WANTED, with knowledge of children's dress line, to work on commission basis. Keeler Mfg. Co., 1,116 Broadway.

SALESMAN.—Experienced salesman on kimonos. National Negligee, 85 Washington St. Commission.

SHIPPING CLERK wanted; experienced; one familiar with raincoat line preferred; write, stating references and salary expected. D 131 Times.

SOLICITOR.—Newspaper advertising solicitor; commission; high-class contract man, good credentials, can secure desirable connections. Room 7, 397-401 Fulton St., Brooklyn.

YOUNG MEN, ATTENTION!
NATIONAL GUARD PAY BILL will pass Congress in the near future. Enlisted men will receive from $45 to $200 per year for attending drill one evening each week.
We have a few vacancies in a mounted cavalry troop for able-bodied men of good character and appearance. Everything absolutely free; comfortable quarters in modern armory; complete regulation outfit, including dress uniform and overcoat. We have lounging parlors, locker rooms, reading rooms, shower baths, &c.
All members can drop in at the armory at any time, day or evening, and use horses and saddles, also pistol range; instruction free.
For further particulars, write or call Sergeant VALLANCE, Armory 1st Reg't Field Artillery, N. G. N. Y., 68th St. and Broadway.

Instruction.
Thirty cents a line.

ACCOUNTANTS.—Examination ordered for Chief of Division, Bureau of Statistics and Accounts, Public Service Commission, New York City; salary $3,800; evening class begins Feb. 2, 8 P. M.; first lesson, free lecture; call, don't write. THE BOOTH SCHOOL, 501 5th Av.

YOUNG MEN.—Exceptional opportunity; learn mechanical dentistry; earn while learning; clean, well paying; professional trade; taught thoroughly in few months; no book study; morning, afternoon, and evening sessions; enormous demand everywhere for mechanical dentists; positions guaranteed; write or call. Bodee's Dental Trade School, 489 5th Av., near 42d.

Situations Wanted

Fifteen cents a line.

Female.

BOOKKEEPER, TYPIST.—Publishing experience; thoroughly competent; hard worker; salary $15. S 10 Times.

BOOKKEEPER, STENOGRAPHER. — Four years' experience; competent; $12. A Pincus, 800 East Houston.

COMPANION.—Position in family, companion and masseuse for lady, child; references. X 247 Times.

DRESSMAKER.—Colored; references; quick; day or week; $2. Hurd, 456 W. 57th St.

EDITOR.—Woman editor, age 43, strong, interesting writer, has books published, is in Who's Who; understands make up and all details; capable of taking full charge; wants position. Address, with particulars, Capable, S 14 Times.

GOVERNESS.—Lady highly recommends her English governess; teaches English, French; music. Mrs. S. Bacon, Pleasantville, N. Y.

GRADUATE MASSEUSE wishes lady patients at residences. Miss Larson. 'Phone 7320 Audubon.

GRADUATE MASSEUSE gives treatments at ladies' residences. Tel. Schuyler 9430.

HOUSEKEEPER.—Lady 35 years old, competent and reliable, would like position as housekeeper; excellent reference. X 249 Times.

HOUSEWORK.—Young woman for housework; small family; apartment; references. Meany, 1,208 Amsterdam Av.

LADY of many years' experience in real estate, renting, collecting, desires position. R 149 Times.

LADY'S MAID, thoroughly experienced hairdresser, dressmaker; highly recommended; country preferred. S 11 Times.

LAUNDRESS, by capable Finnish woman, who can be seen at the house of her present employer, No. 4 East 74th St.

LAUNDRESS, experienced, wishes fine work; take home or out; open air drying. Smith, 113 West 46th St., care of Taylor.

MAID.—Lady living alone wishes white maid, for general housework preferred; Swedish or Finnish; must speak English; city references required; wages, $25. Call Thursday, before 12 o'clock,

ROBIN MOVES AGAIN TO UPHOLD PARDON

Says Sulzer Granted One Before Impeached, but Somebody Destroyed It.

ATTACKS WARDEN'S STAND

Hayes Recognized Sulzer's Commutations of Sentences at the Time, He Says.

In an effort to be restored to citizenship, and incidentally to punish some of the men whom he charges with having conspired to ruin him, Joseph G. Robin is to make a motion in the Supreme Court of Ulster County to determine the validity of the pardon granted him by ex-Gov. Sulzer on Aug. 30. When the pardon was issued it was supposed to be mainly for the purpose of ascertaining whether Mr. Sulzer had any right to exercise the functions of a Governor between the time of his impeachment and the date of the verdict of the Court of Impeachment. Supreme Court Justice Hasbrouck, sitting in Ulster County, decided that the pardon was invalid, and so Robin had to stay in the penitentiary. This decision has been appealed, and will be argued before the Appellate Division in March.

Now Mr. Robin says that the pardon of Aug. 30 was not an original pardon, but was merely a reissue by Mr. Sulzer of a pardon granted him on Aug. 12, the day before Mr. Sulzer was impeached. In his statement Mr. Robin says that "this first pardon traveled somewhere from Sulzer's desk, after the latter had signed it, and that it was destroyed by some one." Mr. Robin also says that Warden Hayes of Blackwell's Island refused to recognize this particular act of Mr. Sulzer, but that as a matter of fact the Warden did recognize other similar acts of Mr. Sulzer as late as Aug. 26, and released some 120 prisoners from the penitentiary, on commutations granted by Sulzer, after his impeachment.

Accompanying the papers served by Mr. Robin's attorney, Robert D. Ireland, are several affidavits sustaining the contention of Mr. Robin. One of these was made by ex-Congressman William S. Bennet, and two others were made by Charles M. Whitney and Samuel Bell Thomas, who are lawyers. Mr. Bennet's affidavit says that on Aug. 30 he was told by Mr. Sulzer that the first pardon had been destroyed, but that he had come to the conclusion that the executive privy seal would serve as an attestation of the Governor's signature.

Mr. Thomas's affidavit is to the effect that on Aug. 12 Mr. Sulzer told him that he would issue a pardon for Mr. Robin on that day. On the next day Mr. Thomas says Mr. Sulzer pointed to a paper on his desk and said: "There is the pardon for Robin. Now that I have issued it, the question is whether we can get the Secretary of State to put the great seal of the State to it." Mr. Thomas says he looked at the pardon and that it was in behalf of Robin.

The papers in the case were served yesterday on the Corporation Counsel and the District Attorney in order that they might be prepared to meet the motion when it is made in Ulster County.

AMERICANA CO. MUST PAY.

Munn & Co. Win Suit Against Publishers of Encyclopedia.

Vice Chancellor Emery signed a decree yesterday directing the Americana Company and its co-defendants in the suit brought by Munn & Co. of New York to pay to the complainant company $17,513.17 with interest from December, 1911. The costs are also taxed against the defendants in addition to a counsel fee of $5,000 to Fort & Fort, counsel for Munn & Co. An appeal has already been taken. The defendants published the Encyclopedia Americana under an agreement, it is contended, by which Munn & Co., publishers of The Scientific American, were to be guaranteed a certain number of subscriptions for the use of that name. The agreement, it was alleged, was not carried out, an accounting was asked for and the court decided that to the complainant company is owed the amount stated, up to the time the agreement was terminated.

A SCHREYER SOLD FOR $2,100

"Group of Arab Horsemen" Brings Top Price at Charles H. Ward Sale.

A Schreyer, "A Group of Arab Horsemen," brought the highest price of the evening at the sale of the collection of paintings belonging to the estate of Charles Henry Ward and some other private collectors at the Merwin Galleries last evening. The picture was bought for Dr. J. B. Ferguson of Providence, R. I., by Vose of Boston, for $2,100. A "Portrait of Mrs. J. Greene," by John Singleton Copley, went to R. C. & N. M. Vose of Boston for $2,000.

An attractive picture, "The Border of the Lake," 9 inches by 14, by Rousseau, went to Watson Anthony, Ridgewood, N. J., for $260. "The Outskirts of a French Village," by Daubigny, went to the same buyer for $196. Edgar Van Dusen paid $220 for a small sheep picture by Troyan, and $275 for another by the same artist, a slightly larger canvas, showing the single figure of a bull running. "Sunset," a rather dark picture, by Jules Dupré, went to Van Dusen for $150.

"Sunset on a Lake," by Elliott Dangerfield, went to A. P. Cole for $130; J. H. Hunt paid $200 for an excellent Rembrandtesque "Portrait of a Man," attributed by the late owner to Ferdinand Bol and catalogued as by an unknown artist. "The Cotter's Back Yard," a small picture by Corot with the wax stamp showing its purchase at the sale of the Corot studio effects brought $105, and a "Landscape with a Lake," by Daubigny, went for $150. The returns for the sale were $8,064.

LATEST CUSTOMS RULINGS.

Slippers, Edgings, and a Misnamed Non-Alcoholic Compound.

The Board of United States General Appraisers yesterday sustained protests by W. A. Brown & Co., New York, and held that slippers composed of grass or straw are properly dutiable under the Tariff act of 1909, at 35 per cent. ad valorem as manufactures of grass or straw. The Collector classified the articles as cotton wearing apparel under paragraph 324, at 50 per cent. ad valorem, or at 60 per cent. as embroidered articles under paragraph 349.

Marshall Field & Co., Chicago, failed in a contention relating to edgings imported under the old law. The goods were returned for duty at the rate of 70 per cent. ad valorem under paragraph 350, as having been made on Lever or Gothrough machines. The importer claimed that even though the fabrics were made on the machines named, they were taxable at 60 per cent. as cotton braids, because the articles are commercially known as braids. Judge Howell holds that the goods in controversy have no such uniform, definite and general trade name as will operate to exclude them from the group of articles enumerated in paragraph 350.

The Board overruled a protest by the Chattanooga Brewing Company, and F. Reinemann, New York and Chattanooga, it being decided that Sinalco Seele manufactured as a base for non-alcoholic drinks is an alcoholic compound within the meaning of the Tariff act of 1909. The protestants contended that the product was a non-alcoholic compound dutiable at a rate lower than assessed. Judge Brown holds in his decision for the Board that to constitute a chemical mixture containing alcohol under paragraph 3, the chemicals themselves must form such a substantial part, without the alcohol, as to give such predominant character to the articles taken as a whole. If the alcogely predominates and the other ingredients of a chemical nature become relatively insignificant in quantity and proportion, then the article is an alcoholic compound under the paragraph.

CITY BREVITIES.

Prof. Israel Friedlander of the Jewish Theological Seminary will deliver a lecture on "Great Crises in Jewish History" to-night at Kehilath Jeshurun, at 117 East Eighty-sixth Street.

The first designation of a transfer tax appraiser in the new county of the Bronx was made yesterday when Surrogate Schulz appointed Thomas F. Turley as appraiser of the estate of Caroline Wiegand.

Magistrate Deuel, sitting in the West Side Court yesterday, discharged seven prisoners arraigned before him on a charge of having in their possession cocaine powders. When the case was called Detective Benjamin Bailie of Inspector Dwyer's staff, who had made the arrests, said that the powders found on the prisoners had been submitted to the Health Department for analysis, but that since the test had not been made evidence against the prisoners was lacking.

The race discrimination issue that has been raised against the Smith-Lever bill now pending in Congress will be discussed this evening in Cooper Union at a mass meeting under the auspices of the National Association for the Advancement of Colored People. Oswald Garrison Villard, Miss Lillian D. Wald, and Dr. W. E. B. Du Bois will speak.

"ZABERN" HAS PREMIERE.

New Military Play Acted at the Adolf Philipp Theatre.

"Zabern," a new military play in three acts, had its first production in America last night at the Adolf Philipp Theatre. The drama, which deals with the recent events in the army garrison town of Zabern, was written by F. Schumacher, editor of The Zaberner General Anzeiger, the adaption for the local German theatre being made by Adolf Philipp.

The play tells the story of the conflict between the civilians and army officers in Zabern last November, which led up to the recent court martial of Col. von Reuter and Lieut. Schad of the Ninety-ninth Infantry. The stellar rôle was portrayed by Miss Grete von Mayhof.

NEW YORK'S LEADING THEATRES.

EMPIRE B'way & 40th St. Evs. 8:20. Mats. Wed. & Sat., 2:20. MAUDE ADAMS in J. M. BARRIE'S comedy, only for those who have ever had a mother. THE LEGEND OF LEONORA By the author of "THE LITTLE MINISTER."

LYCEUM 45th St., near B'way. Evs. 8:30. Mats. To-day & Sat., 2:30. "Miss Burke has never captured a New York audience more thoroughly."—Sun. MISS BILLIE BURKE in W. S. Maugham's Greatest Success, THE LAND OF PROMISE

GARRICK 35 St., nr. B'way. Evs. 8:30. Mats. Wed. & Sat. at 2:30. "WOMEN WILL LOVE THIS PLAY."—EVE. SUN. Eva Moore & H. V. Esmond with the London Criterion Co. in THE DEAR FOOL

HUDSON 44 St., E. of B'way. Evs. 8.20. Mats. Wed. & Sat. at 2:20. "BIG LAUGHING SUCCESS" —EVE. WORLD. WM. COLLIER In a three-hour laugh-a-minute comedy, A LITTLE WATER ON THE SIDE

GAIETY Broadway & 46th St. Evs. 8:30. Matinees Wednesday & Saturday. LAST 3 NIGHTS—LAST MAT. SAT. ELSIE FERGUSON in William Hurlbut's Iowan Comedy, THE STRANGE WOMAN Next Mon., TALIAFERRO in "YOUNG Mabel & Edith WISDOM."

A Musical Punch with the Handsomest Chorus in the World at the Globe Theatre "The Queen of the Movies" New Tunes and Laughs at top Speed

New Amsterdam W. 42d St. Evs. 8:10. Klaw & Erlanger's New Musical Comedy, The Little Cafe by Ivan Caryll & C. M. S. McLellan.

LIBERTY 42 St., W. of B'way. Evs. 8:20. Mats. Wed. & Sat., 2:20. The International Operetta Sensation. Sari

THE HAZAZAA. YOU DON'T PRONOUNCE IT— YOU DANCE IT.

CRITERION B'way & 44th St. Evs. 8:20. Last Matinee Sat. 2:20. LAST WEEK AT THIS THEATRE. NEXT MONDAY TO THE GAIETY. MABEL AND EDITH TALIAFERRO in RACHEL CROTHERS' NEW COMEDY, YOUNG WISDOM

KNICKERBOCKER. B'way, 38 St. Evs. 8:15. Last Week —Last Matinee Sat., 2:15. Wm. H. Crane—Douglas Fairbanks With Amelia Bingham & Patricia Collinge In "THE NEW HENRIETTA" Next Monday at 8 sharp. Seats NOW. CHARLES FROHMAN presents THE LATEST MUSICAL COMEDY. THE LAUGHING HUSBAND

COHAN & HARRIS ASTOR B'way, 45th St. Evs. 8:20. Mats. Wed. & Sat., 2:20. COHAN'S BEST PLAY. Laughs Mystery Melodrama Thrills 7 KEYS TO BALDPATE

BELASCO 44th St., E. of B'way. Evs. 8:25. Mats. To-day & Sat., 2:20. 50TH TIME "The play of the year. Frances WED. EVE. Starr a revelation."—Eve. World. Frances Starr in HENRI BERNSTEIN'S THE SECRET

HARRIS 42d St., W. of B'way. Evs. 8:25. Matinees To-day & Sat., 2:20. LAST WEEKS BIGGEST and BEST OF ALL MUSICAL HITS. ADELE

WALLACK'S B'way & 30th St. Evs. 8.20. Mats. Wed. & Sat., 2:20. CYRIL MAUDE the famous English actor, in the tremendously successful comedy drama, "GRUMPY"

GEO. COHAN'S B'way & 43d St. Evs. 8:15. M. Mats. Wed. & Sat. 2:15. POTASH AND PERLMUTTER

GRAND Opera Ho. 23 St., 8 Av. Mat. Sat. Belasco's "The Man Inside." STARTING NEXT MON.—Seats Now. CHAUNCEY in OLCOTT Shameen Dhu.

ELTINGE 42d St., W. of B'way. Evs., 8:15. Mats. Wed. & Sat. at 2:15. THE YELLOW TICKET John Mason, John Barrymore, Florence Reed, Emmett Corrigan, Julian L'Estrange, Others.

Adolf Philipp THEATRE, 5th St., nr. 3d Av. Tel. Plaza 812 Every Eve. 8:15. Sat. Mat., 2:15. The Sensational Military Play ZABERN

BRONX Opera House, 149 St., E. of 3 Av. HENRY MILLER "The Rainbow" NEXT WEEK "THE TRAIL OF THE LONESOME PINE," with CHARLOTTE WALKER.

PHILHARMONIC SOCIETY OF NEW YORK. JOSEF STRANSKY, Conductor. To-night at 8:15 & T'm'w (Fri.) Aft., 2:30. CARNEGIE HALL. Soloist, MME. JULIA CULP. TSCHAIKOWSKY, Symphony after Byron's "Manfred"; SCHUBERT, "Du bist die Ruh"; WAGNER, "Traeume"; STRAUSS, Tone Poem, "Death and Transfiguration"; WOLF, Songs; LISZT, Hungarian Rhapsody No. 1. Next Sunday Afternoon at 3. BEETHOVEN-WAGNER PROGRAMME. Soloist, MME. JULIA CULP. Tickets at Box Office, Felix F. Leifels, Mgr.

SYMPHONY Society of New York. WALTER DAMROSCH, Conductor. BEETHOVEN FESTIVAL On the following evenings: Feb'y 18, 20, 25, 27, March 4, 7. SOLOISTS: MR. YSAYE, MME. JOMELLI, MISS MILLER, MR. MIDDLETON, MR. HOFMANN, MME. CULP, MR. SEAGLE, MR. MILLER, THE KNEISEL QUARTET. Oratorio Society, Louis Koemmenich, Cond. Subscriptions, Room 1201, Aeolian Hall.

F. F. PROCTOR'S N. Y. THEATRES 5TH AVE. B'way 28th St. Daily 2:15 & 8:15 P.M. Nights, reserved seats in Orch. and Balcony 50c. Robt. T. Haines & Ray Cox, Keath & Miller ship, Torcat's 40 Trained Roosters, "On the School Playground," others.

23D ST. nr. 6th Av. 58TH ST. & 3d Av. 125TH ST. Lex. Av. A classy potpourri of vaudeville and photo plays. Biggest in Vaudeville at Littlest Prices. 12 BIG FEATURES

CENTURY OPERA HOUSE | CENTRAL PARK WEST 62D ST. Nights at 8. Mats. Wed. & Sat. at 2. This Week and Next Monday Night, "ROMEO AND JULIET." Bef. Next Tuesday, "RIGOLETTO." POPULAR CONCERT EVERY SUN. NIGHT.

JARDIN DE DANSE 8:30 TO CLOSING Matinee Teas 3:30 to 6:30 TO-NIGHT—FIRST TIME IN AMERICA. "FURLANA"—Dance Approved by Pope. LOPOUKOWA LAST WEEK

COLUMBIA B'way & 47th Burlesque Mat. To-day Ben Welsh AND HIS BURLESQUERS

MINER'S HIGH-CLASS BURLESQUE People's (Bowery & Spring), Hastings' Big Show. Bronx (3d Av. & 156th St.), To-night, Am. Night.

BIJOU B'WAY, 30TH ST. At 9:30, 11, 12:30, 2:30, 5, 6:30, 8, 9:30. ADM. 15-25c. THE HOUSE OF BONDAGE Photo Drama Sensation

UNION SQ. B'WAY, 14 ST. NEXT MONDAY, PRICES 10-15-25. 3 TIMES DAILY. 10-3-4-6-8. TRAFFIC IN SOULS

HIPPODROME 6th Av., 43d, 44th. Daily Mat. 2. Best Seats $1. Evs. 8. 1,000 People. Carnival of Sports. 20 Fire Thrills. A—M—E—R—I—C—A Suffragette Parade. Plunging Auto. Court of Honor. First Steamer Through Panama Canal. NEXT WEEK— Annual February Change of CIRCUS 5 ACTS. Greatest Show ever seen anywhere. under a Roof.

WINTER GARDEN B'way & 50th. Evs. 8 sharp. Matinee To-day at 2, Best Seats $1.50. GREATEST OF ALL WINTER GARDEN SHOWS. THE WHIRL OF THE WORLD LYDIA KYASHT Sunday Night Concert—Best Bill in New York.

44TH ST. THEATRE, W. of B'WAY. Lew Fields .....Proprietor Evs. at 8 sharp. Mats. Wed. & Sat. at 2 sharp. Sensational Success of the London Gaiety Theatre Co. and Production THE GIRL ON THE FILM Wednesday Matinee, Best Seats $1.50.

Folies Marigny ATOP 44TH ST. THEA. Phone Bryant 1769. 11 to 1 Nightly. Adm. $1. Variete. Dancing. Restaurant. Dorothy Toye, Oy-Ka, and Dorma Leigh. Marcel's Art Studios, The Shatells, etc. Next Monday Night—Dancing Contest. Prizes awarded to ladies and gentlemen.

LITTLE Bernard Shaw's AMAZING COMEDY. 44th W. of B'y. Mats. Wed. & Sat. 2:30. Evs. 8:45. THE PHILANDERER

BOOTH Thea., 45th, W. of B'way. Evs. 8:45. Mats. T'day & Sat., 2:30. JOE WEBER & WALTER HAST Present THE WELSH PLAYERS in CHANGE

PRINCESS THEATRE OF THRILLS 39 n'r B'way. Saturday Night January 31, All New Bill. The Fountain, The Neglected Lady, The Hard Man, It Can Be Done, The Kiss in the Dark

SHUBERT THEATRE. 44th, W. of B'way. Evs. 8:15. Mats. Wed. & Sat., 2:15. A THOUSAND YEARS AGO

Maxine Elliott's Thea., 39th St., nr. B'way. Evs. 8:30. Mats. Wed. & Sat. The DEADLOCK with EDITH WYNNE MATTHISON

LYRIC 42d, W. of B'way. Evs. 8:15. Mats. Wed. & Sat., 2:15. GUY BATES POST in OMAR THE TENTMAKER

39TH ST. THEA., near B'way. Evs. 8:20. Mats. Wed. & Sat., 2:20. Dorothy Donnelly with LOU-TELLEGEN in MARIA ROSA. MON. FEB. 2 BLANCHE RING Supported by HARRY CONOR in "WHEN CLAUDIA SMILES." Seats To-day.

COMEDY Thea., 41st, nr. B'way. Evs. 8:15. Reg. Mat. Sat., 2:15. Popular Price Mat. Every Tues. 2:15. KITTY MacKAY Unquestionably the Greatest Comedy Triumph of the Year.

CASINO B'way and 39th St. Evs. 8:15. Mats. Wed. & Sat., 2:15. HIGH JINKS

Playhouse 48th, E. of B'way. Evs. 8:30. Mats. Wed. & Sat., 2:30. THE THINGS THAT COUNT OWING TO THE ENORMOUS SUCCESS Special Extra Matinees Fri., Feb. 6, & Fri., Feb. 13 BUY YOUR SEATS NOW

48TH ST. THEATRE. Evs. 8:20. Mats. 2:20. SEASON'S BIGGEST SUCCESS. TO-DAY $1.50 Matinee To-day.

MANHATTAN OP. HOUSE. Evs. 8:15. Mats. Wed. & Sat., 2:15 WITHIN THE LAW with JANE COWL

WEST END 125th, W. of 8 Av. Evs. 8:15. Matinee Sat., 2:15. The Fantasy with music. PRUNELLA with Maurice & Guerite Clark.

Cort 48th St., E. of B'way. Evs. at 8:20. Matinees Wed. & Sat., 2:20. Laurette Taylor "Peg o' My Heart."

Royal 1 block from 149th St. & 3d Av. 15 PERFORMANCES 2, 4, 7 & 9:15c Photo drama Sensation. The House of Bondage

METROPOLITAN OPERA HOUSE To-day Mat. at 2:30. Rheingold. Fremstad, Ober, Curtis, Alten, Sparkes; Jorn, Well, Goritz, Witherspoon, Braun, Reiss, Con.; Hertz. To-night at 8. Boris Godunow. Ober, Braslau; Maubourg; Didur, Althouse, Rothier, Segurola, Bada, Reiss. Cond., Toscanini. Fri. at 8:15. Bohème. Alda, Alten; Caruso, Gilly, Didur, Rothier. Con., Polacco. Sat. at 1:30. Meistersinger. Gadski, Mattfeld; Jorn, Well, Goritz, Reiss, Braun, Schlegel, Leonhardt. Cond., Toscanini. Sat. at 8. Pop. Prices (Double Bill). Cavalleria Rusticana. Destinn; Cristalli, Gilly; foll'd by Pagliacci. Bori; Martin, Gilly. Cond., Polacco. Sun. Eve. Concert. 50c. to $1.50. Puccini Night. Case, Alter., Pasquali; Amato, Althouse, Cristalli, and entire orchestra. Cond., Hageman. Next Mon. at 8:15. Tosca. Farrar; Caruso, Scotti, Pini-Corsi, Rossi. Cond., Toscanini. Tues. at 8 Phila.-Chicago Opera Co. (1 time.) Don Quichotte. Garden; Marcoux (debut), Dufranne, Warnery, Nicolay. Cond., Campanini. Wed. at 8:15. Girl of the Gold. West. Destinn; Caruso, Amato, Gilly, Didur. Cond., Polacco. Thurs. at 1:30. Walkuere. Gadski, Fremstad, Ober; Berger (debut), Braun, Ruysdael. Cond., Hertz. Thurs. at 8 (Double Bill.) Madeleine. Alda; Althouse, Segurola. Cond., Polacco. Don Pasquale. Bori; Cristalli, Scotti, Pini-Corsi. Cond., Toscanini.

BROOKLYN ACADEMY OF MUSIC. Tues., Feb. 3, at 8. Rosenkavalier. Ober, Hempel, Case; Goritz, Well, Jorn. Cond., Hertz. HARDMAN PIANO USED.

Carnegie Hall, Wed. Ev., Feb'y 4, at 8:15. The Mighty Trio. Last Appearance. YSAYE GODOWSKY GERARDY

Mozart, Saint-Saens, Schubert and Beethoven. Prices $1 to $2.50. Boxes, $15 & $18, at Box Office. Mgt. R. E. Johnston. Knabe Piano. SYMPHONY Society of New York WALTER DAMROSCH, Conductor. Tu'm'w (Fri.) Aft. 3:15. Next Sun. Aft., 3. KATHARINE GOODSON, Pianist. JACQUES RENARD, 'Cellist. SYMPHONY NO. 2. JEAN SIBELIUS. Seats at Box Office, Aeolian Hall.

HIPPODROME, SUN. EVE., FEB. 1ST. TETRAZZINI TITTA RUFFO Seats $1, $1.50, $2, $2.50. Now on Sale. Mgt. Wolfsohn Bureau. (Hardman Piano.)

HARRIS THEATRE, Monday Mat., Feb. 2 The French Drama Society Presents in French With YORSKA LA GIOCONDA

DON'T MISS "LES MERCREDIS" MATINEES Carnegie Hall, Sat. Aft., Jan. 31st, at 2:30 Violin Recital—MISCHA ELMAN Tickets 75c. to $2.00. Now at Box Office. Mgt. Wolfsohn Bureau. Steinway Piano.

Zadora entirely recovered. His postponed Piano recital This Afternoon at Aeolian Hall. Mgt. Edelman & Gouldon. Mason & Hamlin Piano.

OPERA & Theatre Tickets (Downstairs,) 1418 B'way. Seats for Caruso in "BOHEME" & "TOSCA." Kaiserhof Ticket Office, op. Met. Op. House. Tel. Bryant 3830-3831. Subs. Bought. Seats for TETRAZZINI & TITTA RUFFO.

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OPERA THEATRE TICKETS. Choice seats obtainable Jacobs' Ticket Office, B'way, 38th St. Normandie Hotel. Greeley 4189.

IRVING PLACE THEATRE To-night, KAISERNENLUFT; Fri., Prof. Bernhardt; Sat. Mat., Weisse Rose; Sat. Ev., Heidenkaiser.

MURRAY HILL. Evenings 8:15. AMERICAN Mat. To-day. BURLESQUE BEAUTIES.

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or April for your Spring hat when you can buy the new Spring styles at Truly Warner's in advance and get that much more wear out of your hat. Among the advanced styles shown by Truly Warner is the new University Club ¾ silk lined droop brim derby. It's a very becoming style—$2.00. Stores everywhere. Mail order charges prepaid.

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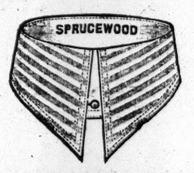

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WE want to impress one thing on your mind about this Sale—
Don't judge the bargains we offer by the prices.
Mere lowness of price is not the measure of the bargain—
It is what you get for what you pay that counts.
And we are offering at greatly reduced prices
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the extra values we offer are infinitely greater.

375 were $20.00, 523 were 22.50, 364 were 25.00 —NOW $15

1069 were $25.00, 854 were 28.00, 732 were 30.00, 214 were 35.00 —NOW $18

785 were $35.00, 542 were 40.00, 208 were 45.00 —NOW $25

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ALHAMBRA DAILY MAT. 25c — Louis Mann & Co., Kathleen Clifford, Connolly & Wenrich, Will Rogers, others.

Palace B'way and 47th St. 2,000 Mat. Seats, 50c. — HYAMS & McINTYRE. NEIL KENYON, Adele Ritchie, "The Trained Nurses," with Clark & Bergman, others.

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CARNEGIE LYCEUM. Daily inc. Sund. 2:15 & 8:15. Mats. 25-50. Nhts. 25-$1.00. VICTOR HUGO'S LES MISERABLES The Photo Play that Electrified Paris.

REPUBLIC 42d St. W. of B'way. Daily 2-4-7-9 P. M. ADM. 25c UNIVERSAL FILM CO. PRESENTS TRAFFIC IN SOULS

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MAJESTIC Last Matinee Saturday. AT BAY With Guy Standing and Chrystal Herne. Next—Little Miss Brown.

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After Theatre Supper including the famous Boulevard specialties is served in the Main Dining Room on 41st St. The Grill Room Cafe and Broadway entrance will open soon.

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Afternoon Dancing from Four. Special daily service includes: Luncheon, 60c; Dinner, $1.00.

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Broadway at 42d Street

FRIDAY, JANUARY 30TH AMATEUR DANCING CONTEST

Silver Cups and other worth-while prizes. Visiting New York without dining at the Cafe de Paris would be like going to Egypt and not seeing the Pyramids. The one is just as much a part of New York as the other is of Egypt.

Dinner 6 to 9, $1.50.

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ROOMS FOR MEN. Connecting Baths. RESTAURANT.		$8 & $9 Weekly. Club Breakfast, a la Carte and Table d'Hote.	

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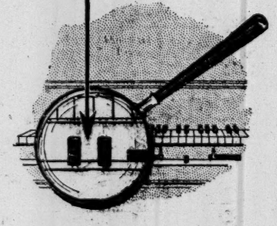

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